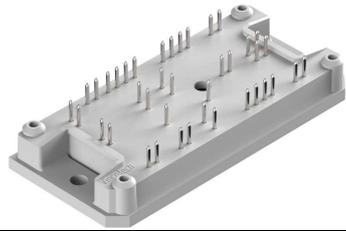
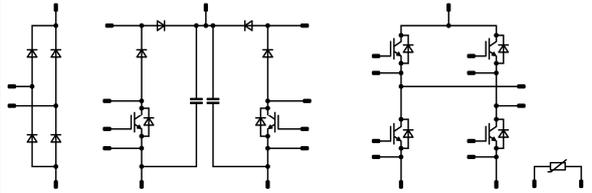




Vincotech

<i>flowRPI 1</i>	650 V / 50 A
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #ccc; margin: 0;">Features</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> High integration level of Rectifier, PFC and Inverter Interleaved PFC with high efficiency, fast IGBT H5 + ultra-fast Si Diode High efficiency H-Bridge inverter with fast IGBT H5 Integrated Temperature Sensor and Capacitor </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #ccc; margin: 0;">Target applications</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Charging Stations Power Supply Welding & Cutting </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #ccc; margin: 0;">Types</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10-FY07ZAA050SM-L514B28 </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #ccc; margin: 0;"><i>flow 1 12 mm housing</i></p>  </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #ccc; margin: 0;">Schematic</p>  </div>

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Rectifier Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1600	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F		50	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	50 Hz Single Half Sine Wave $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	490	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		1200	A^2s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	78	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		150	$^{\circ}C$



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
PFC Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		650	V
Collector current	I_C		30	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	90	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	60	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

PFC Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	29	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}		180	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	52	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

H-Bridge Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		650	V
Collector current	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	44	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	150	A
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j \leq 175\text{ °C}$, $V_{CE} \leq 650\text{ V}$	150	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	78	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

H-Bridge Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F		40	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}		80	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	58	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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Current Transformer Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F		10	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}		20	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	33	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

PFC Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F		10	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}		20	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	33	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Capacitor (DC)

Maximum DC voltage	V_{MAX}		630	V
Operation Temperature	T_{op}		-55...+125	°C

Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	4000	V
		AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			min. 12,7	mm
Clearance			7,58	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	

*100 % tested in production



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Rectifier Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				50	25 125		1,14 1,08		V
Reverse leakage current	I_R			1600		25			50	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,90		K/W
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PFC Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$			0,0003	25	3,3	4	4,7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}		15		30	25 125 150		1,67 1,80 1,84	2,22	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	650		25			40	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							none		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		2100		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							7,7		
Gate charge	Q_g		15	520	30	25		70		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,57		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8$ Ω $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω	0 / 15	400	30	25		18		ns
Rise time	t_r					125		17		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		4		
Fall time	t_f					125		6		
						25		99		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{iFWD} = 0,3$ μC $Q_{iFWD} = 1,1$ μC				25		0,281	mWs	
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					125		0,399		
						25		0,144		
						125		0,253		



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit	
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
PFC Diode											
Static											
Forward voltage	V_F				30	25 125		2,46 2,03	2,6	V	
Reverse leakage current	I_R			650		25			10	μA	
Thermal											
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)							1,83		K/W
Dynamic											
Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	$di/dt = 5766$ A/μs $di/dt = 4488$ A/μs	0 / 15	400	30	25 125		38 46		A	
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125		15 44		ns	
Recovered charge	Q_r					25 125		0,342 1,055		μC	
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125		0,042 0,250		mWs	
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					25 125		10207 5440		A/μs	



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

H-Bridge Switch

Static

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$				0,0005	25	3,3	4	4,7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}		15			50	25 125		1,63 1,78	2,22	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	650			25			40	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0			25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g								none		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}								3000		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25			50		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}								11		
Gate charge	Q_g		15	520	50		25		120		nC

Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)							1,22		K/W

Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$					25		140		ns	
Rise time	t_r						25		35			
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$						25		84			
Fall time	t_f						25		12			
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}		$Q_{t-FWD} = 1,3 \mu C$				25		1,153			mWs
			$Q_{t-FWD} = 2,7 \mu C$				125		1,470			
			$Q_{t-FWD} = 3,1 \mu C$				150		1,542			
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25		0,271				
						125		0,461				
						150		0,507				



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

H-Bridge Diode

Static

Parameter	Symbol	V_{GS} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	V_F			40	25 125 150		1,52 1,47 1,45	1,92	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R		650		25			2,1	μA

Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	1,63	K/W

Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	T_j [°C]	Value	Unit
Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	± 15 350 50	25 125 150	23 36 38	A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}		25 125 150	90 120 133	ns
Recovered charge	Q_r		25 125 150	1,330 2,700 3,090	μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}		25 125 150	0,305 0,570 0,708	mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{ei}/dt)_{max}$		25 125 150	1064 460 397	A/μs

Current Transformer Protection Diode

Static

Parameter	Symbol	V_{GS} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	V_F			10	25 125		1,67 1,56	1,87	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R		650		25			0,14	μA

Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	2,87	K/W



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

PFC Sw. Protection Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F			10	25 125		1,67 1,56	1,87	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R		650		25			0,14	μ A

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					2,87		K/W
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Capacitor (DC)

Capacitance	C						100		nF
Tolerance						-10		+10	%
Dissipation factor		$f = 1$ kHz			25			2,5	%

Thermistor

Rated resistance	R				25		22		k Ω
Deviation of R_{100}	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω			100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P				25		5		mW
Power dissipation constant					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ± 1 %			25		3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ± 1 %			25		4000		K
Vincotech NTC Reference								I	

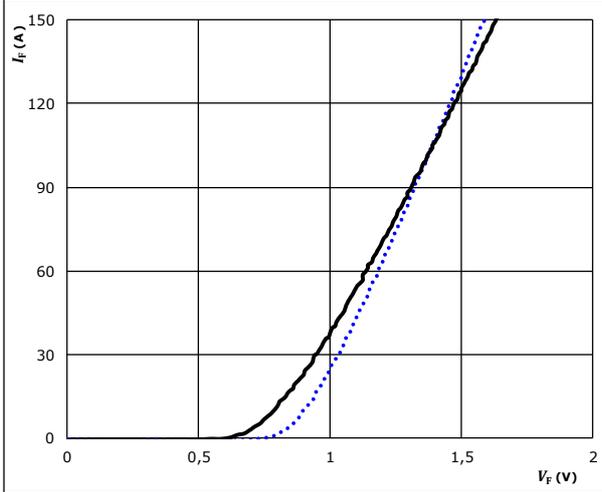


Rectifier Diode Characteristics

figure 1. Rectifier Diode

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

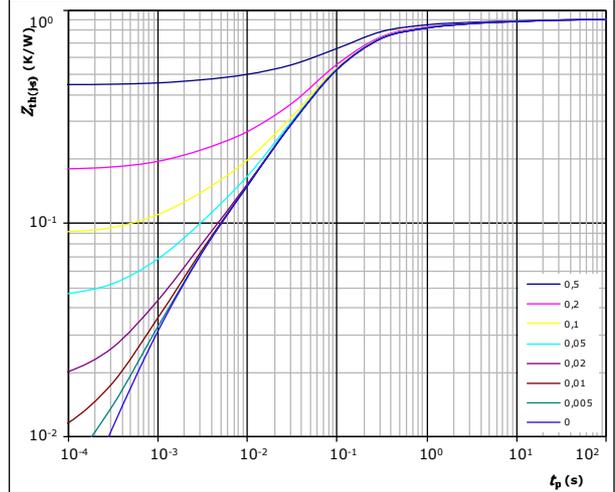


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (dotted blue line)
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (solid black line)

figure 2. Rectifier Diode

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,90 \text{ K/W}$

Diode thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
3,53E-02	1,46E+01
8,25E-02	1,44E+00
2,22E-01	2,31E-01
4,39E-01	7,58E-02
8,14E-02	1,11E-02
3,58E-02	1,56E-03

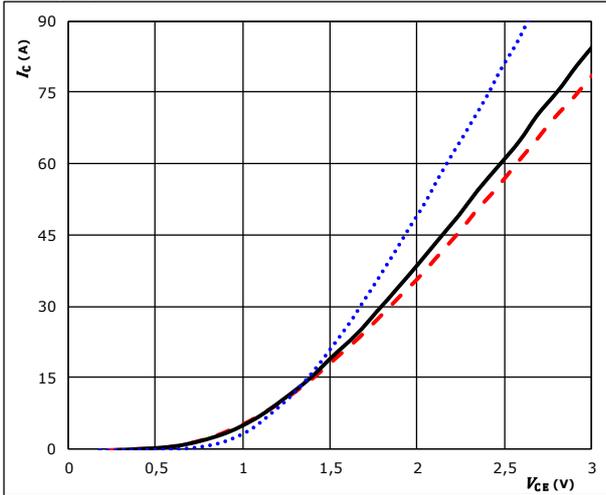


PFC Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

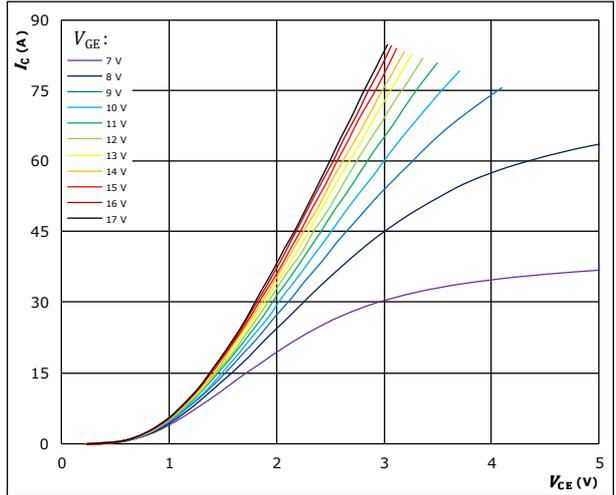


$t_p = 250 \mu s$ $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$ (dotted blue)
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$ $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$ (solid black)
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$ (dashed red)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

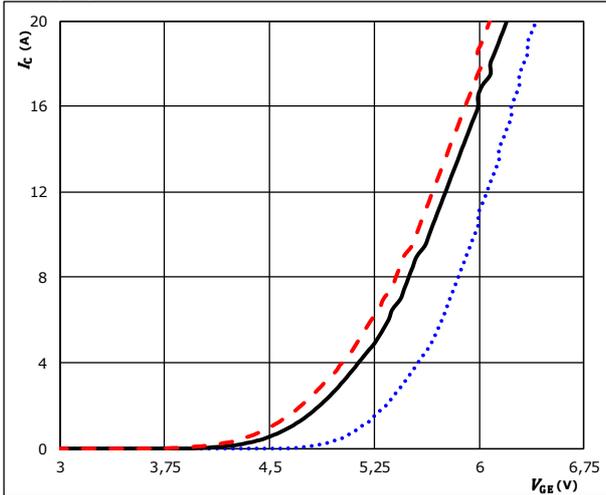


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

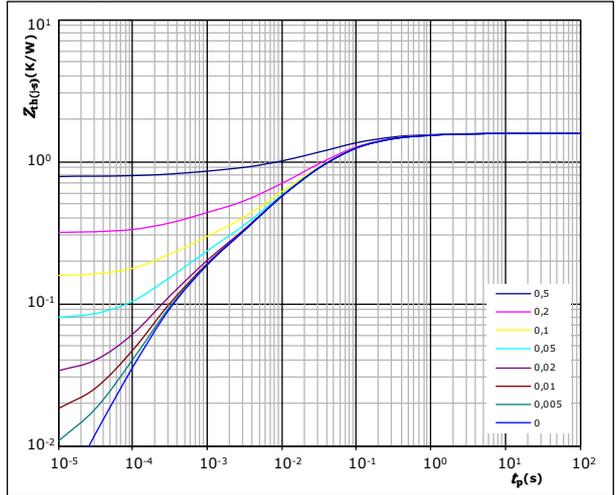


$t_p = 100 \mu s$ $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$ (dotted blue)
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$ (solid black)
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$ (dashed red)

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,57 \text{ K/W}$
 IGBT thermal model values

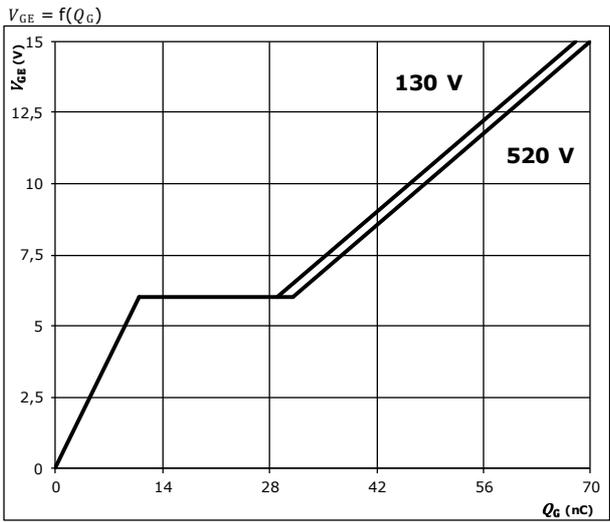
R (K/W)	τ (s)
7,66E-02	1,73E+00
2,00E-01	2,58E-01
6,54E-01	5,93E-02
3,77E-01	1,31E-02
1,51E-01	2,99E-03
1,13E-01	3,69E-04



PFC Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

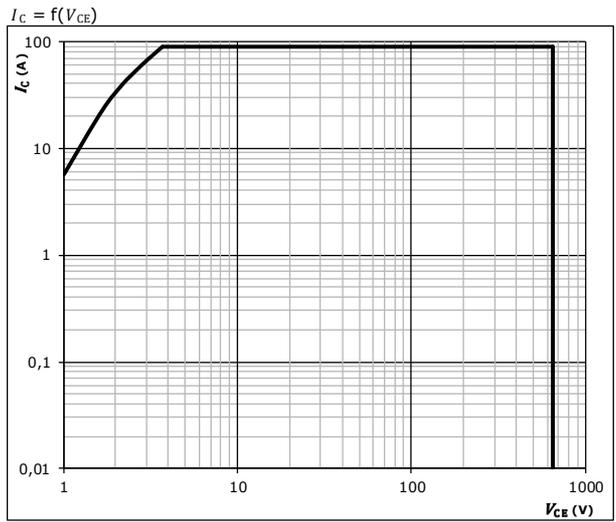
Gate voltage vs gate charge



$I_C = 30$ A

figure 6. IGBT

Safe operating area



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80$ °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

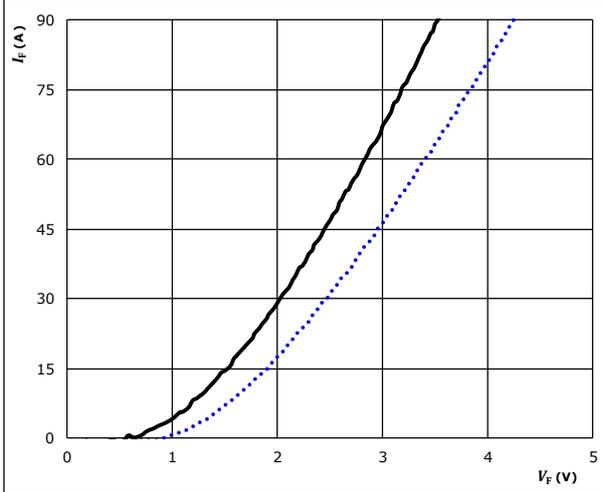


PFC Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

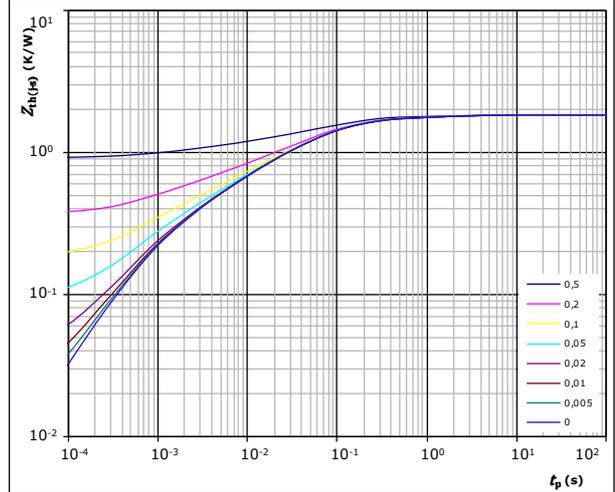


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (dotted blue line)
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (solid black line)

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,83 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,05E-02	3,63E+00
1,50E-01	6,48E-01
8,27E-01	7,70E-02
4,06E-01	1,51E-02
2,16E-01	3,45E-03
1,73E-01	7,36E-04

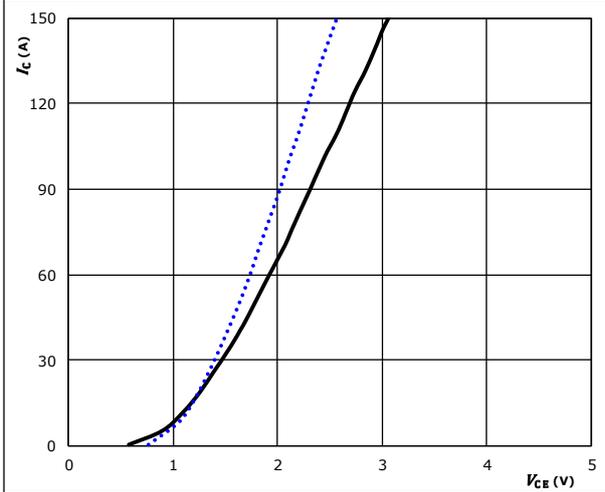


H-Bridge Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

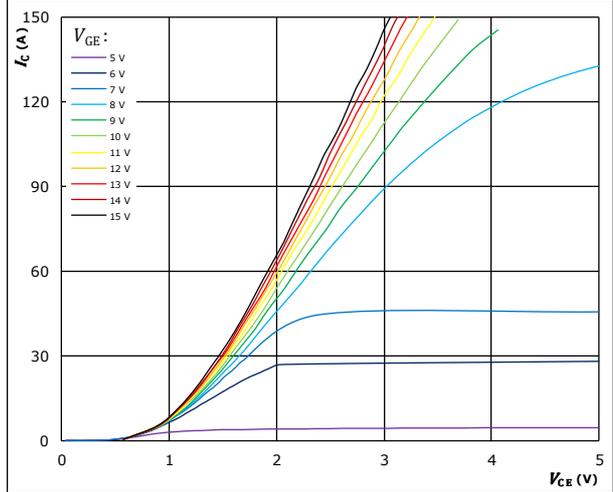


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$ $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (dotted blue line)
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$ $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (solid black line)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

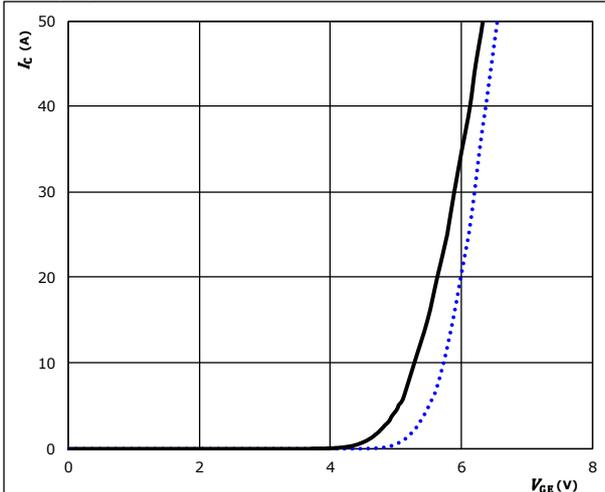


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 V_{GE} from 5 V to 19 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

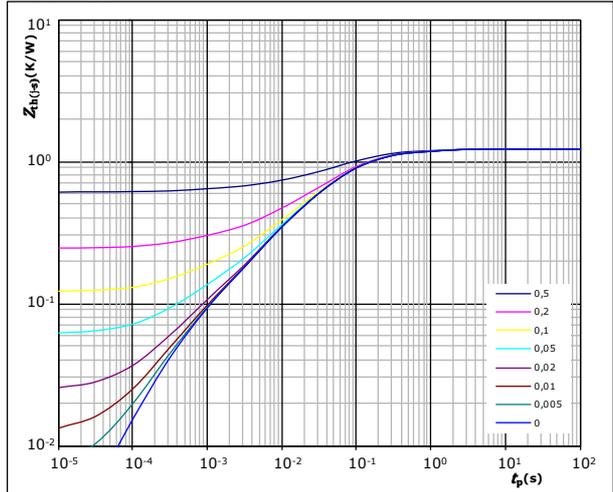


$t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$ $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (dotted blue line)
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (solid black line)

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,22 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

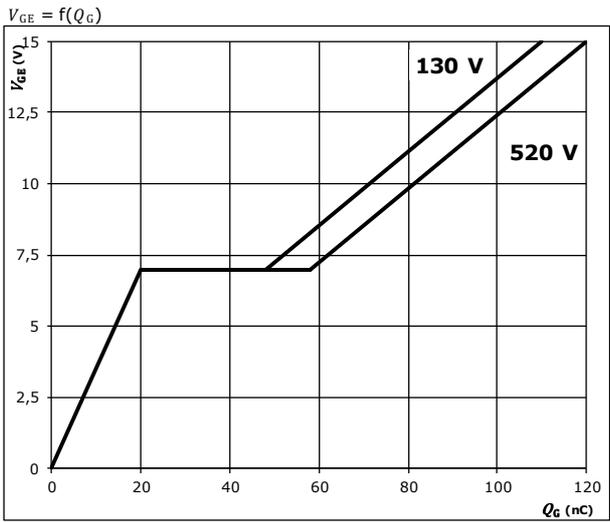
R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,28E-01	8,75E-01
4,40E-01	1,12E-01
3,96E-01	3,56E-02
1,75E-01	7,55E-03
3,44E-02	1,97E-03
4,80E-02	4,33E-04



H-Bridge Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

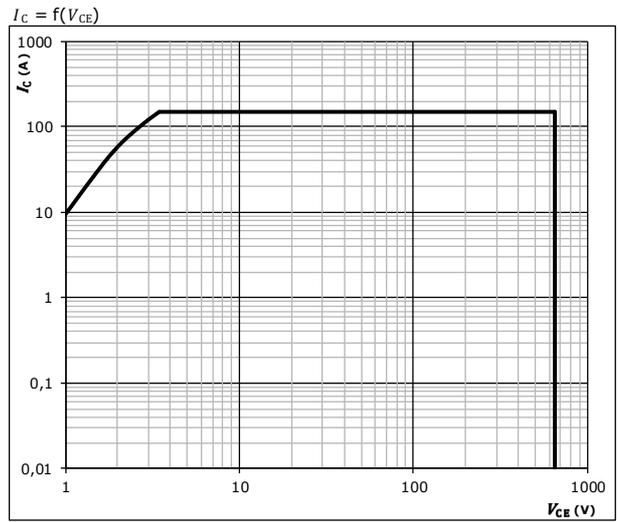
Gate voltage vs gate charge



$I_C = 50$ A

figure 6. IGBT

Safe operating area



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80$ °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

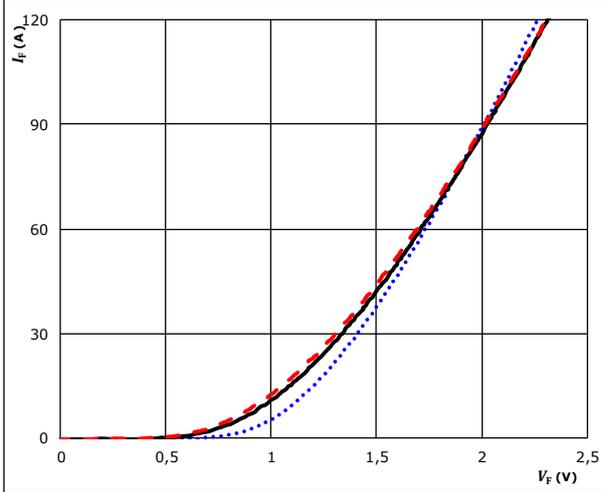


H-Bridge Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

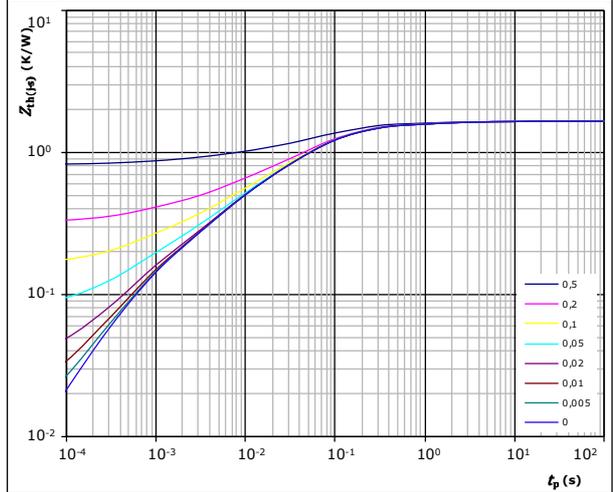


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C ———
 150 °C - - - -

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,63 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
5,48E-02	4,24E+00
1,35E-01	6,38E-01
6,09E-01	1,07E-01
4,79E-01	3,28E-02
2,54E-01	5,68E-03
1,02E-01	6,59E-04

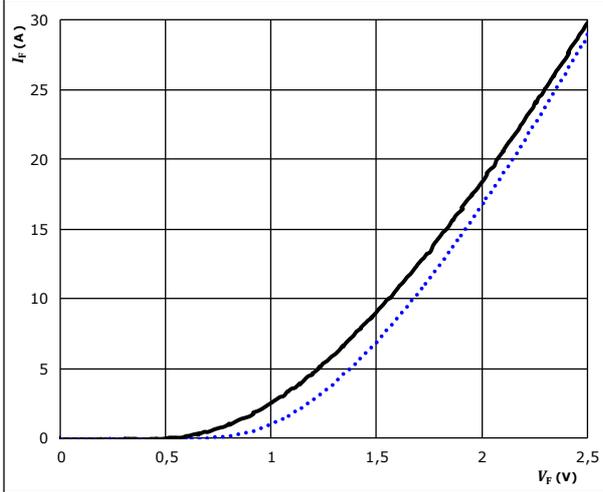


Current Transformer Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

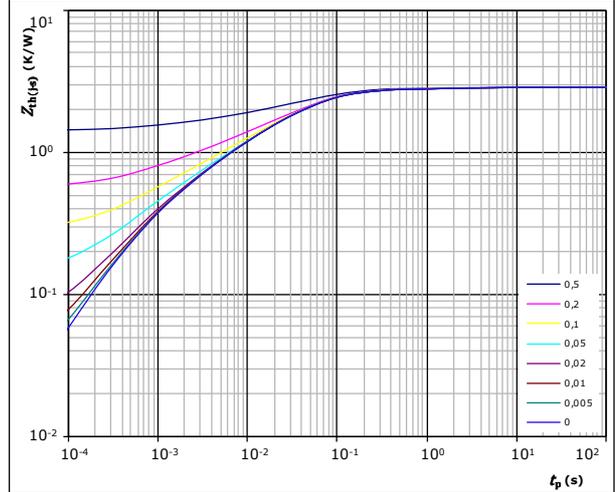


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (dotted blue line)
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (solid black line)

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(\theta-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(\theta-s)} = 2,87 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,53E-02	3,94E+00
1,48E-01	4,48E-01
1,31E+00	5,96E-02
7,32E-01	1,36E-02
4,04E-01	2,79E-03
2,11E-01	5,37E-04

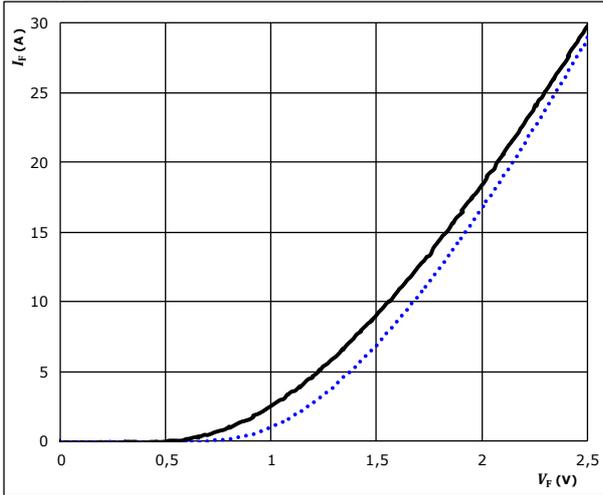


PFC Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

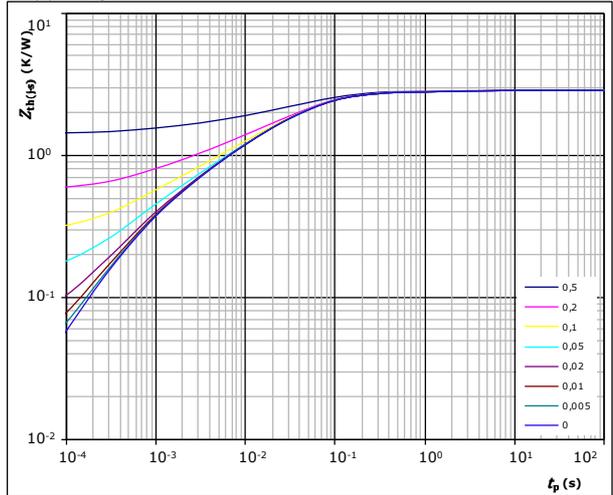


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ °C}$ (dotted blue line)
 125 °C (solid black line)

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{th(j-s)} = 2,87 \text{ K/W}$$

FWD thermal model values

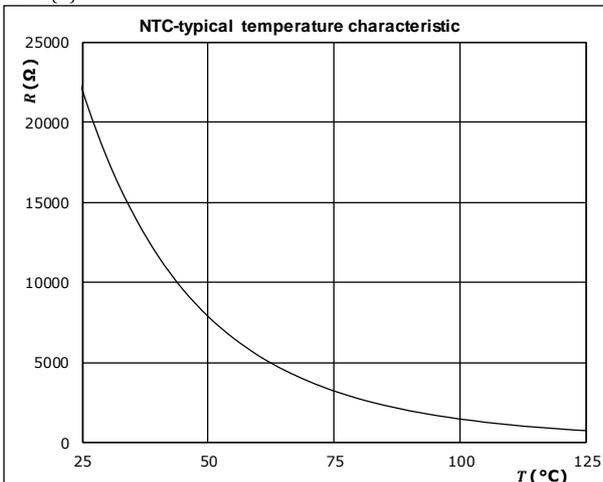
R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,53E-02	3,94E+00
1,48E-01	4,48E-01
1,31E+00	5,96E-02
7,32E-01	1,36E-02
4,04E-01	2,79E-03
2,11E-01	5,37E-04

Thermistor Characteristics

figure 1. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature

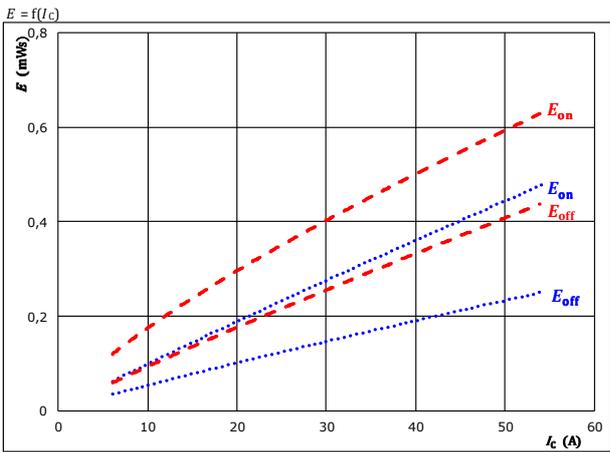
$$R = f(T)$$





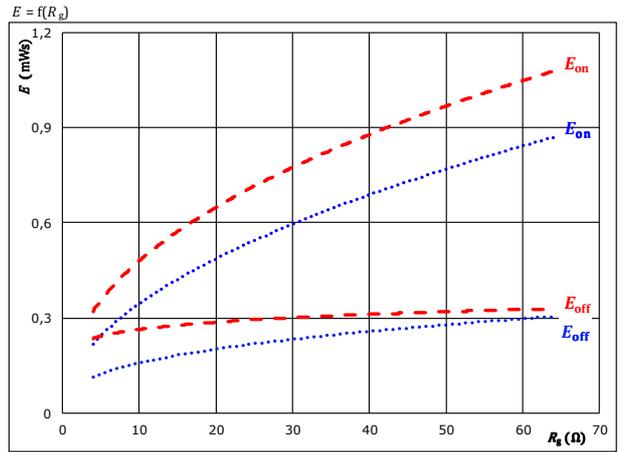
PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current



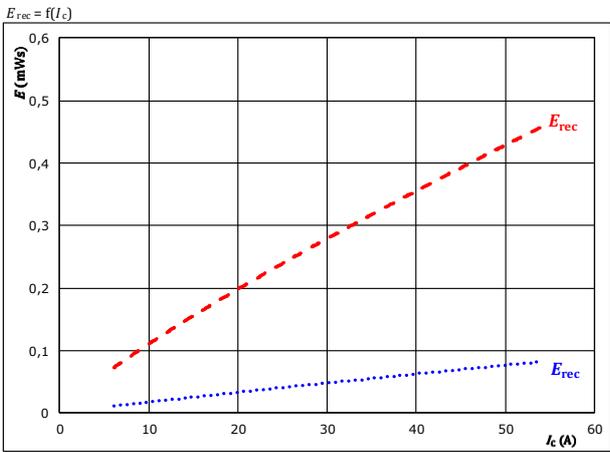
With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω
 $T_j: 25$ °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (red dashed)

figure 2. IGBT
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor



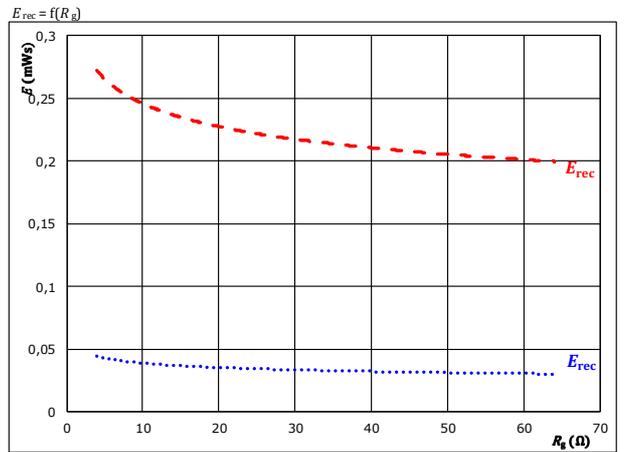
With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A
 $T_j: 25$ °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (red dashed)

figure 3. FWD
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω
 $T_j: 25$ °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (red dashed)

figure 4. FWD
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A
 $T_j: 25$ °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (red dashed)

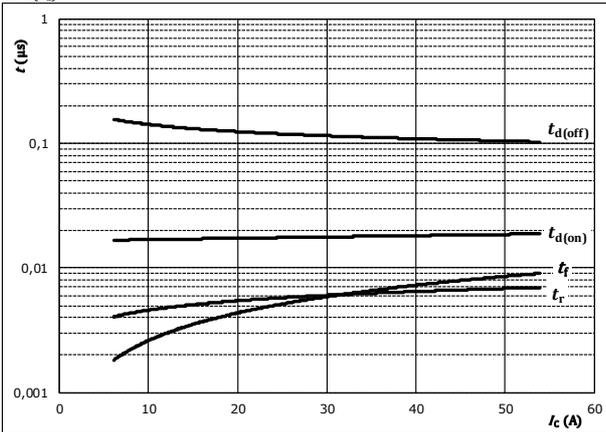


PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



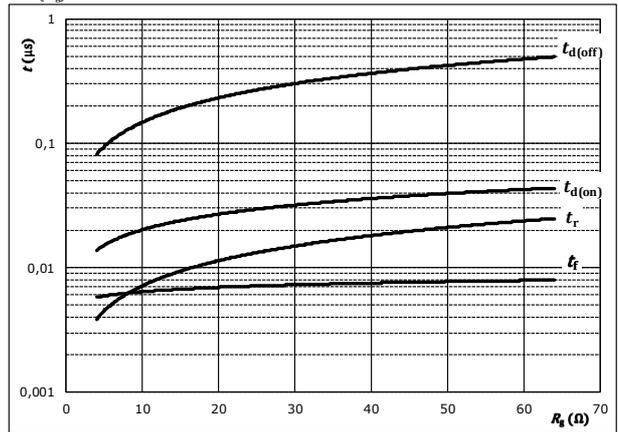
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = 0 / 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{g(on)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
- $R_{g(off)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 6. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



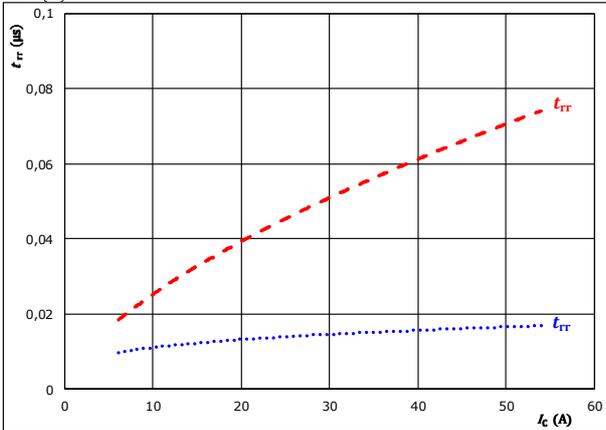
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = 0 / 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

figure 7. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

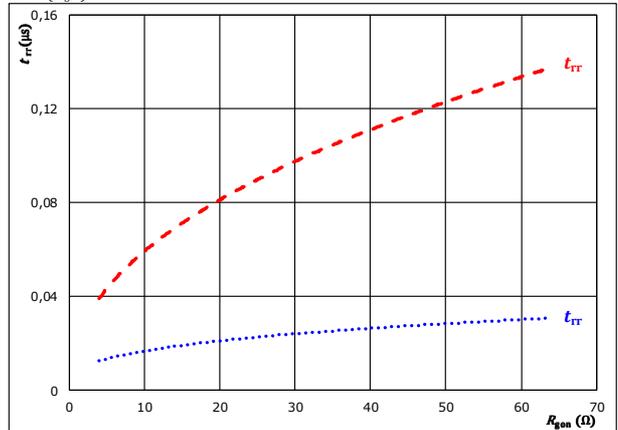


- At $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 / 15 \text{ V}$, $R_{g(on)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
- T_j : $25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (dotted blue line), $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (dashed red line)

figure 8. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$$



- At $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 / 15 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$
- T_j : $25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (dotted blue line), $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (dashed red line)

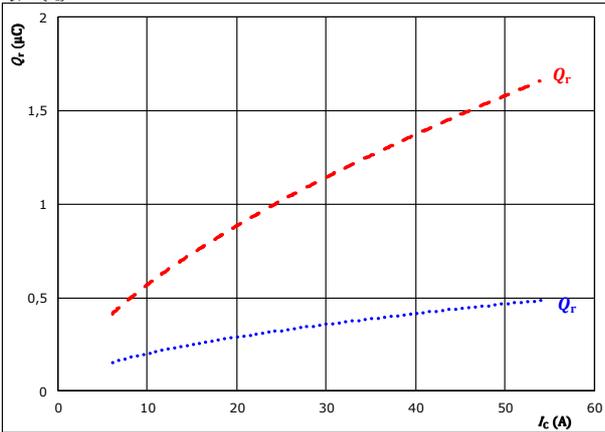


PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

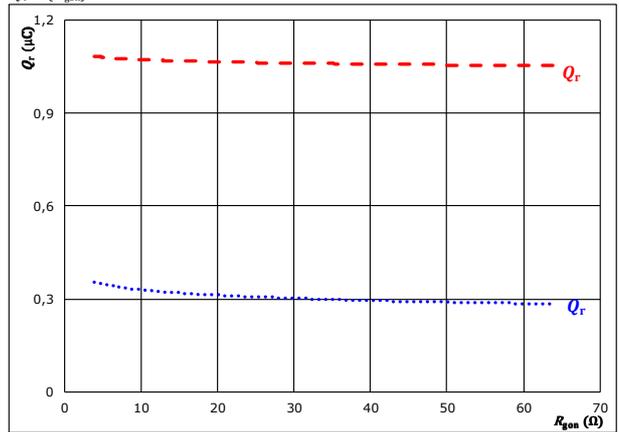


At $V_{CE} = 400$ V $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (blue dotted line)
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$ V $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ (red dashed line)
 $R_{gdn} = 8$ Ω

figure 10. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gdn})$$

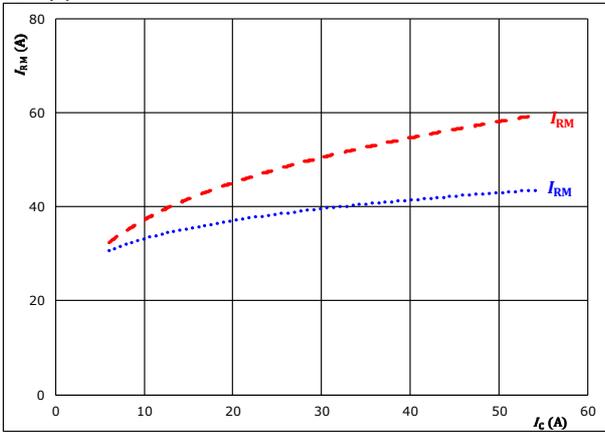


At $V_{CE} = 400$ V $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (blue dotted line)
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$ V $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ (red dashed line)
 $I_c = 30$ A

figure 11. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

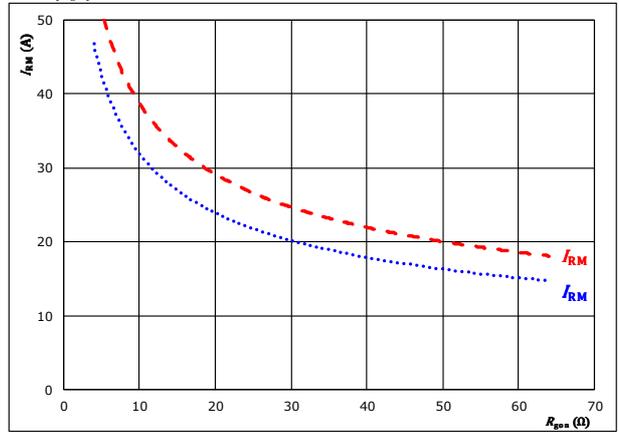


At $V_{CE} = 400$ V $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (blue dotted line)
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$ V $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ (red dashed line)
 $R_{gdn} = 8$ Ω

figure 12. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gdn})$$



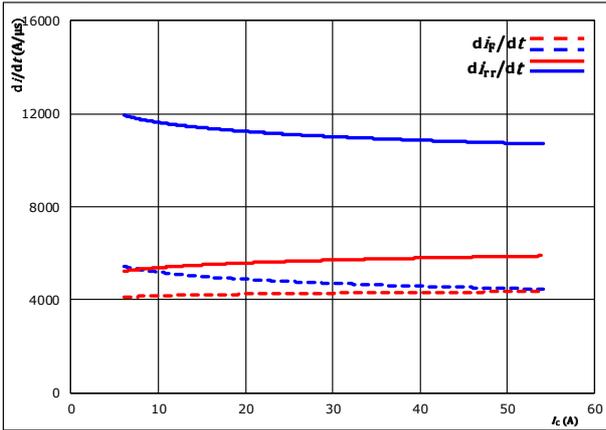
At $V_{CE} = 400$ V $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (blue dotted line)
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$ V $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ (red dashed line)
 $I_c = 30$ A



PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

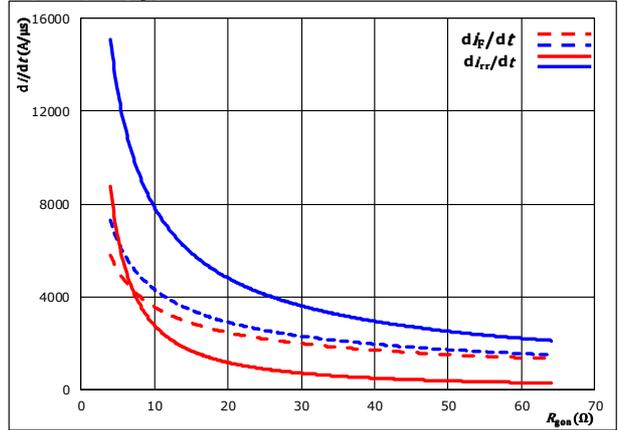
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At $V_{CE} = 400$ V, $T_j = 25$ °C
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$ V, $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$ Ω

figure 14. FWD

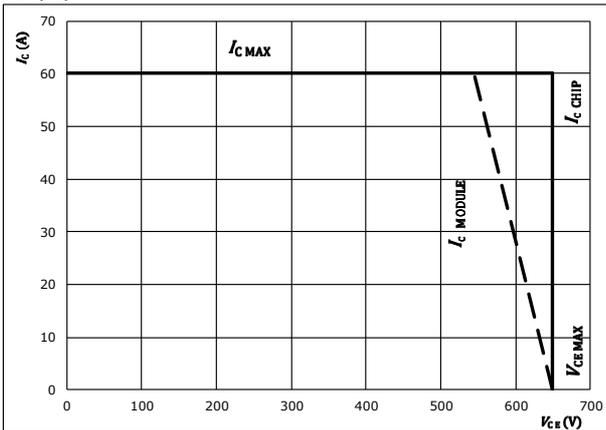
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{g(on)})$



At $V_{CE} = 400$ V, $T_j = 25$ °C
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$ V, $T_j = 150$ °C
 $I_c = 30$ A

figure 15. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 125$ °C
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$ Ω
 $R_{g(off)} = 8$ Ω



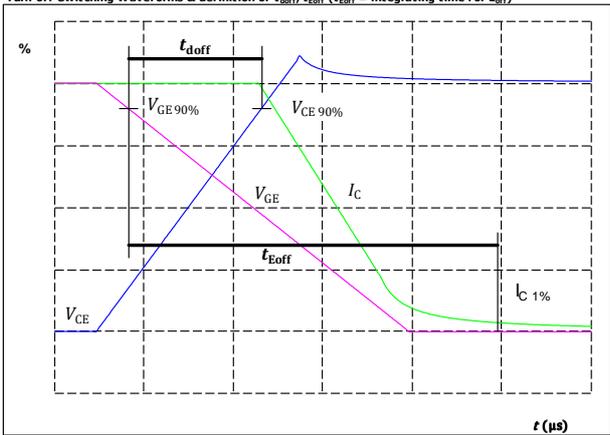
PFC Switching Definitions

General conditions

T_j	=	125 °C
R_{gon}	=	8 Ω
R_{goff}	=	8 Ω

figure 1. IGBT

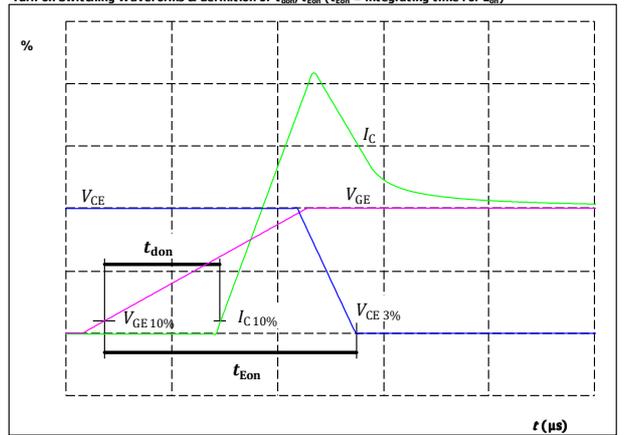
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	30	A
$t_{doff} =$	115	ns

figure 2. IGBT

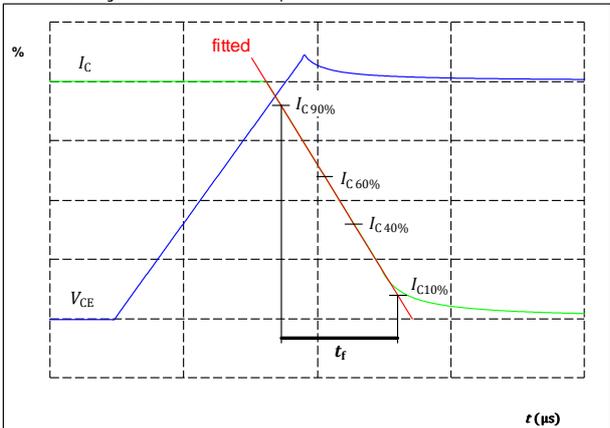
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	30	A
$t_{don} =$	17	ns

figure 3. IGBT

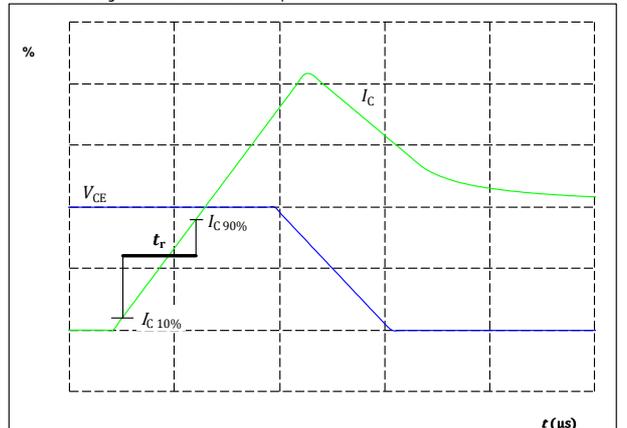
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r



$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	30	A
$t_r =$	7	ns

figure 4. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r



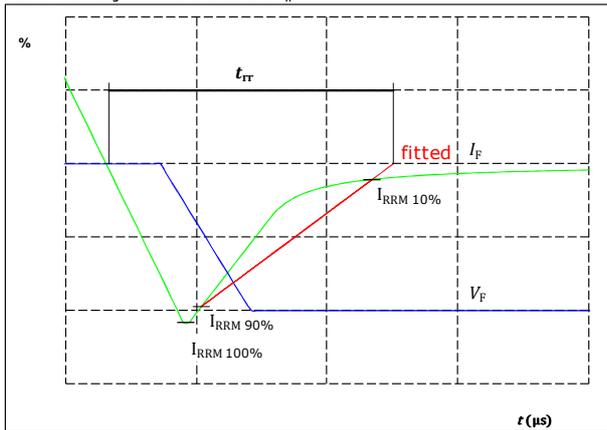
$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	30	A
$t_r =$	6	ns



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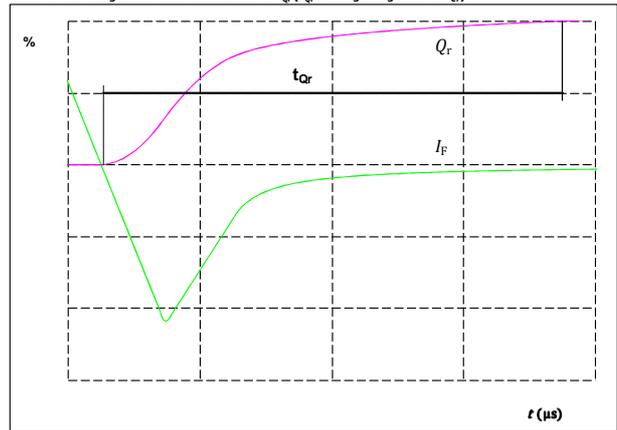
PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



$V_F(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	30	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	46	A
$t_{rr} =$	44	ns

figure 6. FWD
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)



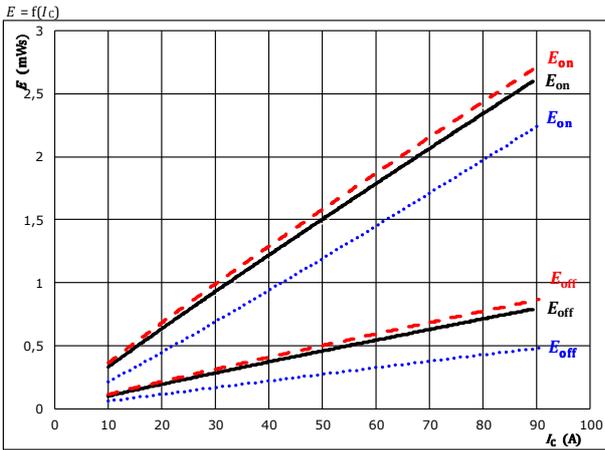
$I_F(100\%) =$	30	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	1,06	μC



H-Bridge Switching Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

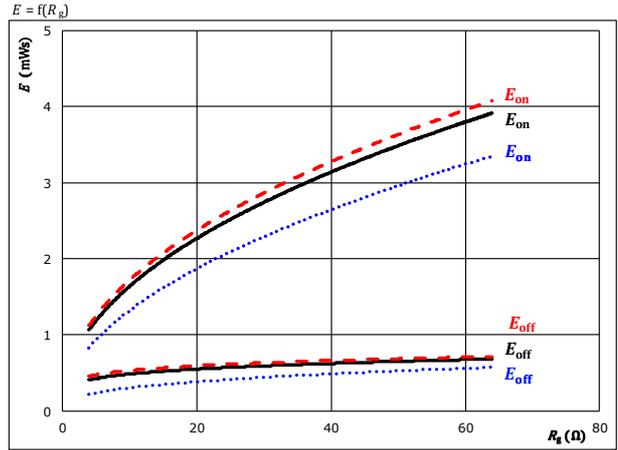


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C	————
$R_{gon} = 8$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C	-----
$R_{goff} = 8$ Ω		

figure 2. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

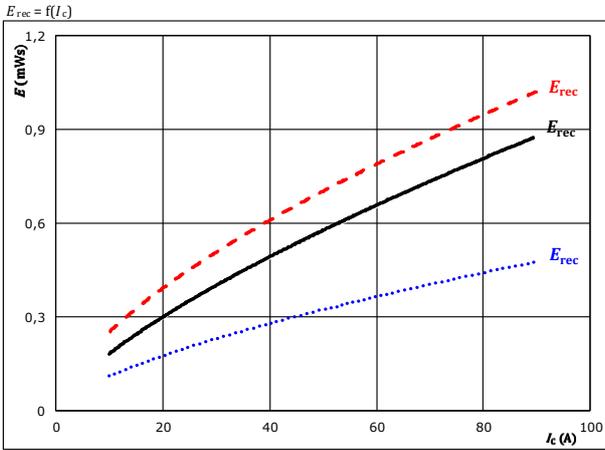


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C	————
$I_C = 50$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C	-----

figure 3. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

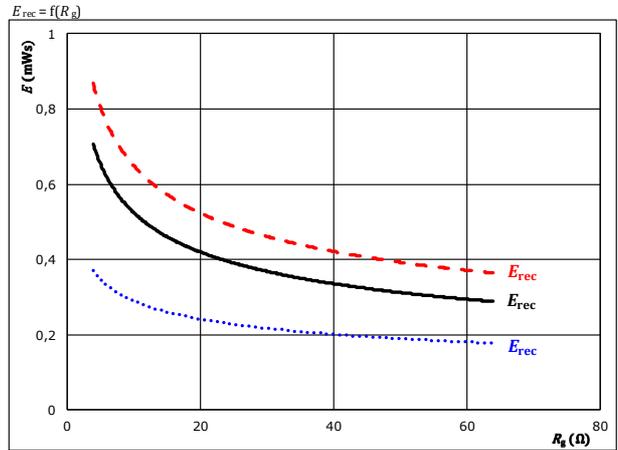


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C	————
$R_{gon} = 8$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C	-----

figure 4. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C	————
$I_C = 50$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C	-----

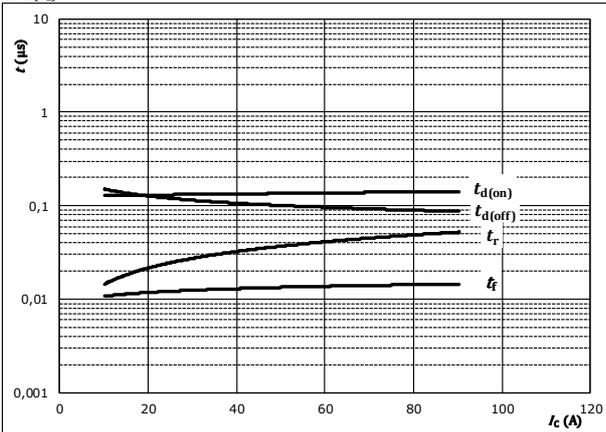


H-Bridge Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



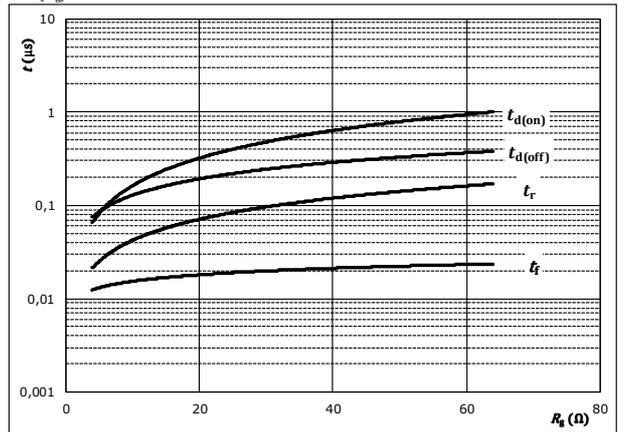
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{g\text{on}} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
- $R_{g\text{off}} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 6. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



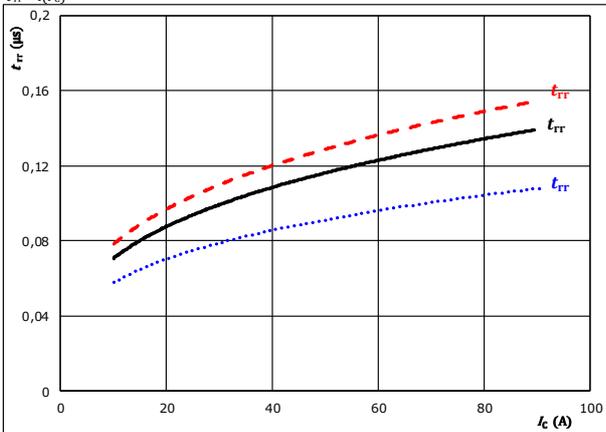
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$

figure 7. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

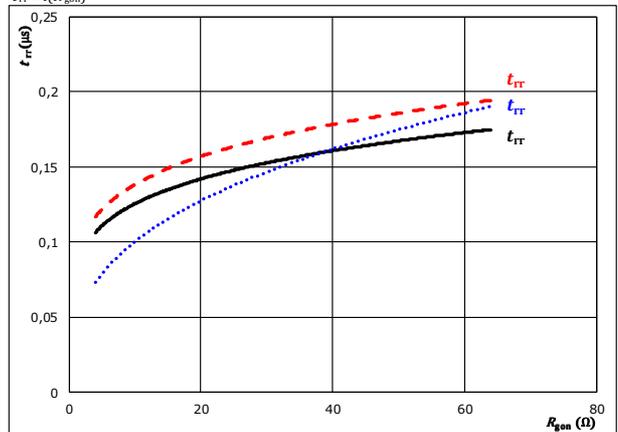
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{g\text{on}} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

- $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (dotted blue line)
- $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (solid black line)
- $150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (dashed red line)

figure 8. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{g\text{on}})$$



With an inductive load at

- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$

- $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (dotted blue line)
- $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (solid black line)
- $150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (dashed red line)

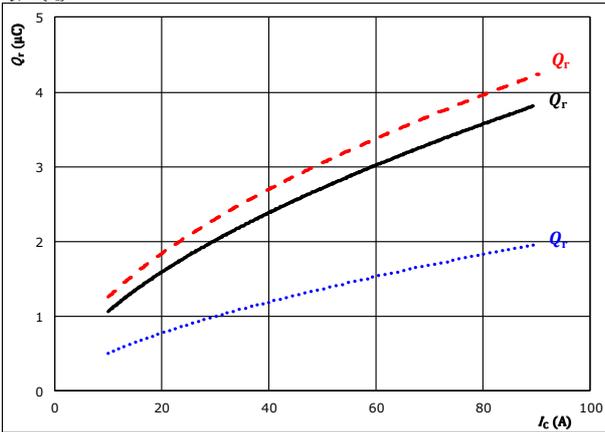


H-Bridge Switching Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

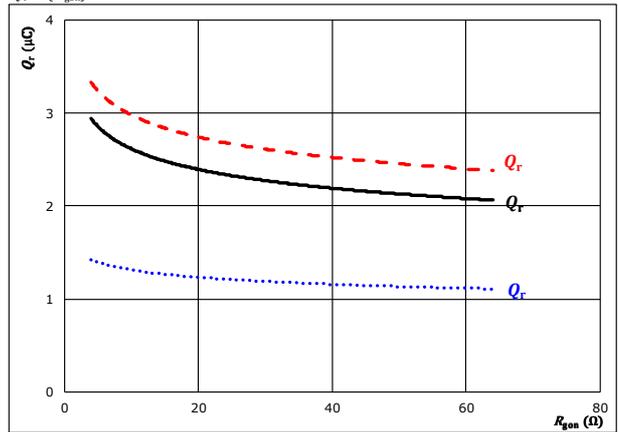


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gpn} = 8$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 10. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gpn})$$

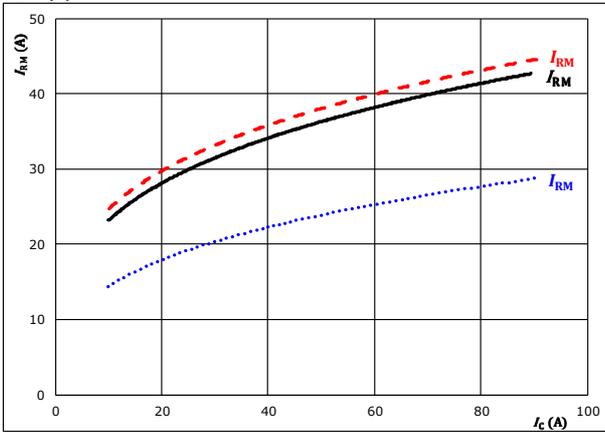


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 50$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 11. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

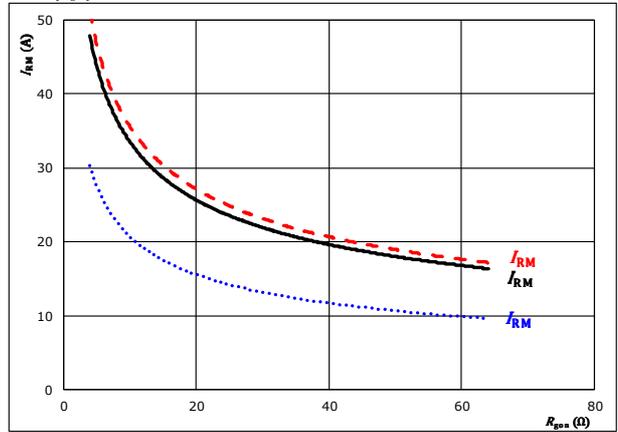


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gpn} = 8$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 12. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gpn})$$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 50$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

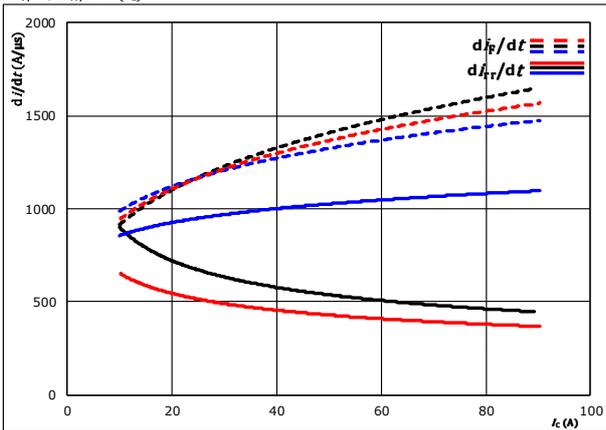


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H-Bridge Switching Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

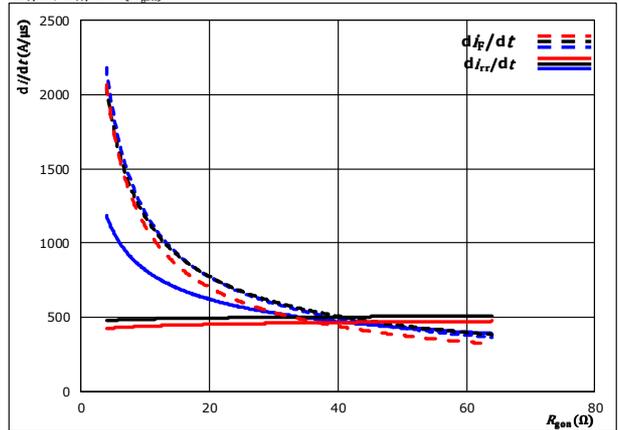
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_{f}/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 8$ Ω
 $T_j = 25$ °C
 150 °C

figure 14. FWD

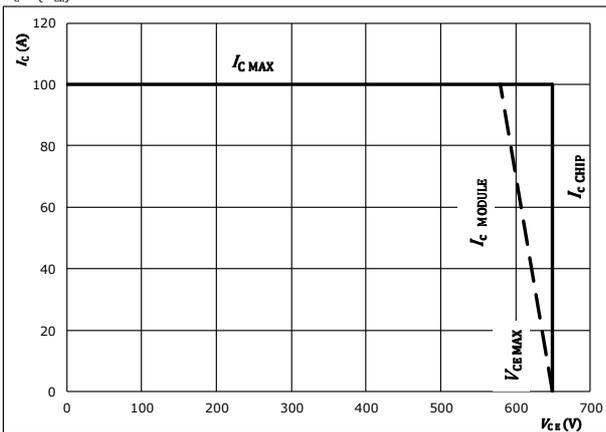
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $di_{f}/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{g\text{on}})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 50$ A
 $T_j = 25$ °C
 150 °C

figure 15. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



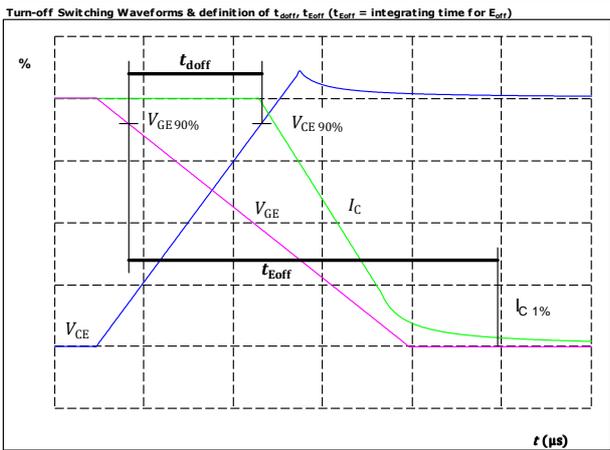
At
 $T_j = 125$ °C
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 8$ Ω
 $R_{g\text{off}} = 8$ Ω



H-Bridge Switching Definitions

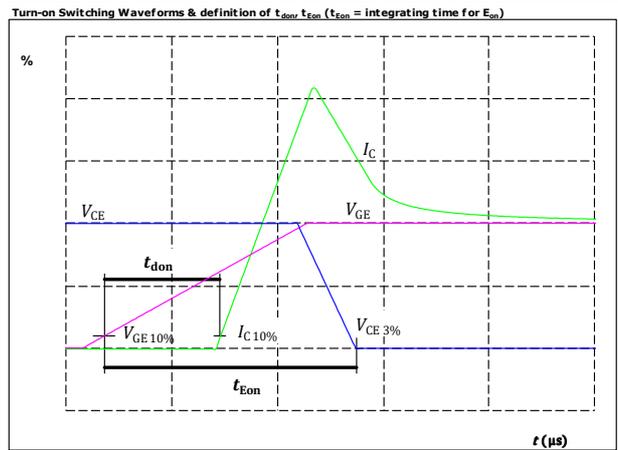
General conditions		
T_j	=	125 °C
R_{gon}	=	8 Ω
R_{goff}	=	8 Ω

figure 1. IGBT



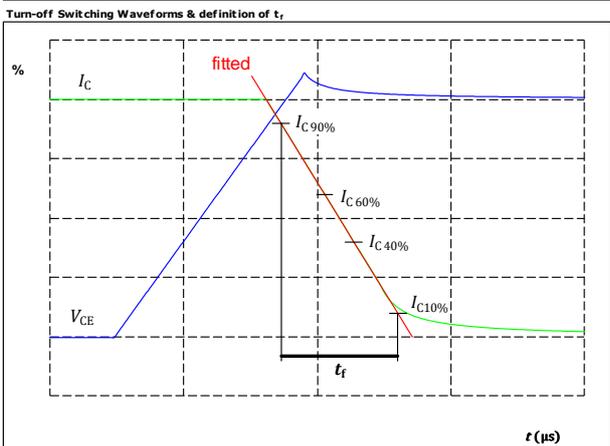
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{doff} =$	99	ns

figure 2. IGBT



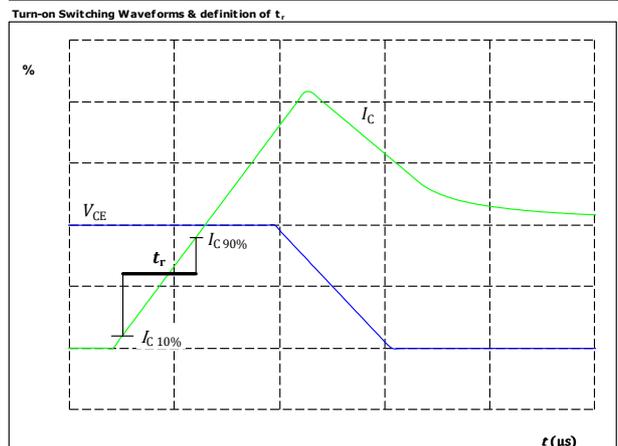
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{don} =$	133	ns

figure 3. IGBT



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_r =$	7	ns

figure 4. IGBT



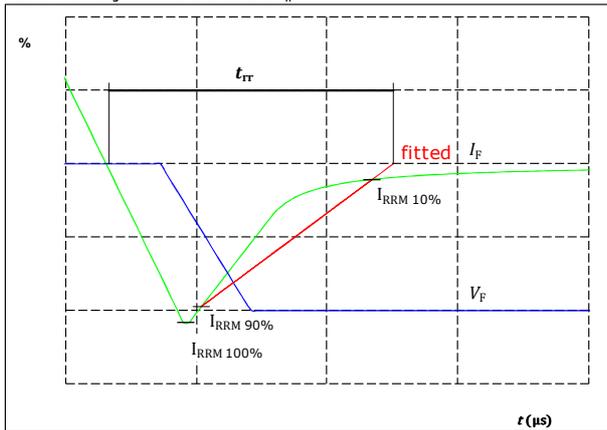
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_r =$	35	ns



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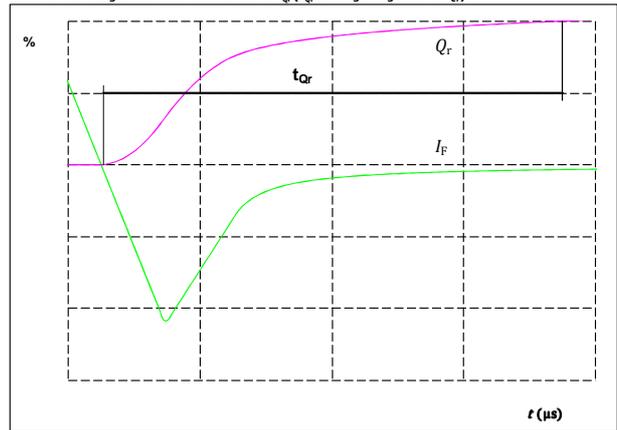
H-Bridge Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



$V_F(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	50	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	36	A
$t_{rr} =$	120	ns

figure 6. FWD
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} ($t_{Qr} =$ integrating time for Q_r)



$I_F(100\%) =$	50	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	2,70	μC



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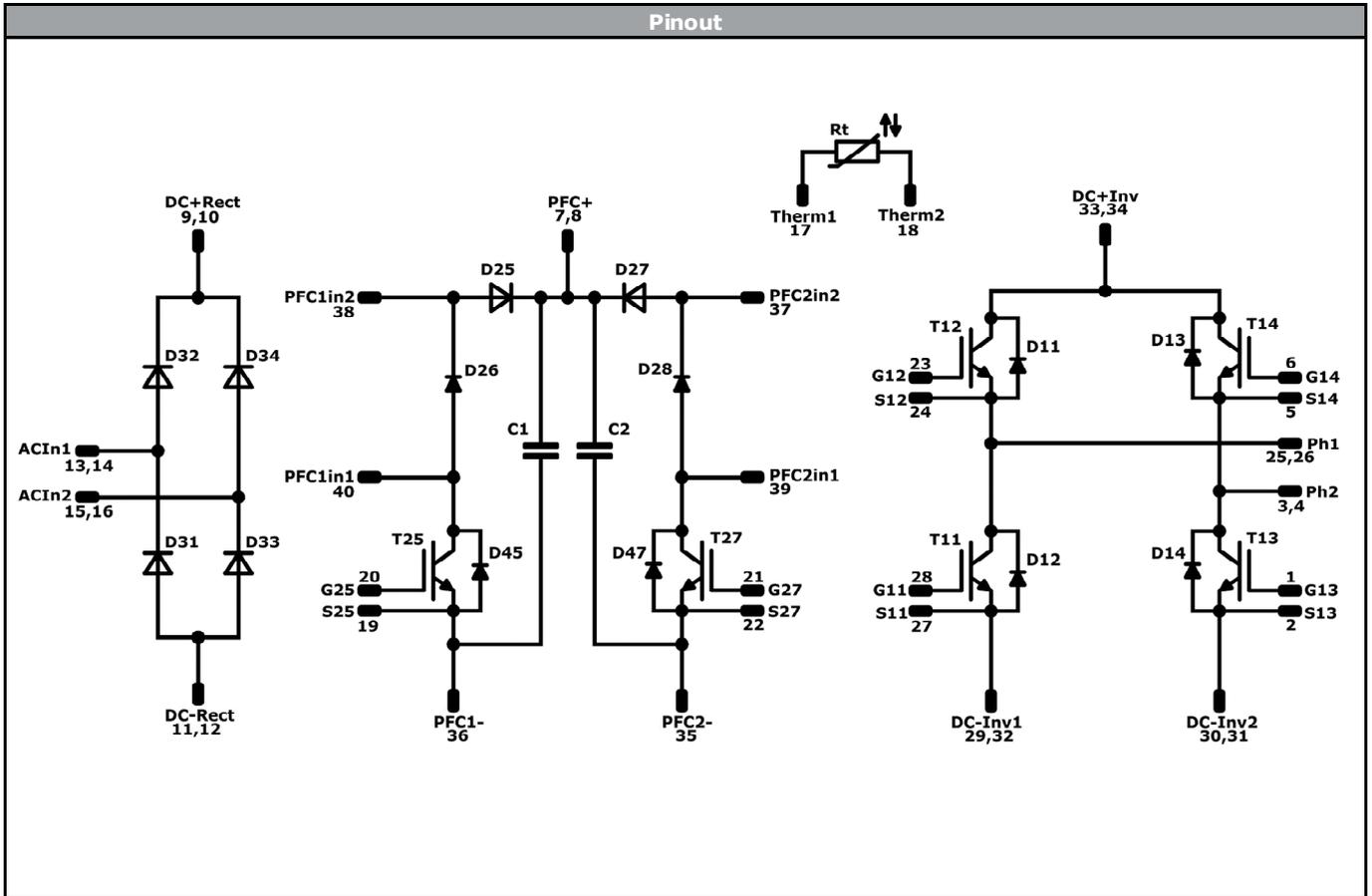
Ordering Code & Marking						
Version			Ordering Code			
without thermal paste 12 mm housing with solder pins			10-FY07ZAA050SM-L514B28			
NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTIV WWYY UL VIN LLLL SSSS						
Text	Name		Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial
	NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTIV		WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS
Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code		
	TTTTTIV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

Pin table				Outline	
Pin	X	Y	Function		
1	52,9	0	G13		
2	49,9	0	S13		
3	41,9	0	Ph2		
4	39,2	0	Ph2		
5	36,2	0	S14		
6	33,2	0	G14		
7	22	0	PFC+		
8	22	3,5	PFC+		
9	13,4	0	DC+Rect		
10	10,7	0	DC+Rect		
11	2,7	0	DC-Rect		
12	0	0	DC-Rect		
13	0	13	ACIn1		
14	0	15,7	ACIn1		
15	0	23,7	ACIn2		
16	0	26,4	ACIn2		
17	7,7	28,8	Therm1		
18	10,7	28,8	Therm2		
19	14,6	28,8	S25		
20	17,6	28,8	G25		
21	20,6	28,8	G27		
22	23,6	28,8	S27		
23	33,2	28,8	G12		
24	36,2	28,8	S12		
25	39,2	28,8	Ph1		
26	41,9	28,8	Ph1		
27	49,9	28,8	S11		
28	52,9	28,8	G11		
29	49,8	15,9	DC-Inv1		
30	49,8	12,9	DC-Inv2		
31	52,9	12,9	DC-Inv2		
32	52,9	15,9	DC-Inv1		
33	41,8	14,4	DC+Inv		
34	39,1	14,4	DC+Inv		
35	29,2	9,2	PFC2-		
36	15	9,2	PFC1-		
37	25	17,4	PFC2in2		
38	16,5	17	PFC1in2		
39	25	20,9	PFC2in1		
40	17	20,5	PFC1in1		

Tolerance of pinpositions: ±0,5mm at the end of pins
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



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Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
D31, D32, D33, D34	Rectifier	1600 V	50 A	Rectifier Diode	
T25, T27	IGBT	650 V	30 A	PFC Switch	
D25, D27	FWD	650 V	30 A	PFC Diode	
T11, T12, T13, T14	IGBT	650 V	50 A	H-Bridge Switch	
D11, D12, D13, D14	FWD	650 V	40 A	H-Bridge Diode	
D26, D28	FWD	650 V	10 A	Current Transformer Protection Diode	
D45, D47	FWD	650 V	10 A	PFC Sw. Protection Diode	
C1, C2	Capacitor	630 V		Capacitor (DC)	
Rt	NTC			Thermistor	



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Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 100	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-FY07ZAA050SM-L514B28-D1-14	17 Dec. 2018		

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.