

MiniSKiiP® 2 PIM
1200V / 25A
Features

- Solderless interconnection
- Trench Fieldstop IGBT4 technology

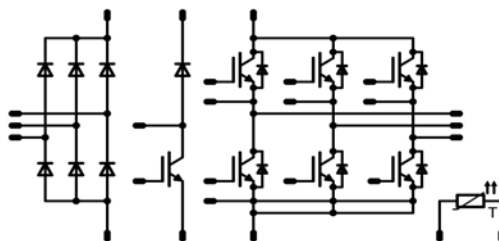
Target Applications

- Industrial Motor Drives

Types

- V23990-K229-A40-PM

MiniSKiiP® 2 housing

Schematic


Maximum Ratings

 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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D8,D9,D10,D11,D12,D13

Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1600	V
DC forward current	I_{FAV}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	40 40	A
Surge forward current	I_{FSM}	$t_p = 10\text{ms}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	270	A
I^2t -value	I^2t		360	A^2s
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	56 85	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		150	$^\circ\text{C}$

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7

Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		1200	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	33 40	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{Cpulse}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	75	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_h = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	89 135	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC} V_{CC}	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	10 800	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
DC forward current	I_{F}	$T_j=T_{j\text{max}}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	25 32	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	$t_p=10\text{ms}$ half sine	160	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{j\text{max}}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	62 95	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{j\text{max}}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{op}		-40...+($T_{j\text{max}}$ - 25)	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V_{is}	$t=2\text{s}$ DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance			min 12.7	mm
Clearance			min 12.7	mm

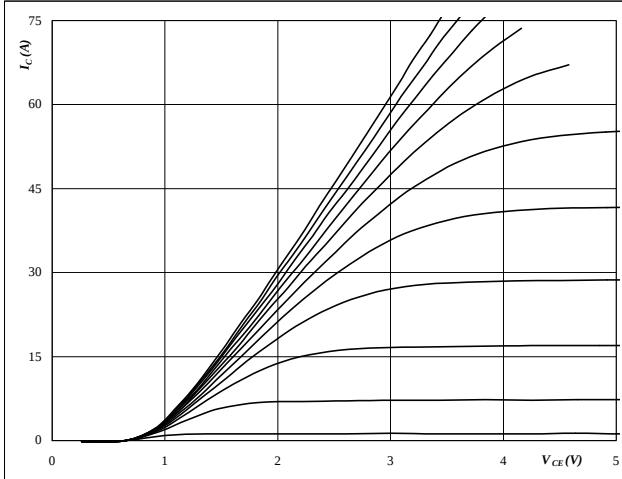
Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			$V_{GE}[V]$ or $V_{GS}[V]$	$V_r[V]$ or $V_{CE}[V]$ or $V_{DS}[V]$	$I_C[A]$ or $I_F[A]$ or $I_D[A]$	T_j	Min	Typ	Max	
D8,D9,D10,D11,D12,D13										
Forward voltage	V_F				25	$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=125^{\circ}C$	0,8	1,08 1,03	1,35	V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	V_{th}					$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=125^{\circ}C$		0,9 0,78		V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	r_t					$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=125^{\circ}C$		18 21		mΩ
Reverse current	I_r			1500		$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=125^{\circ}C$			0,01 1,1	mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50µm λ=1W/mK						1,25		K/W
T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,00085	$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		25	$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$	1,35	1,88 2,2	2,15	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. diode	I_{CES}		0	1200		$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$			0,05	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$			300	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}							-		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff}=32\Omega$ $R_{gon}=32\Omega$	±15	600	25	$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$		112 113		ns
Rise time	t_r					$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$		29,3 34,7		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$		231 303		
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$		91 137		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$		1,87 2,77		mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}					$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$		1,49 2,43		
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	f=1MHz	0	25		$T_j=25^{\circ}C$		1430		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}							115		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}							85		
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=960V$	15		40	$T_j=25^{\circ}C$		120		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50µm λ=1W/mK						1,2		K/W
D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7										
Diode forward voltage	V_F				25	$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$	1,5	2,47 2,49	2,75	V
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}	$R_{gon}=32\Omega$	±15	600	25	$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$		13,5 18,3		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$		319 544		ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$		1,48 3,69		µC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)_{max}/dt$					$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$		174 64		A/µs
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					$T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$		0,52 1,44		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50µm λ=1W/mK						1,52		K/W
Thermistor										
Rated resistance	R					T=25°C		1000		Ω
Deviation of R100	ΔR/R	R100=1670 Ω				T=100°C	-3		3	%
R100	P					T=100°C		1670,313		Ω
Power dissipation constant						T=25°C				mW/K
A-value	B(25/50)	Tol. %				T=25°C		7,635*10-3		1/K
B-value	B(25/100)	Tol. %				T=25°C		1,731*10-5		1/K²
Vincotech NTC Reference									E	

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7
Figure 1 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

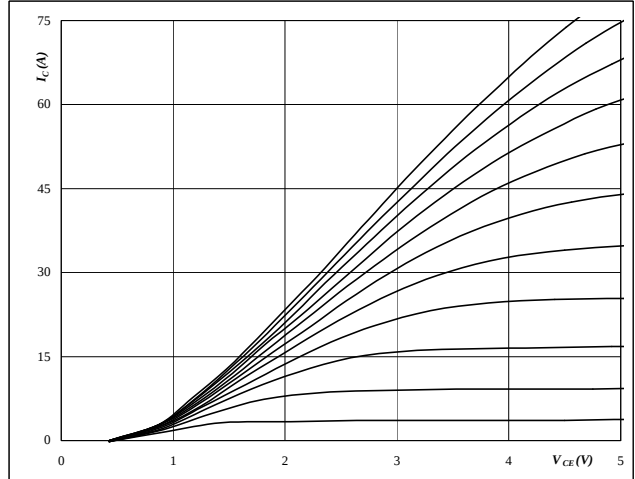

At

$t_p = 250 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$
 $T_J = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

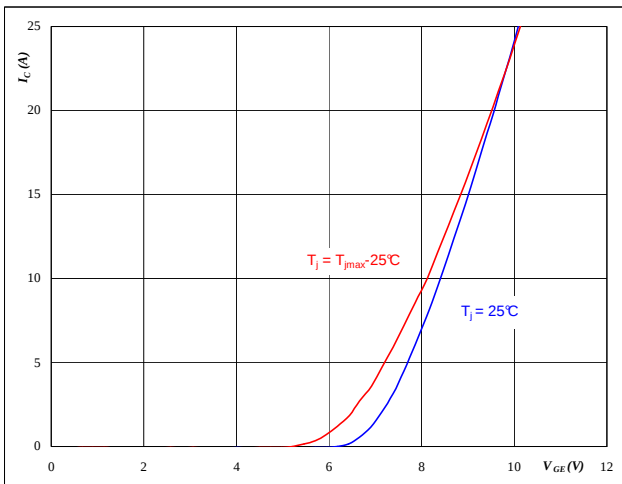

At

$t_p = 250 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$
 $T_J = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

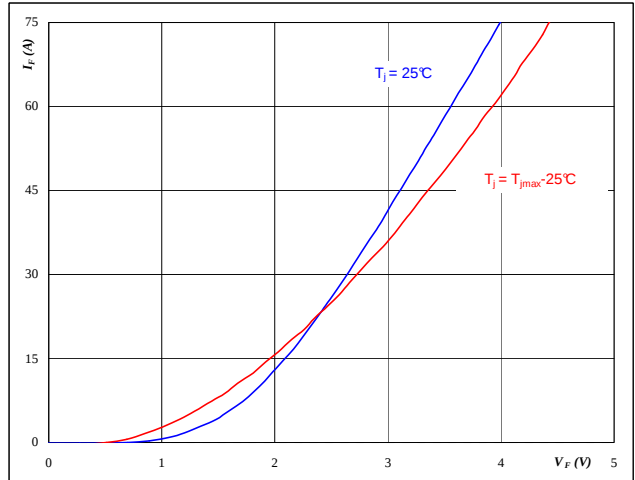

At

$t_p = 250 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 4 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

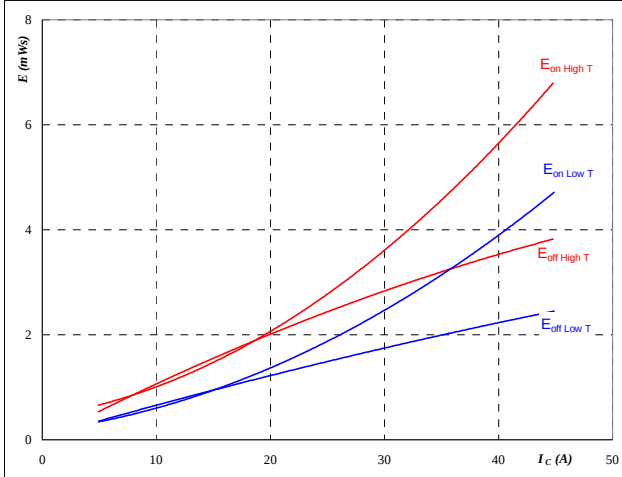

At

$t_p = 250 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7
Figure 5 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current**

$$E = f(I_C)$$



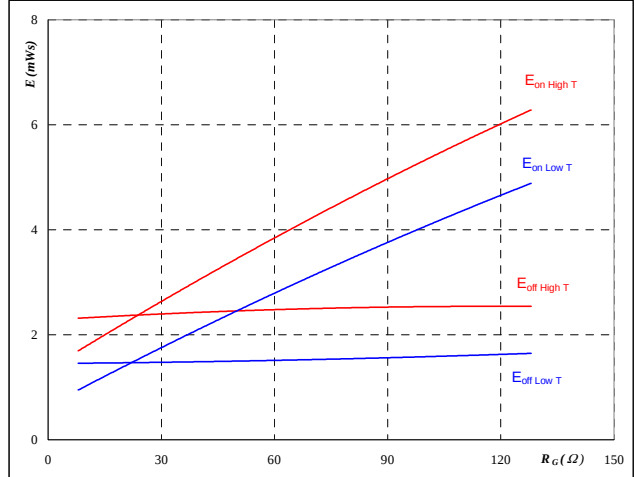
With an inductive load at

$T_J = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 32$ Ω

Figure 6 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E = f(R_G)$$



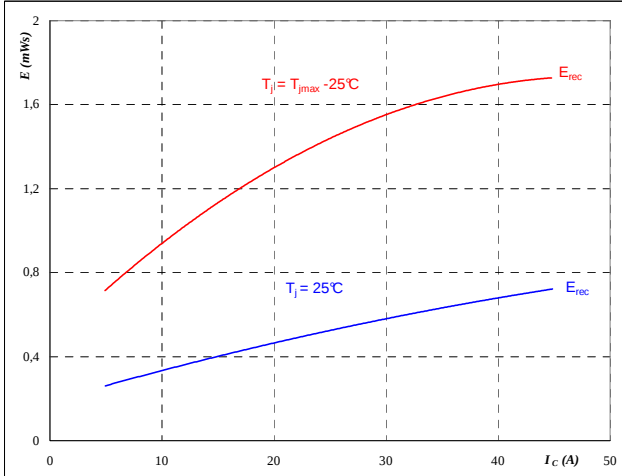
With an inductive load at

$T_J = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 25$ A

Figure 7 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current**

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



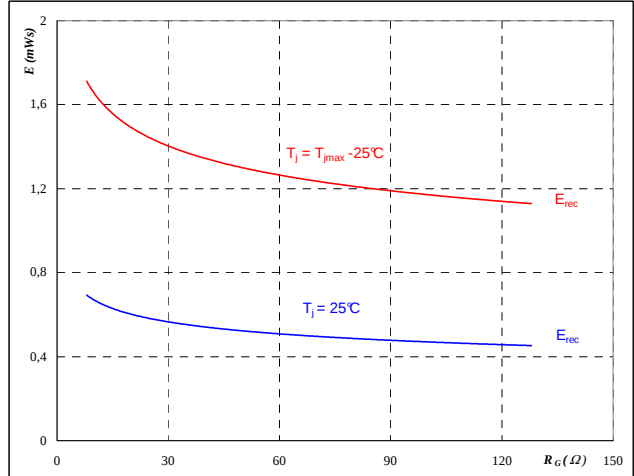
With an inductive load at

$T_J = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω

Figure 8 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



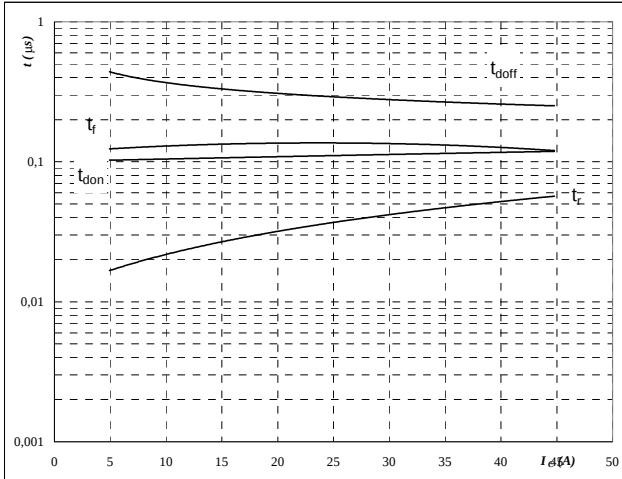
With an inductive load at

$T_J = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 25$ A

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7
Figure 9 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



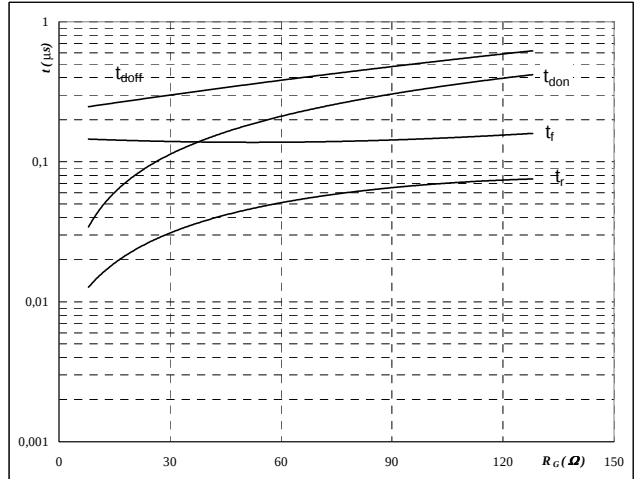
With an inductive load at

$T_J = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 32$ Ω

Figure 10 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



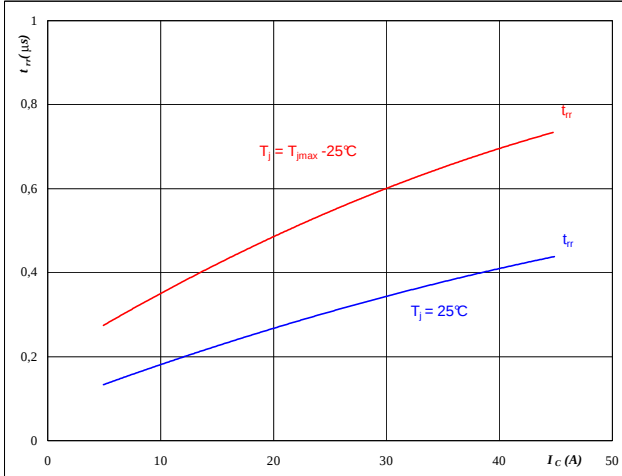
With an inductive load at

$T_J = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 25$ A

Figure 11 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



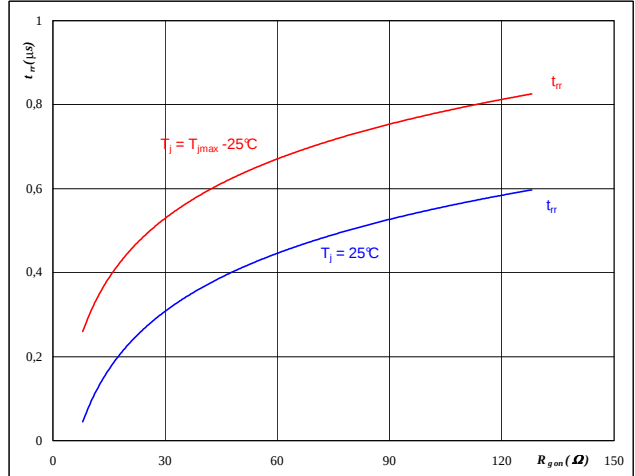
At

$T_J = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω

Figure 12 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



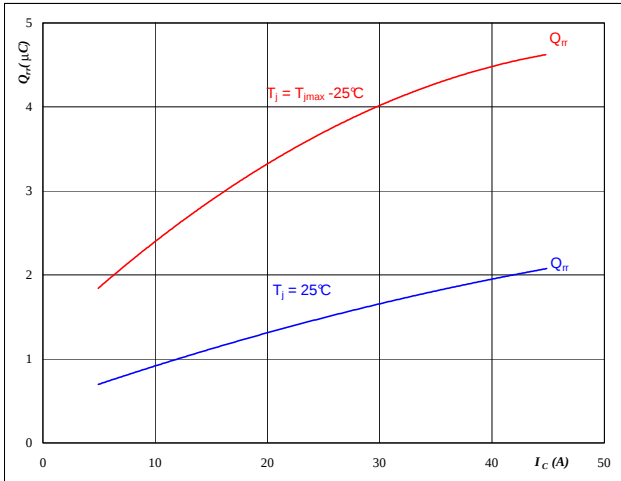
At

$T_J = 25/150$ °C
 $V_R = 600$ V
 $I_F = 25$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7
Figure 13 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



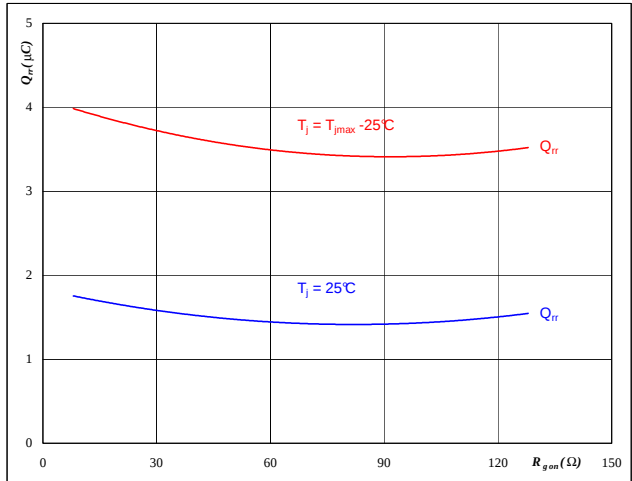
At

$T_j = 25/150^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 32\ \Omega$

Figure 14 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



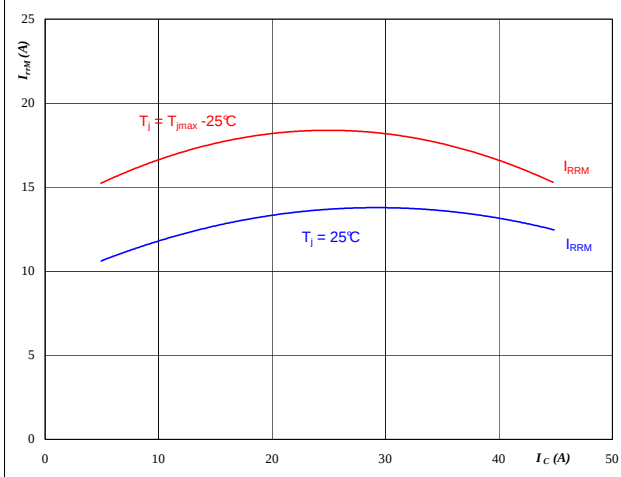
At

$T_j = 25/150^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 600\text{ V}$
 $I_F = 25\text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$

Figure 15 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$



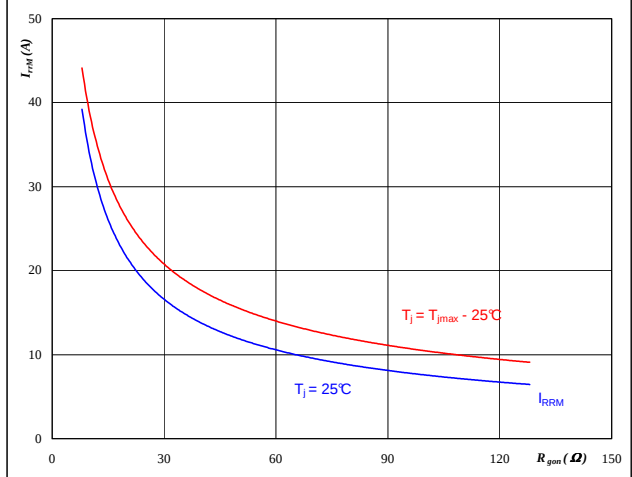
At

$T_j = 25/150^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 32\ \Omega$

Figure 16 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



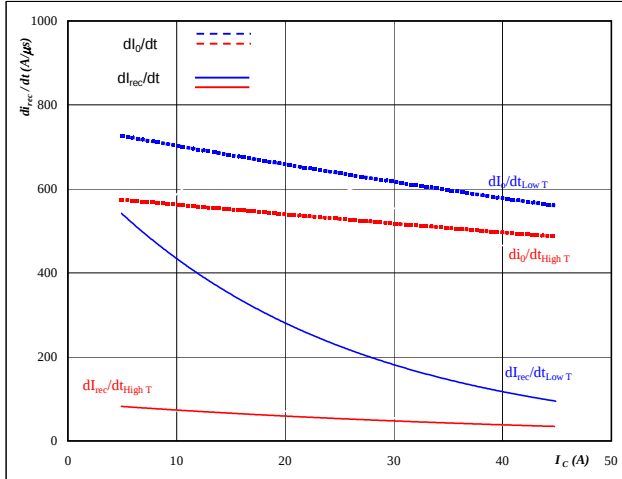
At

$T_j = 25/150^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 600\text{ V}$
 $I_F = 25\text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7
Figure 17 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of collector current

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$$



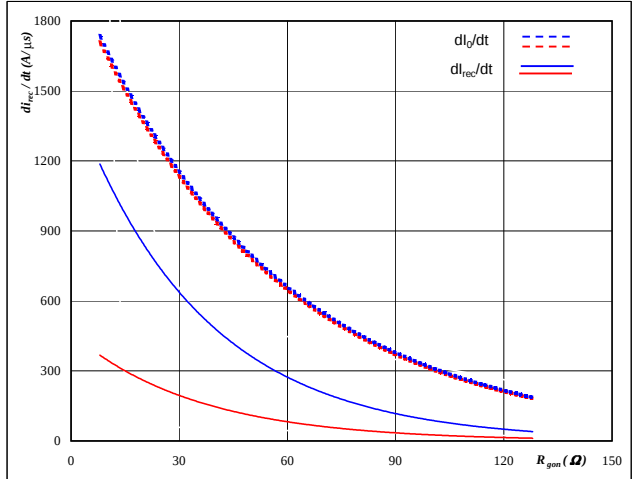
At

$T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω

Figure 18 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$



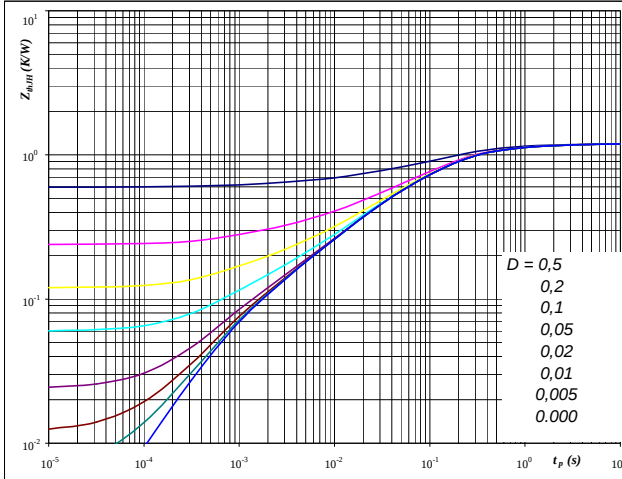
At

$T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_R = 600$ V
 $I_F = 25$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Figure 19 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At

$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,20$ K/W

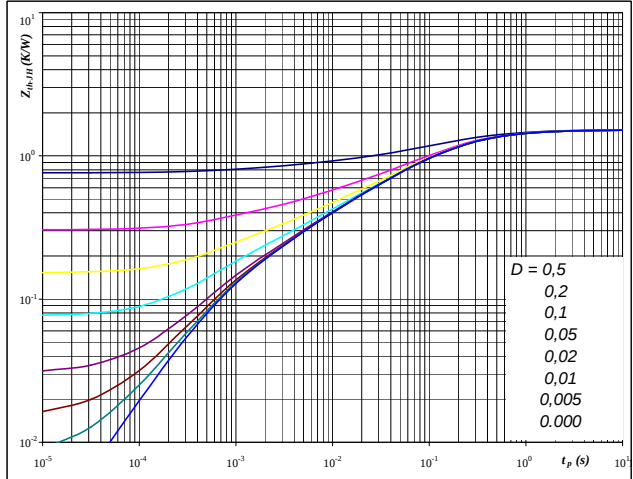
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,03	5,7E+00
0,14	8,1E-01
0,51	1,6E-01
0,27	4,9E-02
0,17	1,0E-02
0,07	9,8E-04

Figure 20 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At

$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,52$ K/W

FWD thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,03	9,3E+00
0,22	7,6E-01
0,63	1,5E-01
0,37	3,0E-02
0,17	4,4E-03
0,10	6,5E-04

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7
Figure 21 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

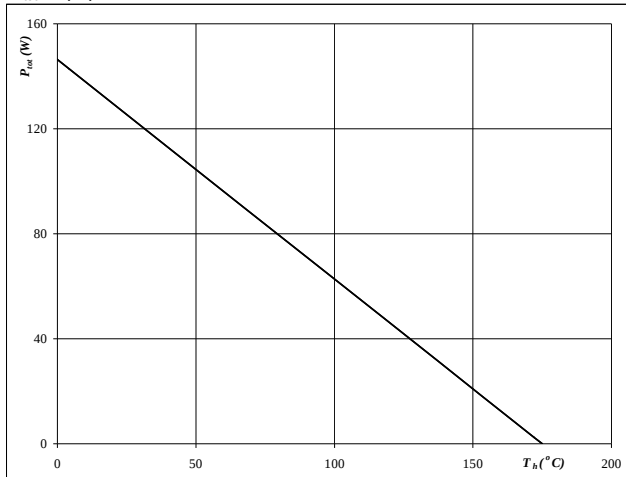

At
 $T_j = 175$ °C

Figure 22 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$

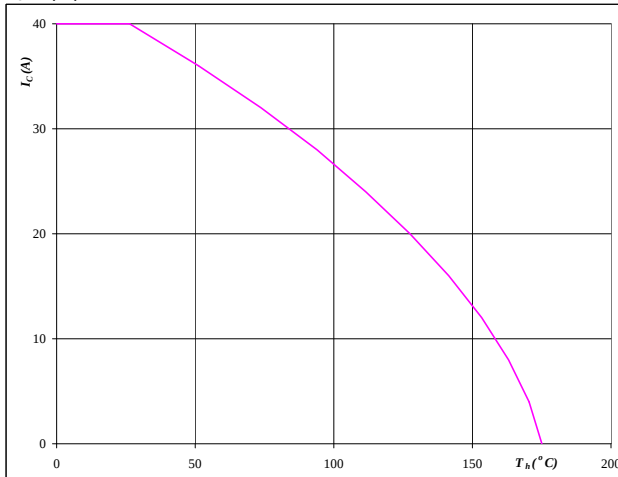

At
 $T_j = 175$ °C
 $V_{GE} = 15$ V

Figure 23 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

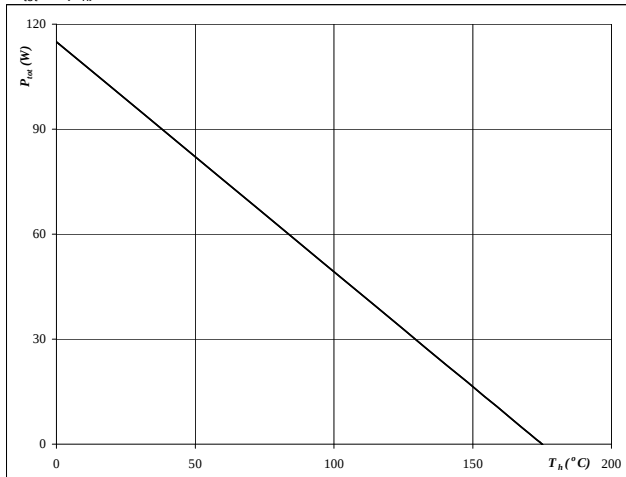
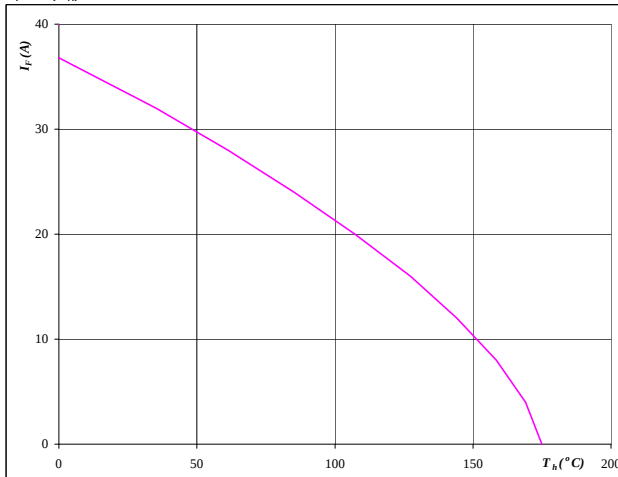

At
 $T_j = 175$ °C

Figure 24 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7 FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

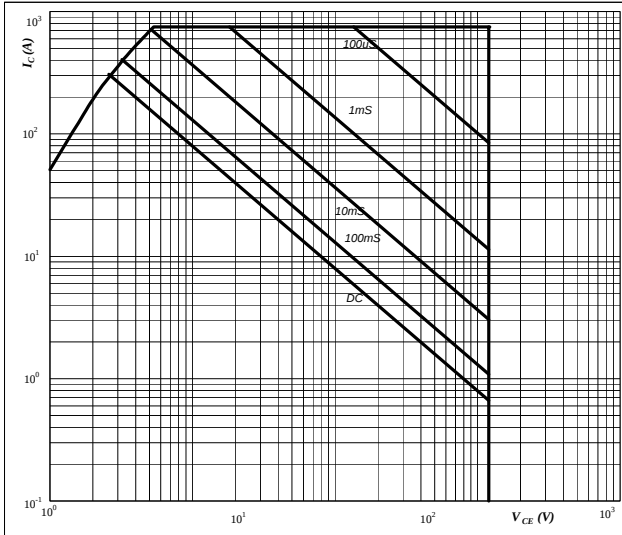

At
 $T_j = 175$ °C

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6,D7
Figure 25

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

**Safe operating area as a function
of collector-emitter voltage**

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$


At

D = single pulse

 $T_h = 80$ °C

 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

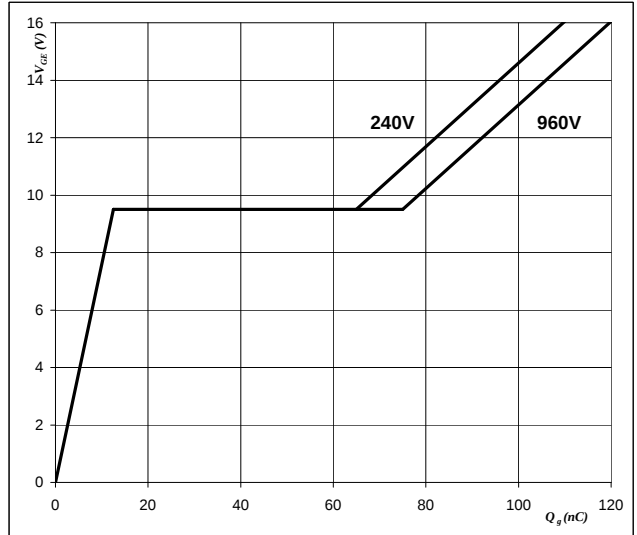
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$ °C

Figure 26

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6,T7 IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

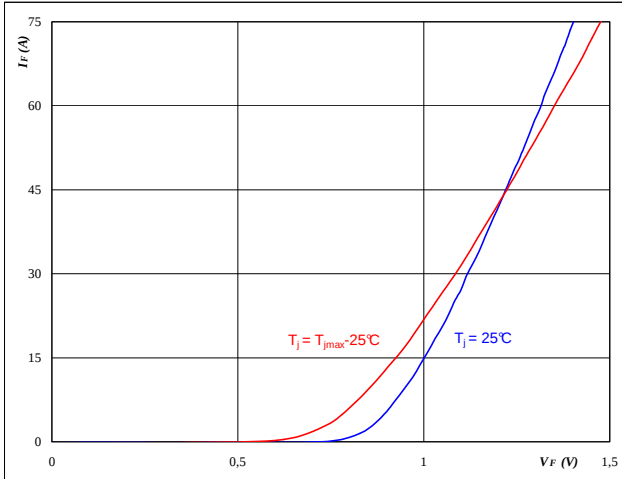
$$V_{GE} = f(Q_{GE})$$


At
 $I_C = 25$ A

D8,D9,D10,D11,D12,D13
Figure 1 D8,D9,D10,D11,D12,D13 diode

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

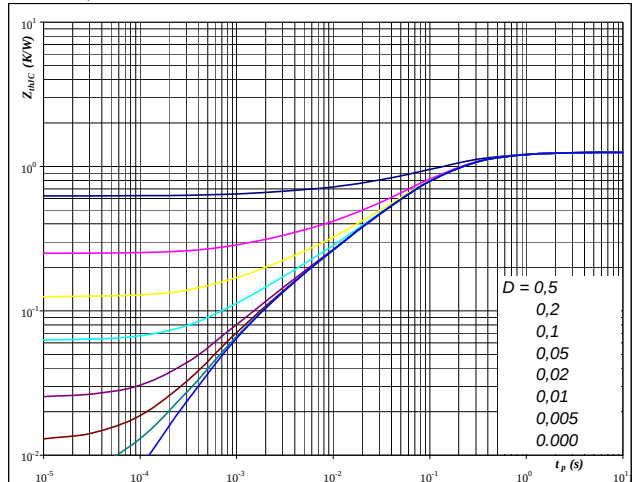


At
 $t_p = 250 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

Figure 2 D8,D9,D10,D11,D12,D13 diode

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$

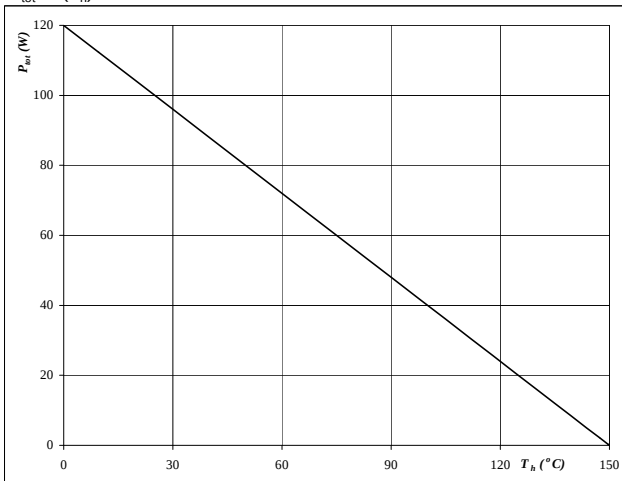


At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,250 \text{ K/W}$

Figure 3 D8,D9,D10,D11,D12,D13 diode

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

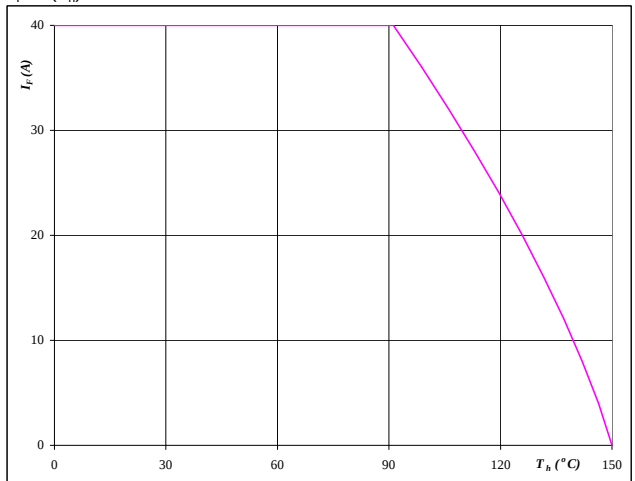


At
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

Figure 4 D8,D9,D10,D11,D12,D13 diode

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$



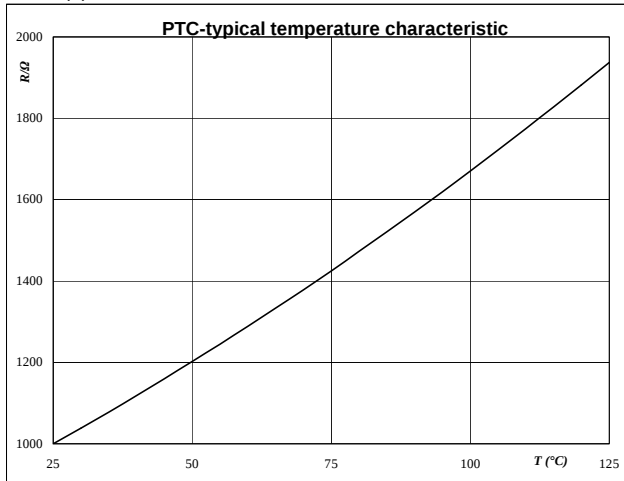
At
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

Thermistor

Figure 1 Thermistor

**Typical PTC characteristic
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$



Switching Definitions Output Inverter

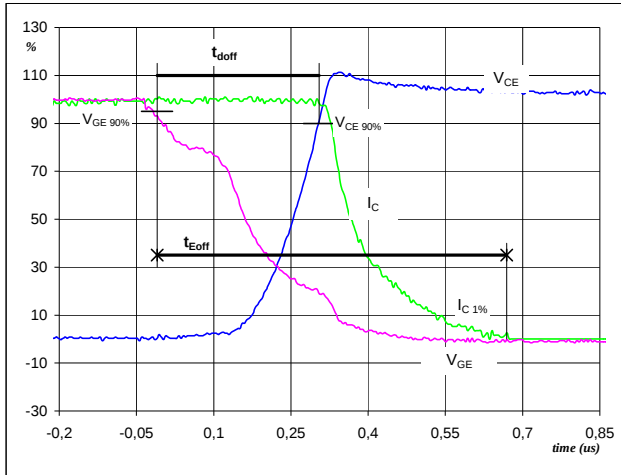
General conditions

T_j	=	150 °C
R_{gon}	=	32 Ω
R_{goff}	=	32 Ω

Figure 1 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}

(t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

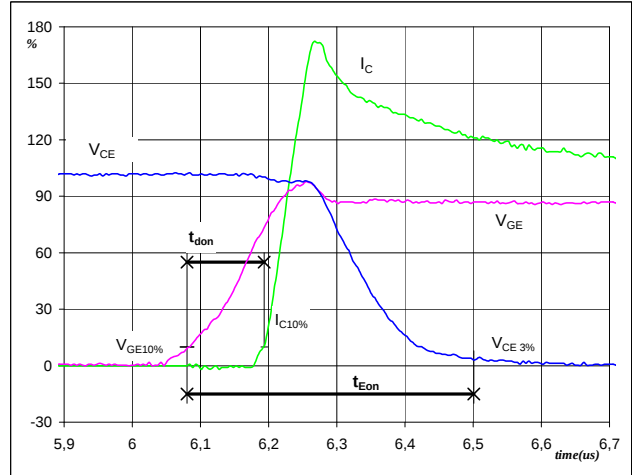


$V_{GE}(0\%)$	=	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%)$	=	15	V
$V_C(100\%)$	=	600	V
$I_C(100\%)$	=	25	A
t_{doff}	=	0,30	μ s
t_{Eoff}	=	0,68	μ s

Figure 2 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}

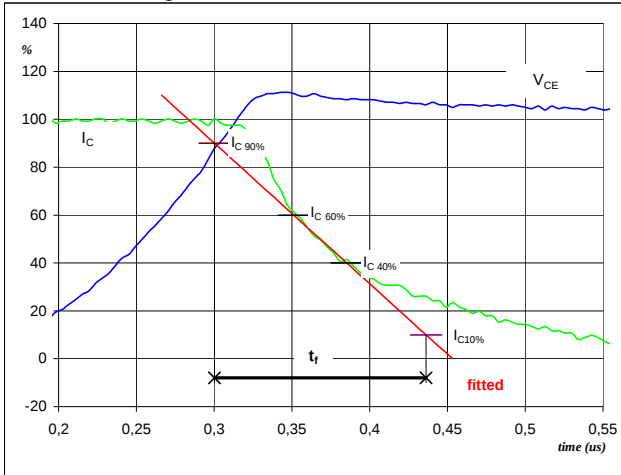
(t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})



$V_{GE}(0\%)$	=	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%)$	=	15	V
$V_C(100\%)$	=	600	V
$I_C(100\%)$	=	25	A
t_{don}	=	0,11	μ s
t_{Eon}	=	0,42	μ s

Figure 3 Output inverter IGBT

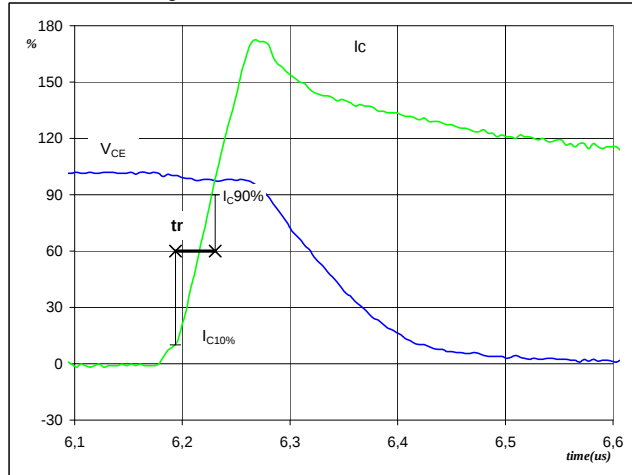
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f



$V_C(100\%)$	=	600	V
$I_C(100\%)$	=	25	A
t_f	=	0,14	μ s

Figure 4 Output inverter IGBT

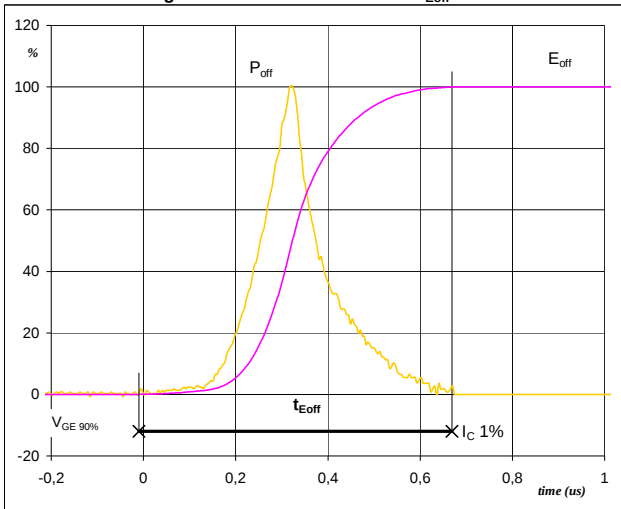
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r



$V_C(100\%)$	=	600	V
$I_C(100\%)$	=	25	A
t_r	=	0,03	μ s

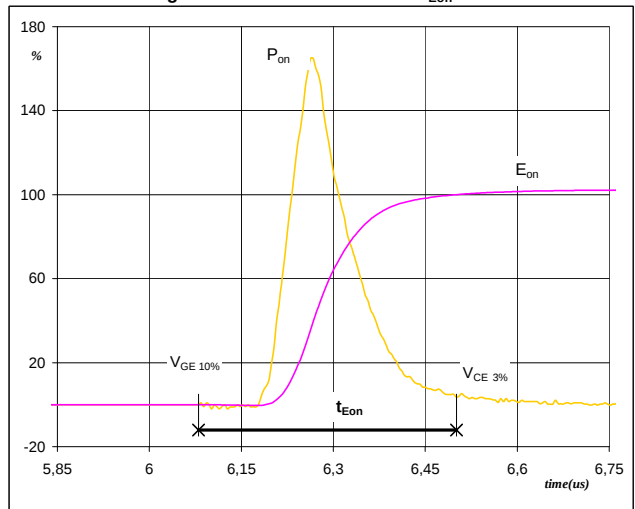
Switching Definitions Output Inverter

Figure 5 Output inverter IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}



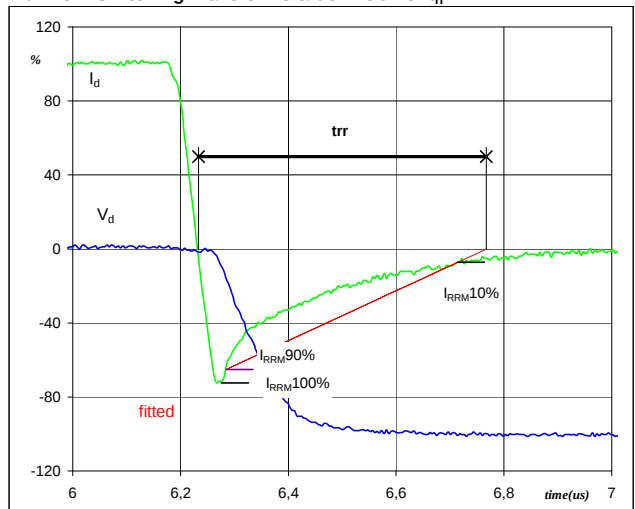
$P_{off} (100\%) = 14,95 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 2,43 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,68 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

Figure 6 Output inverter IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}



$P_{on} (100\%) = 14,95 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 2,77 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,42 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

Figure 7 Output inverter FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{tr}

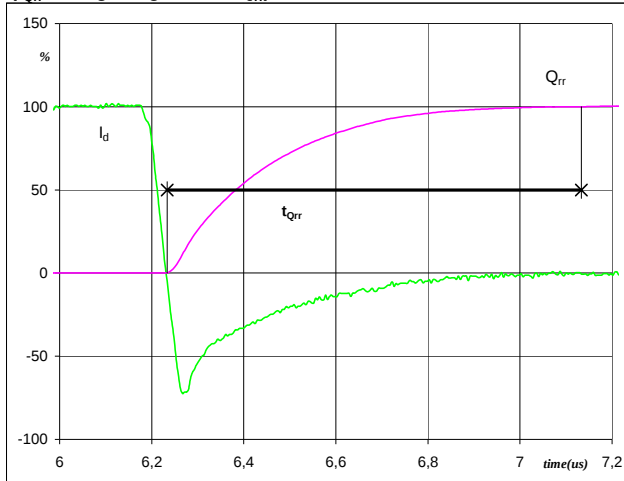


$V_d (100\%) = 600 \text{ V}$
 $I_d (100\%) = 25 \text{ A}$
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = 18 \text{ A}$
 $t_{tr} = 0,54 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

Switching Definitions Output Inverter

Figure 8 Output inverter FWD

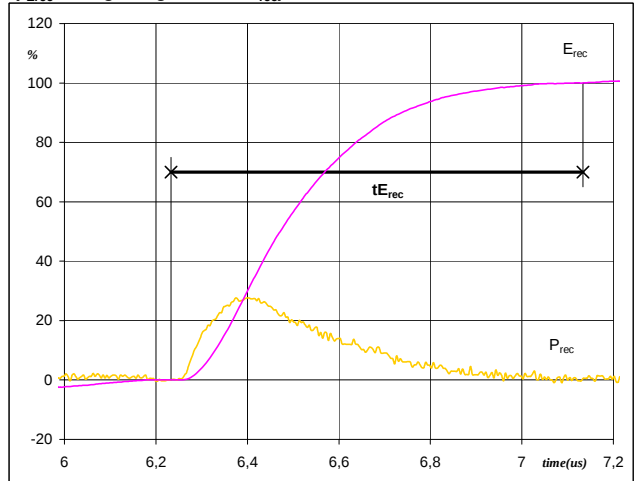
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 (t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})



I_d (100%) = 25 A
 Q_{rr} (100%) = 3,69 μ C
 t_{Qrr} = 0,90 μ s

Figure 9 Output inverter FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 (t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})



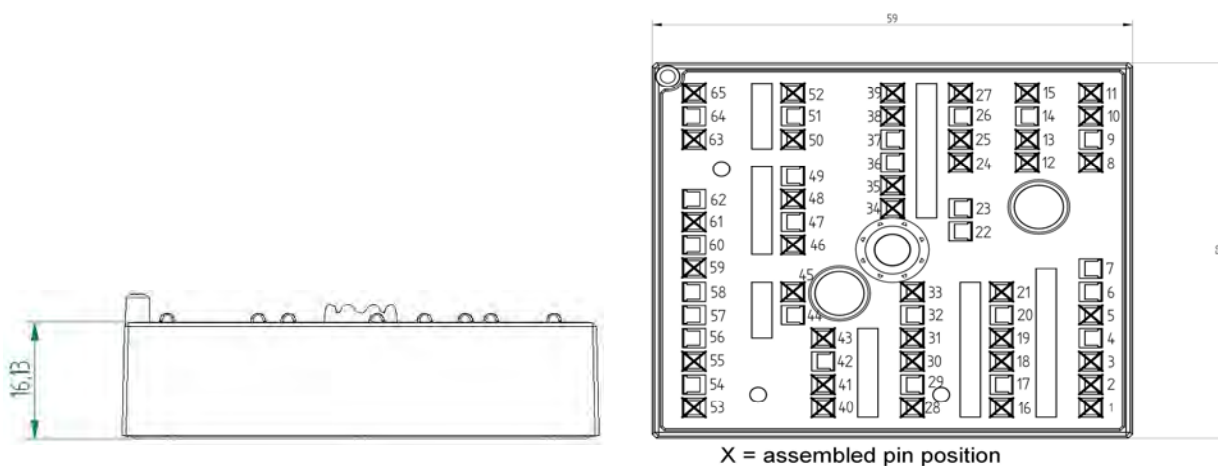
P_{rec} (100%) = 14,95 kW
 E_{rec} (100%) = 1,44 mJ
 t_{Erec} = 0,90 μ s

Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

Ordering Code & Marking

Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
with std lid (black V23990-K12-T-PM)	V23990-K229-A40-/0A/-PM	K229A40	K229A40-/0A/
with std lid (black V23990-K12-T-PM) and P12	V23990-K229-A40-/1A/-PM	K229A40	K229A40-/1A/
with thin lid (white V23990-K13-T-PM)	V23990-K229-A40-/0B/-PM	K229A40	K229A40-/0B/
with thin lid (white V23990-K13-T-PM) and P12	V23990-K229-A40-/1B/-PM	K229A40	K229A40-/1B/

Outline



Pinout

