

flow 90PIM 1 1200V/15A

V23990-P630-A-02-14

Maximum Ratings / Höchstzulässige Werte

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Datasheet values max.	Unit
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Input Rectifier Bridge
Gleichrichter

Repetitive peak reverse voltage Periodische Rückw. Spitzensperrspannung		V_{RRM}	1600	V
Forward current per diode Dauergrenzstrom	DC current $T_h=80^\circ\text{C};$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	I_{FAV}	35 40	A
Surge forward current Stoßstrom Grenzwert	$t_p=10\text{ms}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	I_{FSM}	200	A
I^2t -value Grenzlastintegral	$t_p=10\text{ms}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	I^2t	200	A2s
Power dissipation per Diode Verlustleistung pro Diode	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	44 66	W
max. Chip temperature max. Chiptemperatur		T_{jmax}	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Transistor Inverter
Transistor Wechselrichter

Collector-emitter break down voltage Kollektor-Emitter-Sperrspannung		V_{CE}	1200	V
DC collector current Kollektor-Dauergleichstrom	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C},$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	I_C	20 20	A
Repetitive peak collector current Periodischer Kollektorspitzenstrom	tp limited by T_j max	I_{cpuls}	45	A
Power dissipation per IGBT Verlustleistung pro IGBT	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	41 63	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage Gate-Emitter-Spitzenspannung		V_{GE}	± 20	V
SC withstand time* Kurzschlußverhalten*	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CE}=900\text{V}$	t_{SC}	10	us
max. Chip temperature max. Chiptemperatur		T_{jmax}	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Diode Inverter
Diode Wechselrichter

DC forward current Dauergleichstrom	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C},$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	I_F	18 20	A
Repetitive peak forward current Periodischer Spitzenstrom	tp limited by T_j max	I_{FRM}	30	A
Power dissipation per Diode Verlustleistung pro Diode	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	33 50	W
max. Chip temperature max. Chiptemperatur		T_{jmax}	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

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Maximum Ratings / Höchstzulässige Werte

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Datasheet values max.	Unit
Transistor BRC				
Transistor Wechselrichter				
Collector-emitter break down voltage Kollektor-Emitter-Sperrspannung		V_{CE}	1200	V
DC collector current Kollektor-Dauergleichstrom	$T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_C	13 16	A
Repetitive peak collector current Periodischer Kollektorspitzenstrom	$t_p=1\text{ms}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_{cpuls}	24	A
Power dissipation per IGBT Verlustleistung pro IGBT	$T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	32 49	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage Gate-Emitter-Spitzenspannung		V_{GE}	± 20	V
SC withstand time Kurzschlußverhalten	$T_j \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{CE}=900\text{ V}$	t_{SC}	10	us
max. Chip temperature max. Chiptemperatur		T_{jmax}	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Diode BRC
Diode BRC

DC forward current Dauergleichstrom	$T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_F	10 10	A
Repetitive peak forward current Periodischer Spitzenstrom	$t_p=1\text{ms}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_{FRM}	15	A
Power dissipation per Diode Verlustleistung pro Diode	$T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	28 43	W
max. Chip temperature max. Chiptemperatur		T_{jmax}	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Thermal properties
Thermische Eigenschaften

Storage temperature Lagertemperatur		T_{stg}	-40...+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operation temperature Betriebstemperatur		T_{op}	-40...+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Insulation properties
Modulisation

Insulation voltage Isolationsspannung	$t=1\text{min}$	V_{is}	4000	Vdc
Creepage distance Kriechstrecke			min 12,7	mm
Clearance Luftstrecke			min 12,7	mm

Additional notes and remarks:

* Allowed number of short circuits must be less than 1000 times, and time duration between short circuits should be more than 1 second!

Characteristic values/ Charakteristische Werte

Description	Symbol	Conditions					Datasheet values			Unit
		T(°C)	Other conditions (Rgon-Rgoff)	VGE(V) VGS(V)	VCE(V) VDS(V)	IC(A) IF(A) Id(A)	Min	Typ	Max	
Input Rectifier Bridge										
Gleichrichter										
Forward voltage Durchlaßspannung	V _F					30		1,24 1,19	1,5	V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only) Schleusenspannung	V _{to}					30		0,91 0,8		V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only) Ersatzwiderstand	r _t					30		0,011 0,013		Ohm
Reverse current Sperrstrom	I _r				1500				0,01	mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	R _{thJH}		Thermal grease thickness≤50um					1,59		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Gehäuse pro Chip	R _{thJC}		Warmeleitpaste Dicke≤50um λ = 0,61 W/mK					1,0494		

Transistor Inverter
Transistor Wechselrichter

Gate emitter threshold voltage Gate-Schwellenspannung	$V_{GE(th)}$	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,0006	5	5,8	6,5	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage Kollektor-Emitter Sättigungsspannung	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$		15		15		1,68 1,88	2,2	V
Collector-emitter cut-off Kollektor-Emitter Reststrom	I_{CES}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$		0	1200				0,25	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current Gate-Emitter Reststrom	I_{GES}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$		20	0				200	nA
Integrated Gate resistor Integrierter Gate Widerstand	R_{gint}							none		Ohm
Turn-on delay time Einschaltverzögerungszeit	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	$R_{goff}=64\ \Omega$ $R_{gon}=64\ \Omega$	± 15	600	15		210		ns
Rise time Anstiegszeit	t_r	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	$R_{goff}=64\ \Omega$ $R_{gon}=64\ \Omega$	± 15	600	15		27		ns
Turn-off delay time Abschaltverzögerungszeit	$t_{d(off)}$	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	$R_{goff}=64\ \Omega$ $R_{gon}=64\ \Omega$	± 15	600	15		387		ns
Fall time Fallzeit	t_f	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	$R_{goff}=64\ \Omega$ $R_{gon}=64\ \Omega$	± 15	600	15		192		ns
Turn-on energy loss per pulse Einschaltverlustenergie pro Puls	E_{on}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	$R_{goff}=64\ \Omega$ $R_{gon}=64\ \Omega$	± 15	600	15		1,881		mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse Abschaltverlustenergie pro Puls	E_{off}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	$R_{goff}=64\ \Omega$ $R_{gon}=64\ \Omega$	± 15	600	15		1,674		mWs
SC withstand time Kurzschlußverhalten	t_{SC}									us
Input capacitance Eingangskapazität	C_{ies}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	f=1MHz	0	25			1,09		nF
Output capacitance Ausgangskapazität	C_{oss}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	f=1MHz	0	25			0,06		nF
Reverse transfer capacitance Rückwirkungskapazität	C_{rss}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	f=1MHz	0	25			0,05		nF
Gate charge Gate Ladung	Q_{Gate}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$		± 15				tbd		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	$R_{th,JH}$		Thermal grease thickness≤50um					1,7		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Gehäuse pro Chip	$R_{th,JC}$		Warmeileitpaste Dicke≤50um $\lambda = 0,61$ W/mK					1,12		K/W

Diode Inverter
Diode Wechselrichter

Diode forward voltage Durchlaßspannung	V_F	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$				15		1,76 1,72	2,2	V
Peak reverse recovery current Rückstromspitze	I_{RM}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	$dI/dt = 63\ A/us$	0	600	15		14,89		A
Reverse recovery time Sperrverzögerungszeit	t_{rr}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	$dI/dt = 63\ A/us$	0	600	15		560,5		ns
Reverse recovered charge Sperrverzögerungsladung	Q_{rr}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	$dI/dt = 63\ A/us$	0	600	15		3,22		uC
Reverse recovered energy Sperrverzögerungsenergie	E_{rec}	$T_J=25^{\circ}C$ $T_J=125^{\circ}C$	$dI/dt = 63\ A/us$	0	600	15		1,27		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	$R_{th,JH}$		Thermal grease thickness≤50um					2,14		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Gehäuse pro Chip	$R_{th,JC}$		Warmeileitpaste Dicke≤50um $\lambda = 0,61$ W/mK					1,41		K/W

Characteristic values/ Charakteristische Werte

Description	Symbol	Conditions					Datasheet values			Unit
		T(C°)	Other conditions (Rgon-Rgoff)	VGE(V) VGS(V)	VCE(V) VDS(V)	IC(A) IF(A) Id(A)	Min	Typ	Max	
Transistor BRC										
Transistor BRC										
Gate emitter threshold voltage Gate-Schwellenspannung	V _{GE(th)}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	VCE=VGE			0,0003	4,5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage Kollektor-Emitter Sättigungsspannung	V _{CE(sat)}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		15		8		1,63 1,83	2,2	V
Collector-emitter cut-off Kollektor-Emitter Reststrom	I _{CES}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		0	1200				0,05	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current Gate-Emitter Reststrom	I _{GES}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C		20	0				200	nA
Integrated Gate resistor Integrierter Gate Widerstand	R _{gint}									Ohm
Turn-on delay time Einschaltverzögerungszeit	t _{d(on)}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgon=64Ω Rgoff=64Ω	15	600	8		129,5		ns
Rise time Anstiegszeit	t _r	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgon=64Ω Rgoff=64Ω	15	600	8		23		ns
Turn-off delay time Abschaltverzögerungszeit	t _{d(off)}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgon=64Ω Rgoff=64Ω	15	600	8		324,7		ns
Fall time Fallzeit	t _f	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgon=64Ω Rgoff=64Ω	15	600	8		204,5		ns
Turn-on energy loss per pulse Einschaltverlustenergie pro Puls	E _{on}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgon=64Ω Rgoff=64Ω	15	600	8		0,83		uWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse Abschaltverlustenergie pro Puls	E _{off}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	Rgon=64Ω Rgoff=64Ω	15	600	8		0,9		uWs
SC withstand time Kurzschlußverhalten	t _{sc}									us
Input capacitance Eingangskapazität	C _{iss}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	f=1MHz	0	25			0,61		nF
Output capacitance Ausgangskapazität	C _{oss}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	f=1MHz	0	25			0,04		nF
Reverse transfer capacitance Rückwirkungskapazität	C _{ies}	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C	f=1MHz	0	25			0,03		nF
Gate charge Gate Ladung	Qgate	T _J =25°C T _J =125°C						tbd		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	R _{th,jh}		Thermal grease thickness≤50um Wärmeleitpaste Dicke≤50um λ = 0,61 W/mK					2,16 1,4256		K/W

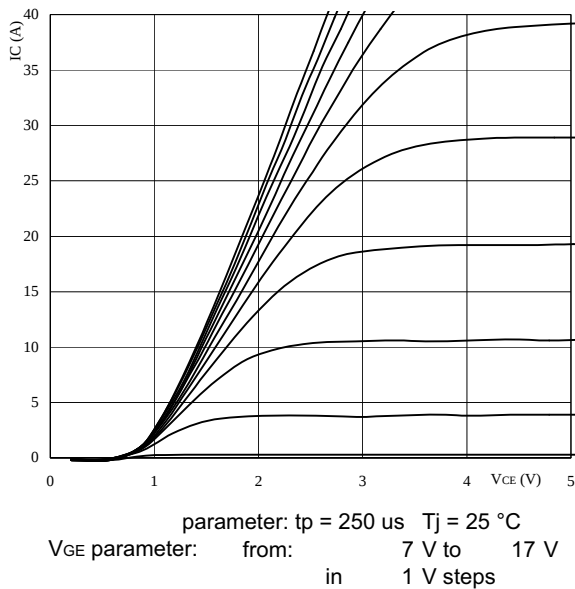
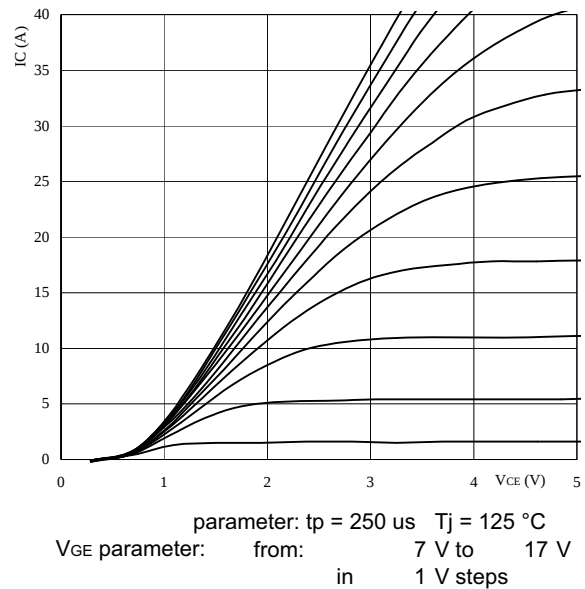
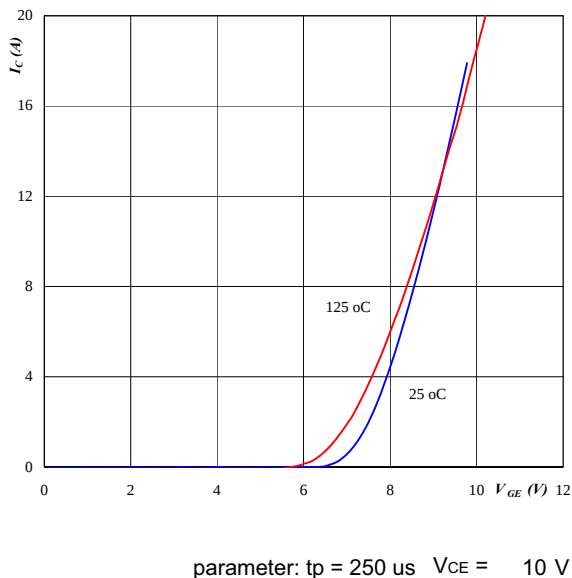
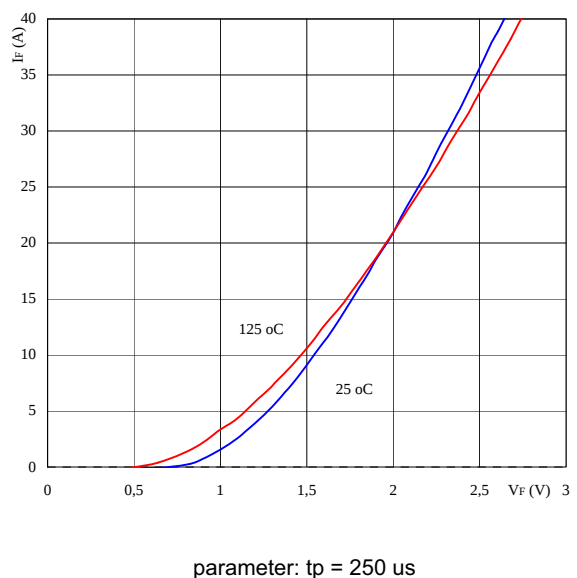
Diode BRC
Diode BRC

Diode forward voltage Durchlaßspannung	V_F	TJ=25°C TJ=125°C				7,5		1,68 1,64	2,3	V
Reverse current Sperrstrom	I_r	TJ=25°C TJ=125°C			1200				0,06	uA
Reverse recovery time Sperrverzögerungszeit	t_{rr}	TJ=25°C TJ=125°C	Rgon=64Ω	15	600	8		486,2		ns
Reverse recovered charge Sperrverzögerungsladung	Q_{rr}	TJ=25°C TJ=125°C	Rgon=64Ω	15	600	8		1,71		uC
Reverse recovery energy Sperrverzögerungsenergie	E_{rec}	TJ=25°C TJ=125°C	Rgon=64Ω	15	600	8				uWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	$R_{th,jh}$		Thermal grease thickness≤50um Wärmeleitpaste Dicke≤50um λ = 0,61 W/mK					2,49 1,6434		K/W

NTC-Thermistor
NTC-Widerstand

Rated resistance Nennwiderstand	R_{25}	TJ=25°C	Tol. ±5%				20,9	22	23,1	kOhm
Deviation of R100 Abweichung von R100	$D_{R/R}$	Tc=100°C	R100=1503Ω					2,9		%/K
Power dissipation given Epcos-Typ Verlustleistung Epcos-Typ angeben	P	TJ=25°C						210		mW
B-value B-Wert	$B_{(25/100)}$	TJ=25°C	Tol. ±3%					3980		K

Output inverter

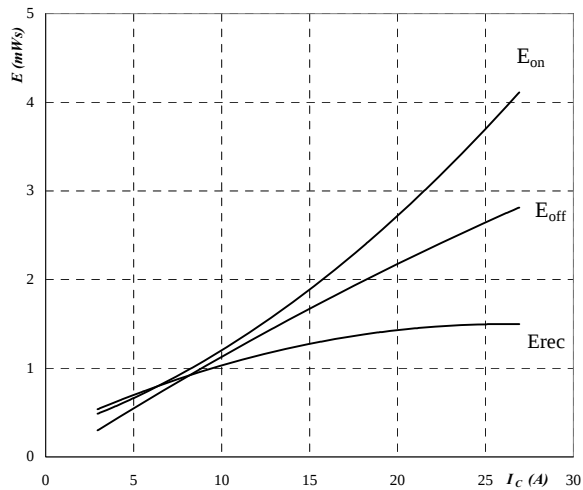
Figure 1. Typical output characteristics
Output inverter IGBT
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$

Figure 2. Typical output characteristics
Output inverter IGBT
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$

Figure 3. Typical transfer characteristics
Output inverter IGBT
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$

Figure 4. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage
Output inverter FRED
 $I_F = f(V_F)$


Output inverter

Figure 5. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

Output inverter IGBT

$$E = f(I_C)$$



inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$

$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$

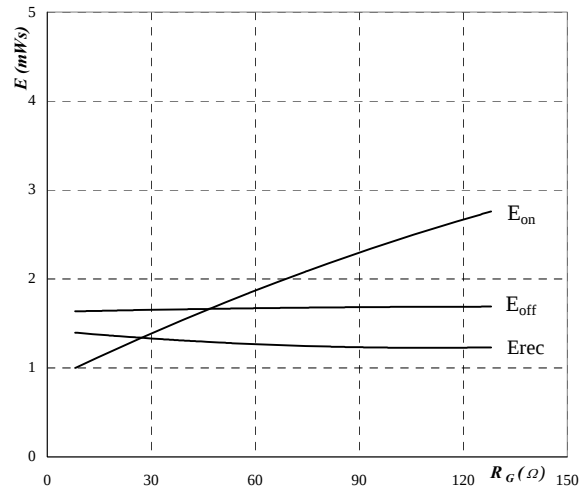
$R_{gon} = 64\ \Omega$

$R_{goff} = 64\ \Omega$

Figure 6. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

Output inverter IGBT

$$E = f(R_G)$$



inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$

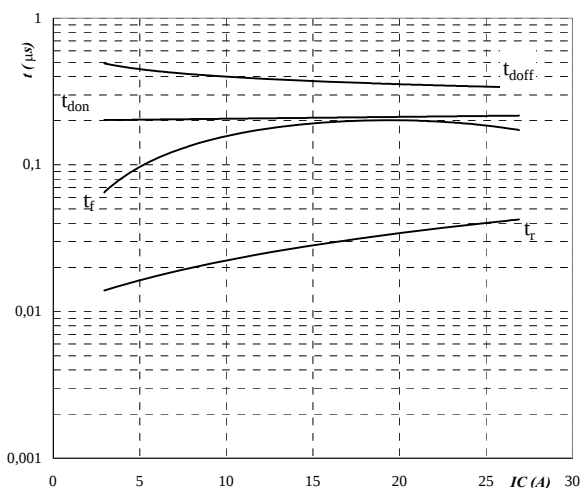
$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$

$I_C = 15\text{ A}$

Figure 7. Typical switching times as a function of collector current

Output inverter IGBT

$$t = f(I_C)$$



inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$

$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$

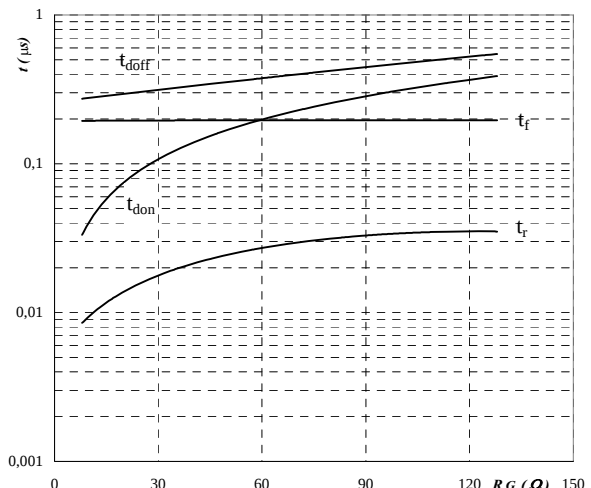
$R_{gon} = 64\ \Omega$

$R_{goff} = 64\ \Omega$

Figure 8. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

Output inverter IGBT

$$t = f(R_G)$$



inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$

$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$

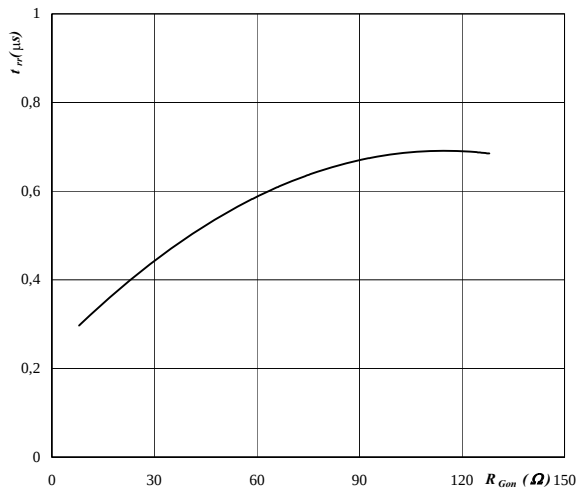
$I_C = 15\text{ A}$

Output inverter

Figure 9. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

Output inverter FRED diode

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

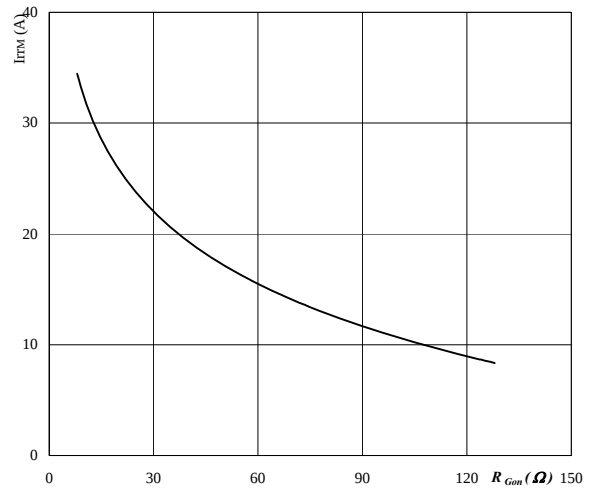


$T_j = 125^\circ C$
 $V_R = 600 V$
 $I_F = 15 A$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 V$

Figure 10. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

Output inverter FRED diode

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$

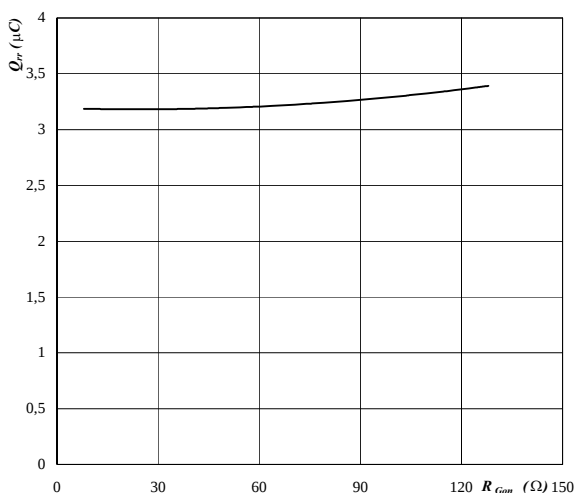


$T_j = 125^\circ C$
 $V_R = 600 V$
 $I_F = 15 A$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 V$

Figure 11. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

Output inverter FRED diode

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

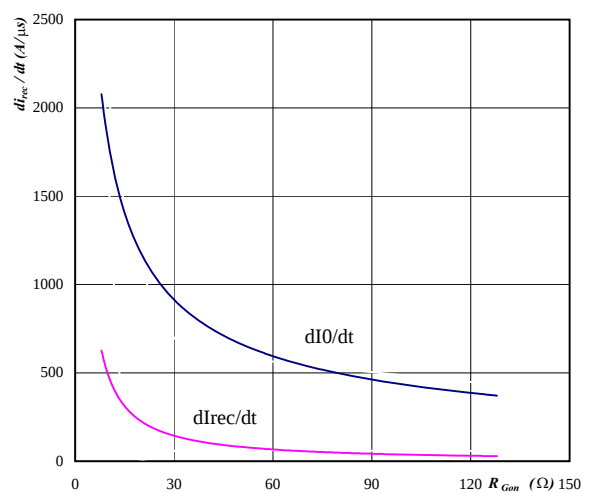


$T_j = 125^\circ C$
 $V_R = 600 V$
 $I_F = 15 A$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 V$

Figure 12. Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

Output inverter FRED diode

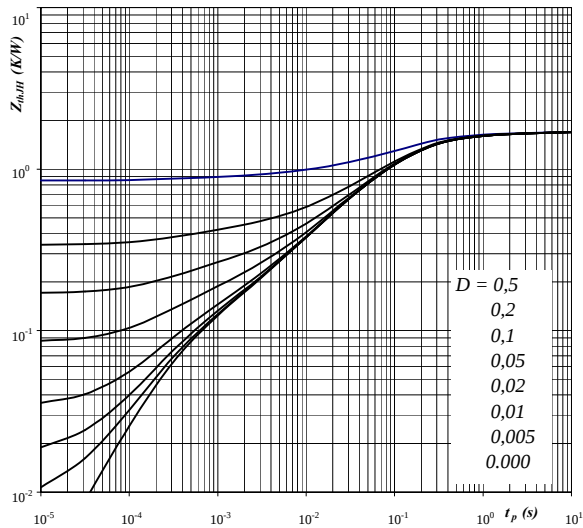
$$dI_O/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$



$T_j = 125^\circ C$
 $V_R = 600 V$
 $I_F = 15 A$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 V$

Output inverter

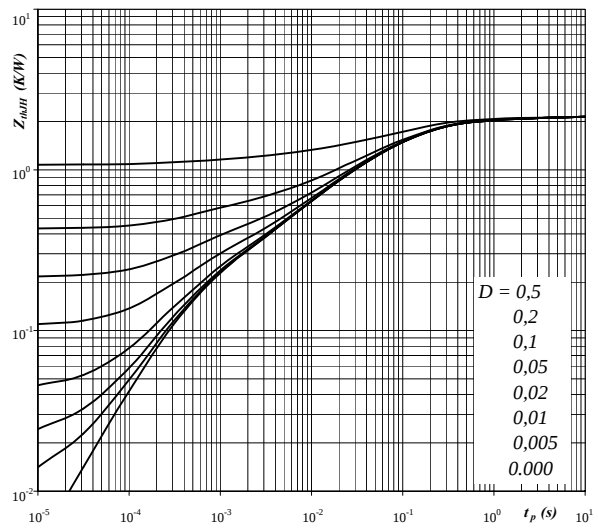
**Figure 13. IGBT transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width**
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$


Parameter: $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,70 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,12	2,6E+00
0,39	3,0E-01
0,80	8,4E-02
0,26	1,3E-02
0,07	1,5E-03
0,06	2,9E-04

**Figure 14. FRED transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width**
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$


Parameter: $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 2,14 \text{ K/W}$

FRED thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,10	4,5E+00
0,27	4,7E-01
0,90	1,0E-01
0,53	2,0E-02
0,19	3,4E-03
0,16	4,4E-04

Output inverter

Figure 15. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

Output inverter IGBT
 $P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

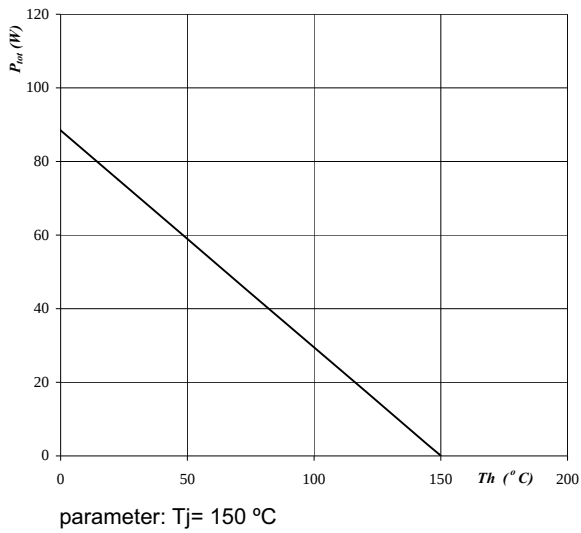


Figure 16. Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

Output inverter IGBT
 $I_c = f(T_h)$

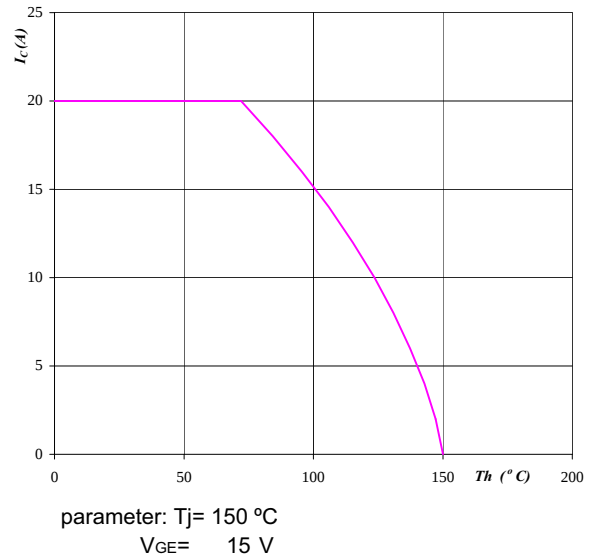


Figure 17. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

Output inverter FRED
 $P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

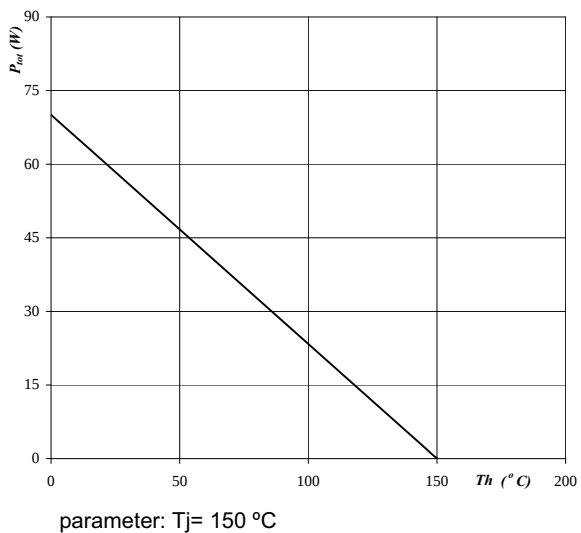
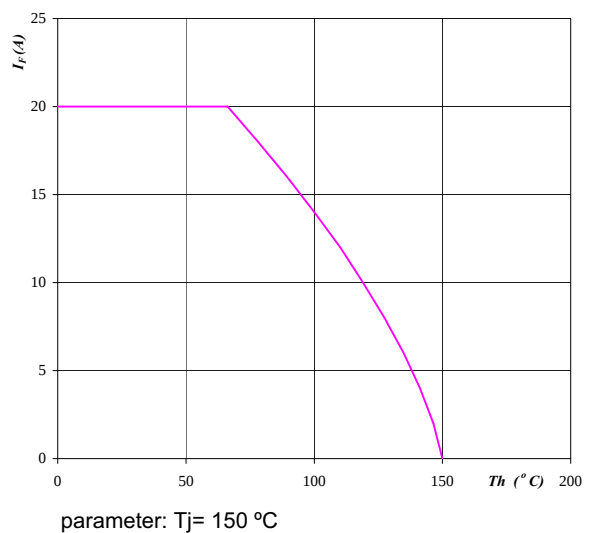
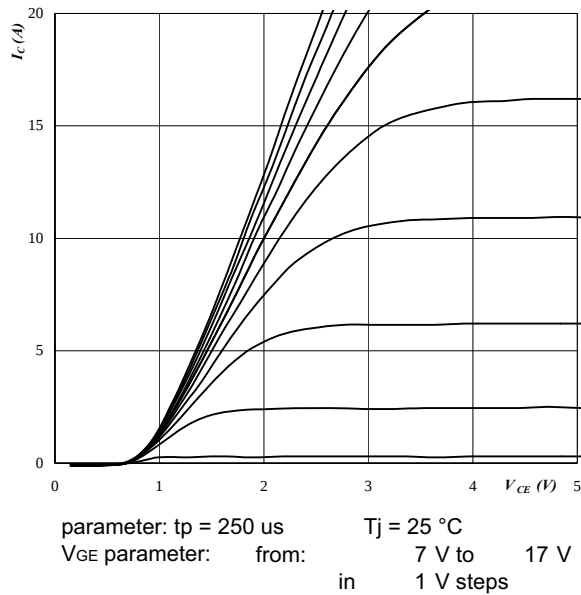
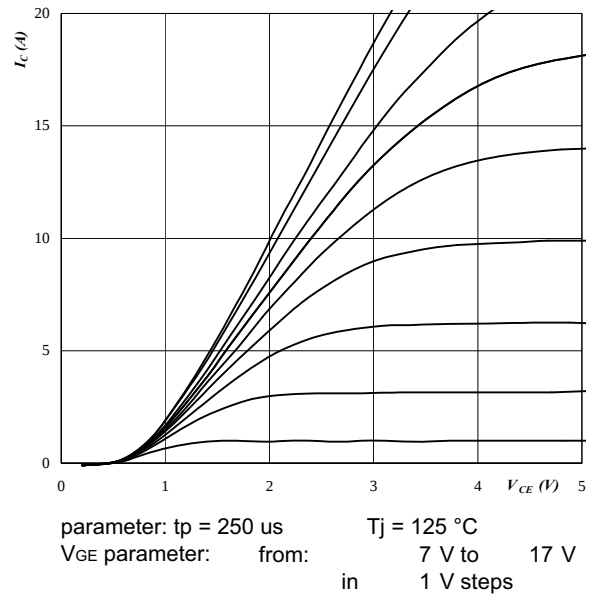
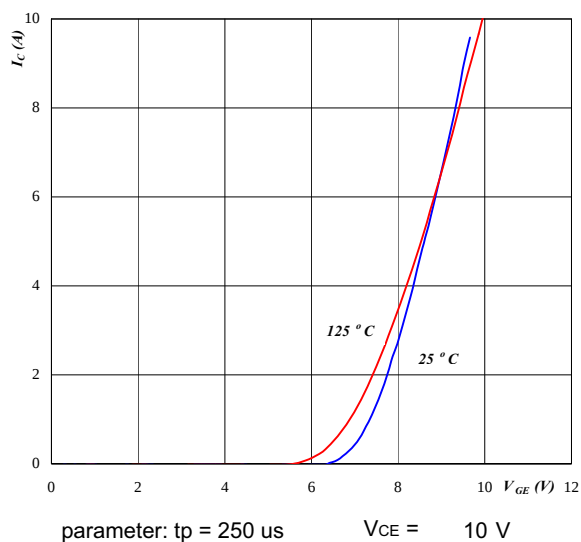
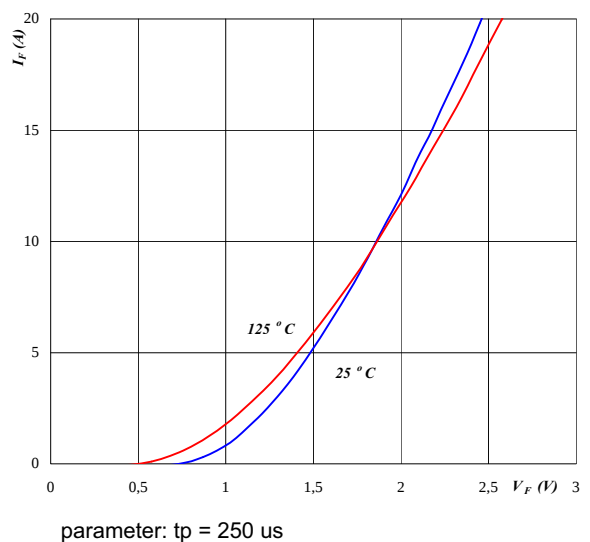


Figure 18. Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

Output inverter FRED
 $I_F = f(T_h)$



Brake

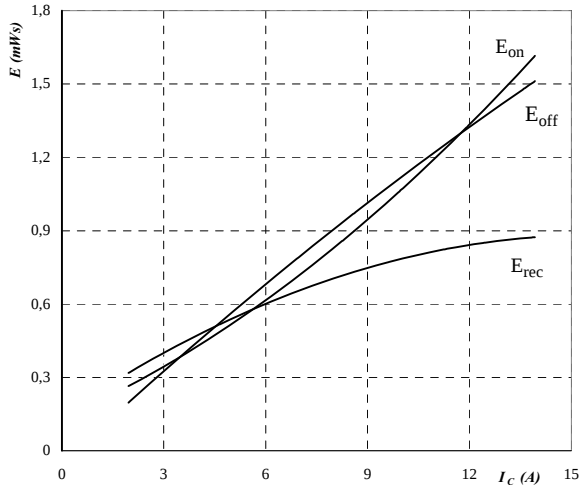
Figure 1. Typical output characteristics
Brake IGBT
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$

Figure 2. Typical output characteristics
Brake IGBT
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$

Figure 3. Typical transfer characteristics
Brake IGBT
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$

Figure 4. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage
Brake FRED
 $I_F = f(V_F)$


Brake

Figure 5. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

Brake IGBT

$$E = f(I_C)$$



inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

$$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

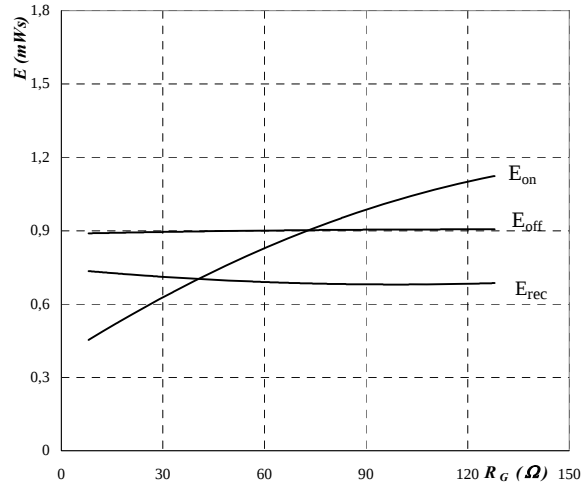
$$R_{gon} = 64\ \Omega$$

$$R_{goff} = 64\ \Omega$$

Figure 6. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

Brake IGBT

$$E = f(R_G)$$



inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

$$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$$

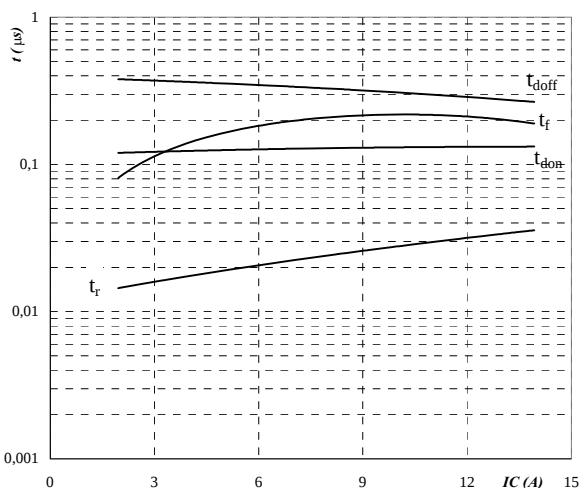
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

$$I_C = 8\text{ A}$$

Figure 7. Typical switching times as a function of collector current

Brake IGBT

$$t = f(I_C)$$



inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

$$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

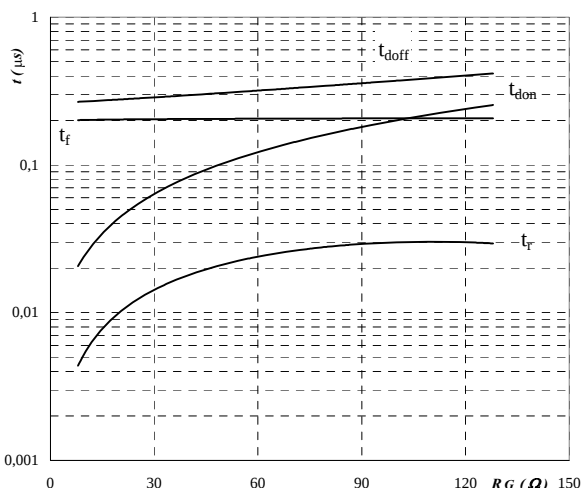
$$R_{gon} = 64\ \Omega$$

$$R_{goff} = 64\ \Omega$$

Figure 8. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

Brake IGBT

$$t = f(R_G)$$



inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

$$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$$

$$I_C = 8\text{ A}$$

Brake

Figure9. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$

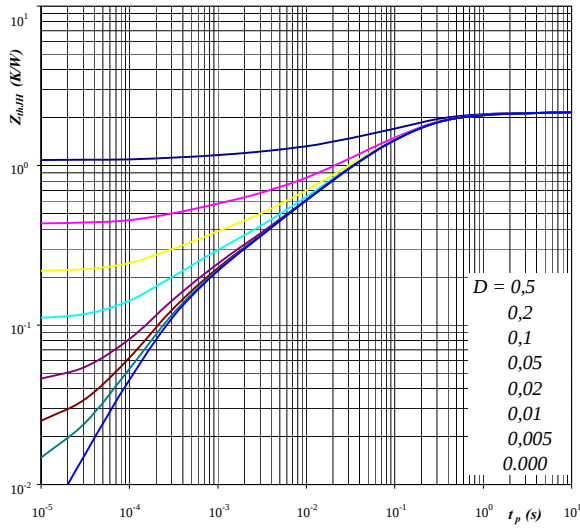
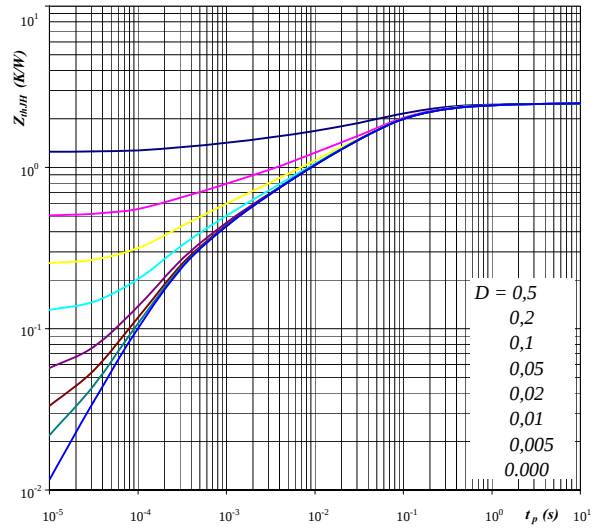

Parameter: $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 2,16 \text{ K/W}$

Figure 10. FRED transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$

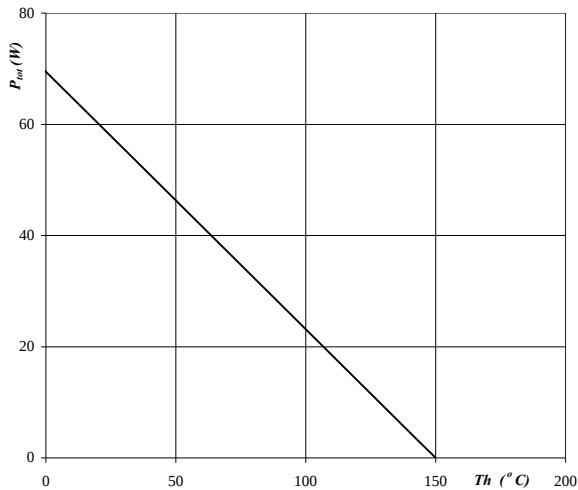

Parameter: $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 2,49 \text{ K/W}$

Brake

Figure 11. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

Brake IGBT

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

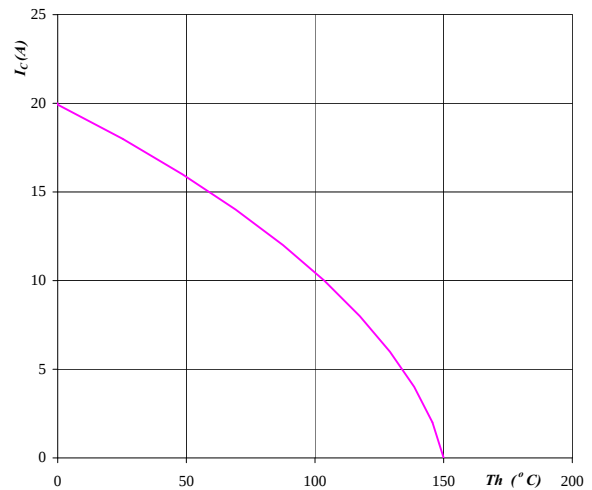


parameter: $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$

Figure 12. Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

Brake IGBT

$I_c = f(T_h)$



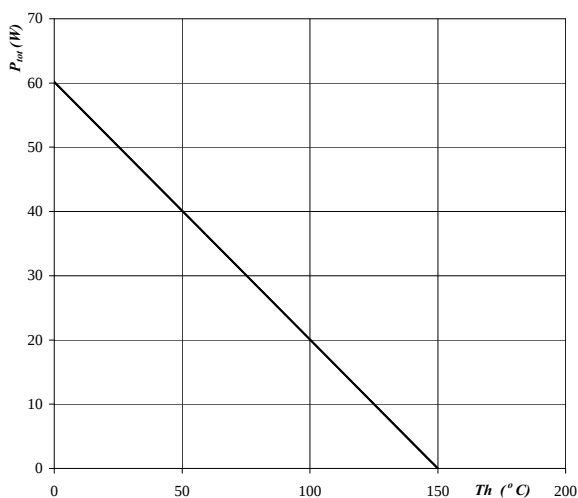
parameter: $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$

$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$

Figure 13. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

Brake FRED

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

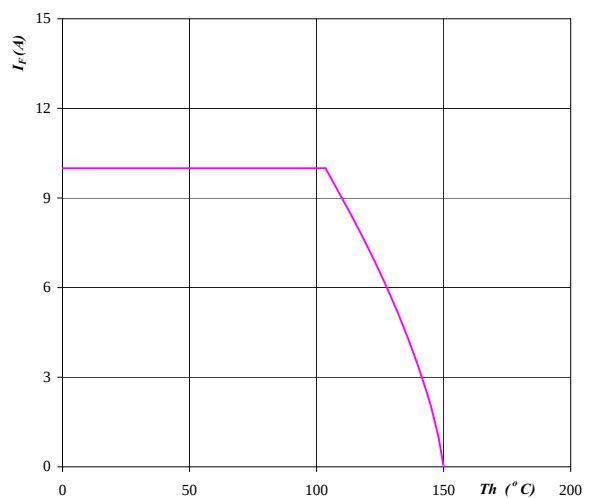


parameter: $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$

Figure 14. Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

Brake FRED

$I_F = f(T_h)$



parameter: $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$

Input rectifier bridge

Figure 1. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

Rectifier diode $I_F = f(V_F)$

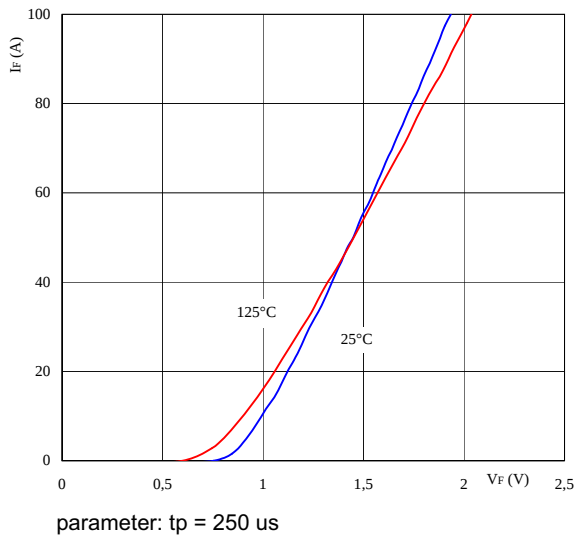


Figure 2. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$

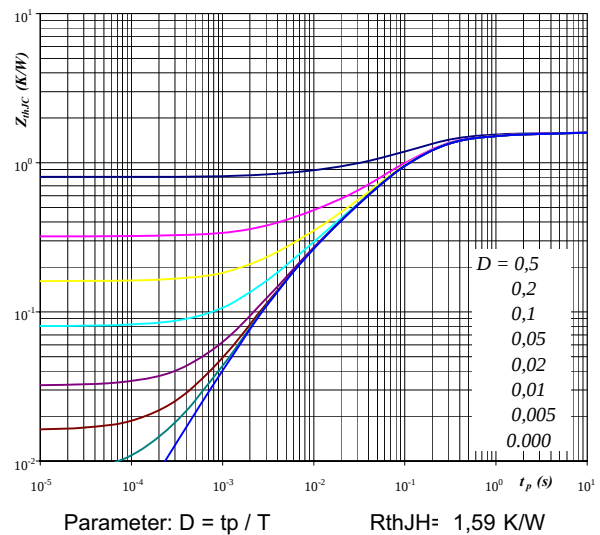


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

Rectifier diode
 $P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

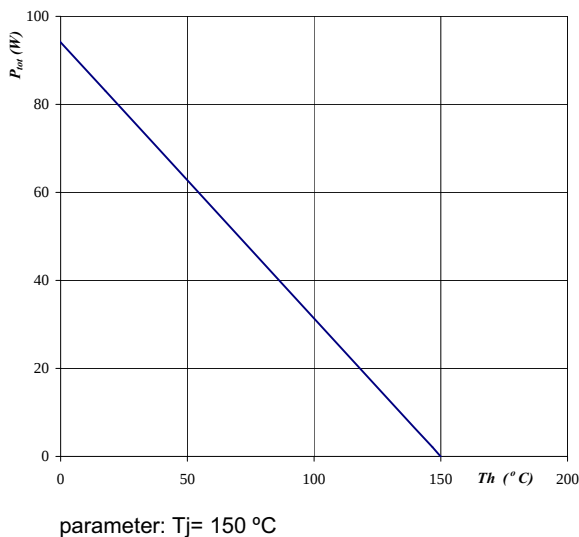
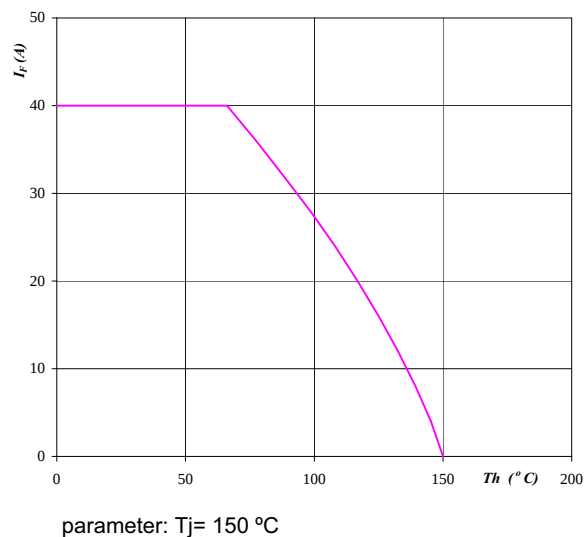


Figure 4. Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

Rectifier diode
 $I_F = f(T_h)$



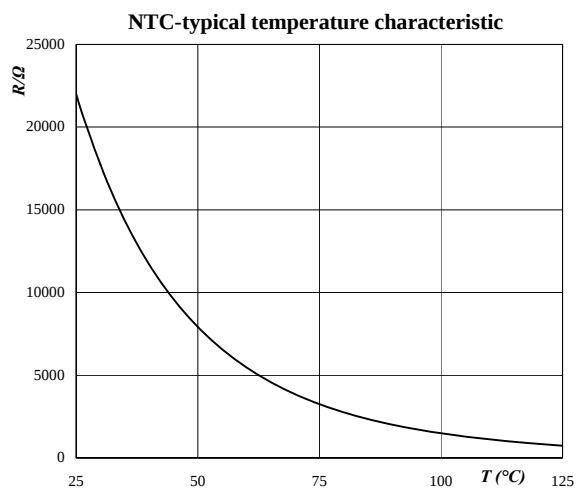
flow 90PIM 1 1200V/15A

V23990-P630-A-02-14

Thermistor

**Figure 1. Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature**

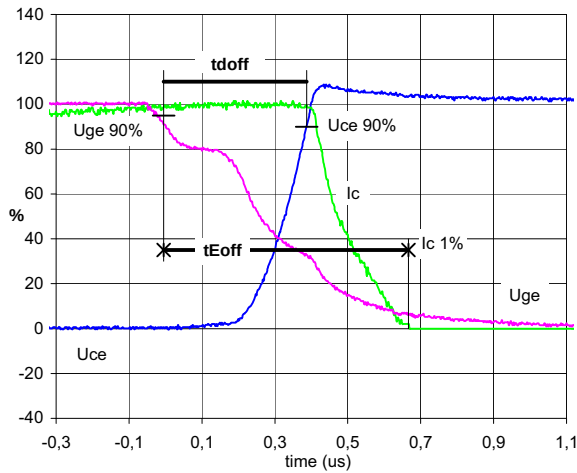
$$R_T = f(T)$$



Switching definitions

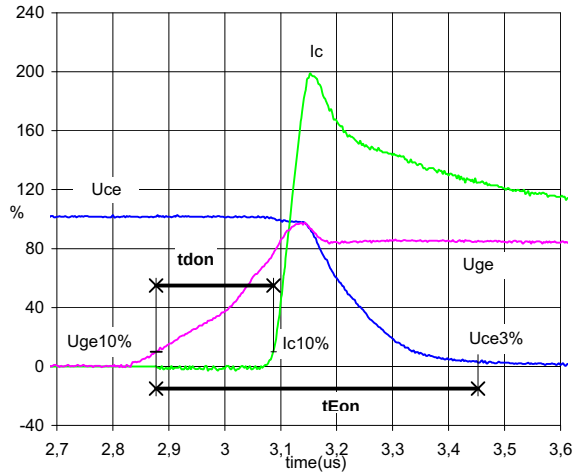
General conditions: $T_j = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $R_{gon} = 64\text{ }\Omega$ $R_{goff} = 64\text{ }\Omega$

Figure 1. Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
(t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})
Output inverter IGBT



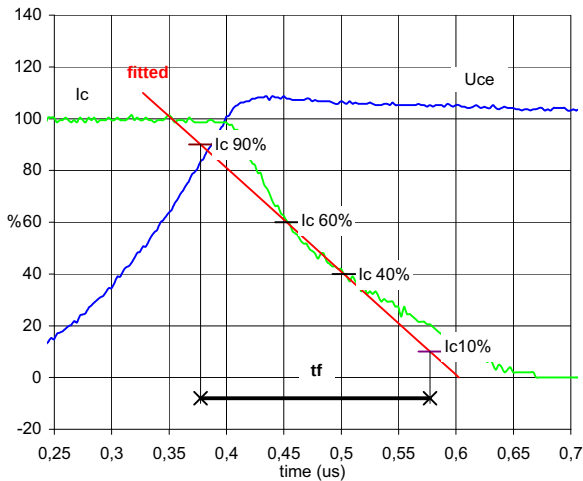
$U_{ge}(0\%) = -15\text{ V}$
 $U_{ge}(100\%) = 15\text{ V}$
 $U_c(100\%) = 600\text{ V}$
 $I_c(100\%) = 15\text{ A}$
 $t_{doff} = 0,39\text{ }\mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,67\text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 2. Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
(t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})
Output inverter IGBT



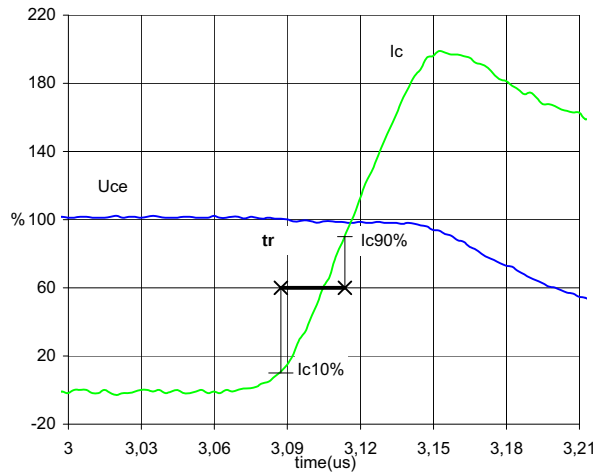
$U_{ge}(0\%) = -15\text{ V}$
 $U_{ge}(100\%) = 15\text{ V}$
 $U_c(100\%) = 600\text{ V}$
 $I_c(100\%) = 15\text{ A}$
 $t_{don} = 0,21\text{ }\mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,57\text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 3. Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f
Output inverter IGBT



$U_c(100\%) = 600\text{ V}$
 $I_c(100\%) = 15\text{ A}$
 $t_f = 0,192\text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 4. Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r
Output inverter IGBT



$U_c(100\%) = 600\text{ V}$
 $I_c(100\%) = 15\text{ A}$
 $t_r = 0,027\text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Switching definitions

Figure 5. Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}
Output inverter IGBT

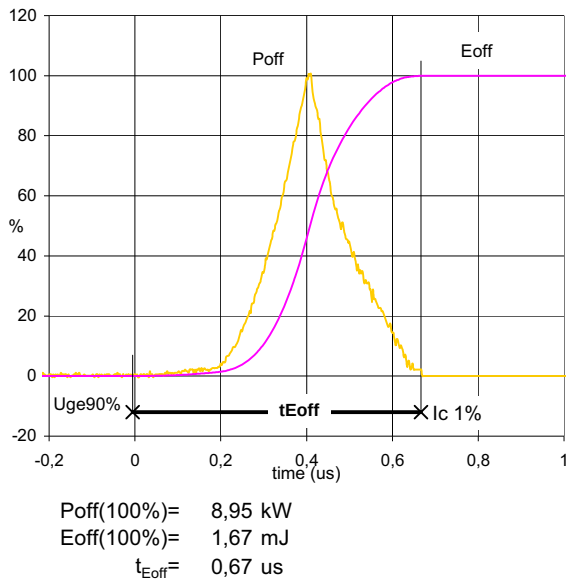


Figure 6. Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}
Output inverter IGBT

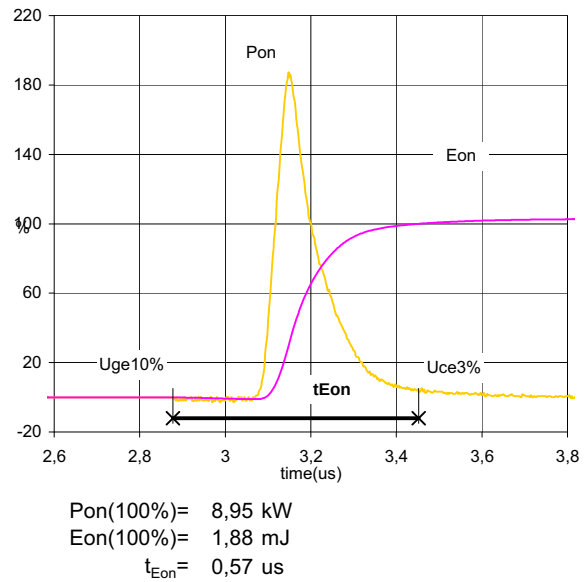


Figure 7. Gate voltage vs Gate charge
Output inverter IGBT

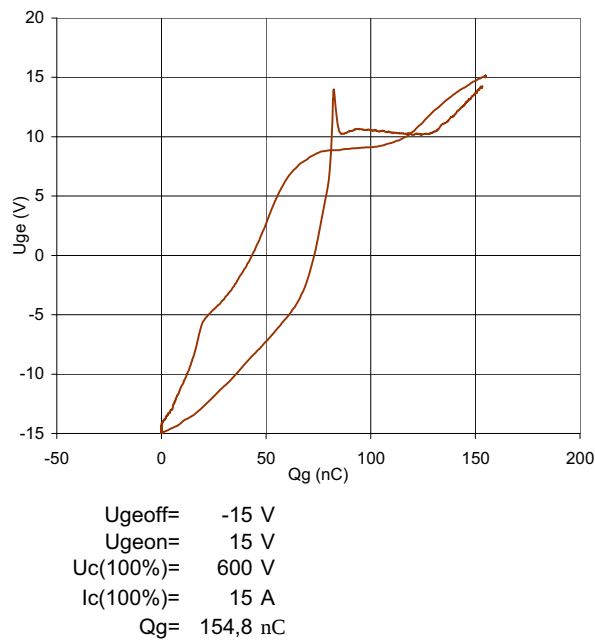
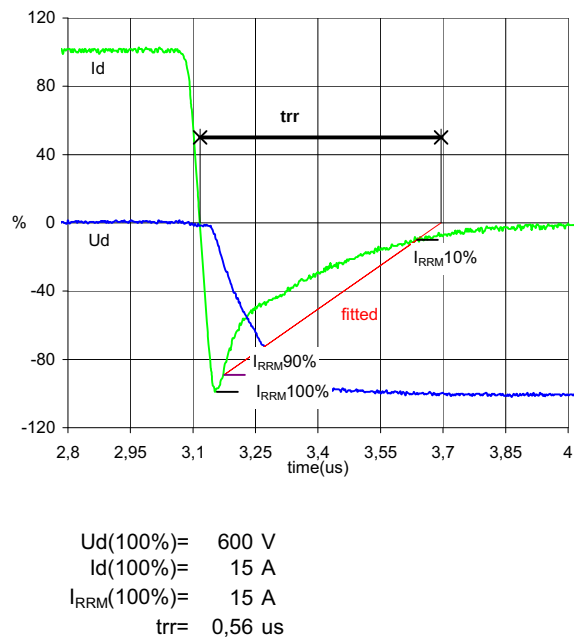
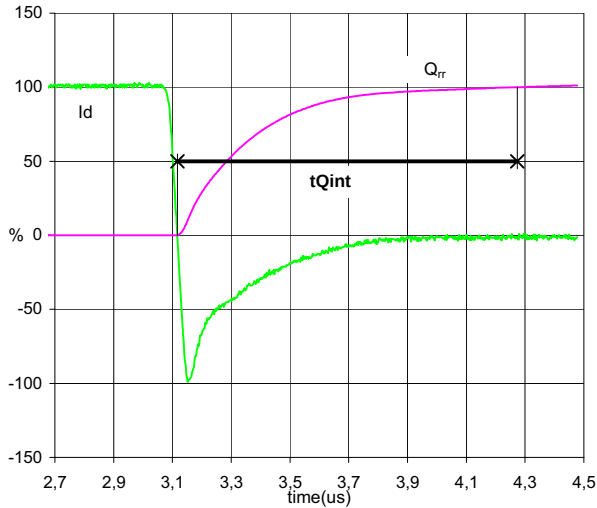


Figure 8. Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}
Output inverter FRED



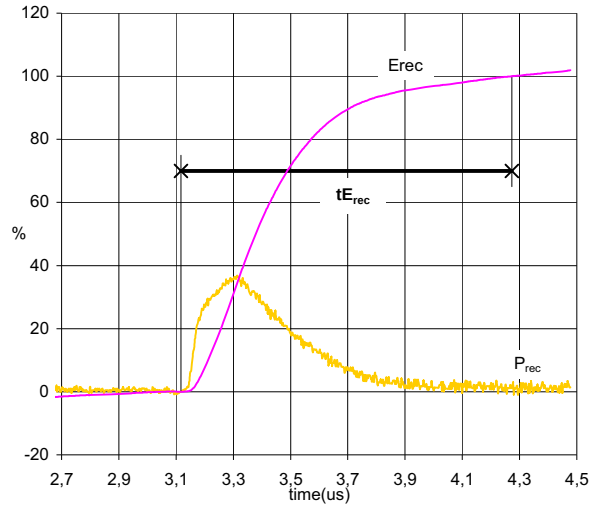
Switching definitions

Figure 9. Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
(t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})
Output inverter FRED



$I_d(100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$
 $Q_{rr}(100\%) = 3,22 \text{ uC}$
 $t_{Qint} = 1,16 \text{ us}$

Figure 10. Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
(t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})
Output inverter FRED



$P_{rec}(100\%) = 8,95 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{rec}(100\%) = 1,27 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Erec} = 1,16 \text{ us}$