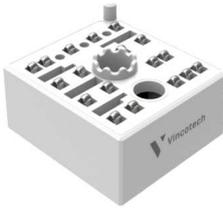
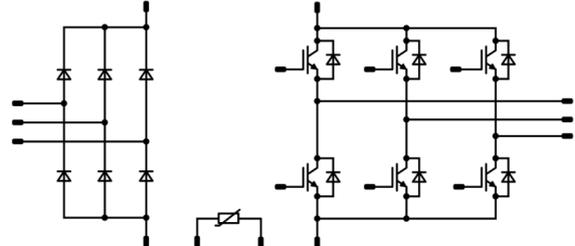




Vincotech

MiniSkiiP® PIM 0	1200 V / 10 A
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #cccccc; margin: 0;">Features</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> IGBT M7 with low V_{CEsat} and improved EMC behavior Solder-free spring contact technology Built in PTC </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #cccccc; margin: 0;">Target applications</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Industrial Drives </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #cccccc; margin: 0;">Types</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 80-M012PNA010M7-K619C71 </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #cccccc; margin: 0;">MiniSkiiP® 0 housing</p>  </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #cccccc; margin: 0;">Schematic</p>  </div>

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Rectifier Diode				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}		1600	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	35	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	50 Hz Single Half Sine Wave $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	200	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		200	A ² s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	51	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		150	°C



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Inverter Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	14	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	20	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	67	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Inverter Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	14	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}		20	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	53	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	5500	V
		AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance		With std lid For more information see handling instructions	6,3	mm
Clearance		With std lid For more information see handling instructions	6,3	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	

*100 % tested in production



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Rectifier Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F			25	25 125		1,22 1,21	1,75	V
Reverse leakage current	I_r		1600		25 145			50 1100	μ A

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5$ W/mK (HPTP)					1,37		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	
Inverter Switch										
Static										
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$			0,001	25	5,4	6	6,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CESat}		15		10	25 125 150		1,66 1,90 1,96	1,95	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			55	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			500	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							none		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							2000		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}		0	10		25		86		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							23		
Gate charge	Q_g		15	600	10	25		80		nC
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5$ W/mK (HPTP)						1,41		K/W
Dynamic										
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		128 126 123		ns
Rise time	t_r	$R_{goff} = 32 \Omega$ $R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$				25 125 150		29 32 34		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		±15	600	10	25 125 150		145 179 182		
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		98 108 117		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{iFWD} = 1,1 \mu C$ $Q_{iFWD} = 1,7 \mu C$ $Q_{iFWD} = 1,8 \mu C$				25 125 150		0,883 1,125 1,189		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		0,656 0,860 0,908		



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Inverter Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F			10	25 125 150		1,61 1,69 1,69	2,1		V
Reverse leakage current	I_R		1200		25			25		μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5$ W/mK (HPTP)					1,80			K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}				25 125 150		9 9 9			A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}				25 125 150		254 373 409			ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt = 278$ A/μs $di/dt = 270$ A/μs $di/dt = 272$ A/μs	±15	600	10	25 125 150	1,088 1,664 1,808			μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}				25 125 150		0,374 0,620 0,680			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		85 54 49			A/μs
Thermistor										
Rated resistance	R				25		1			kΩ
Deviation of R_{100}	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1670$ Ω			100	-2		+2		%
R_{100}	R				100		1670			Ω
Power dissipation constant					25		0,76			mW/K
A-value	$A_{(25/50)}$				25		$7,635 \cdot 10^{-3}$			1/K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$				25		$1,731 \cdot 10^{-5}$			1/K ²
Vincotech PTC Reference								E		



Rectifier Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD
Typical forward characteristics

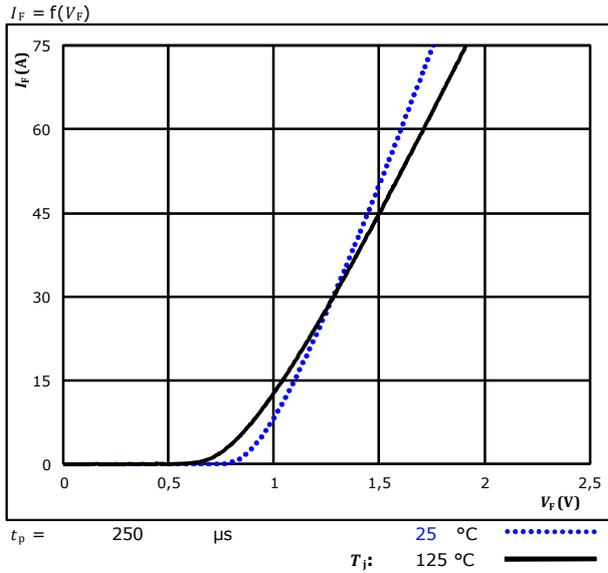
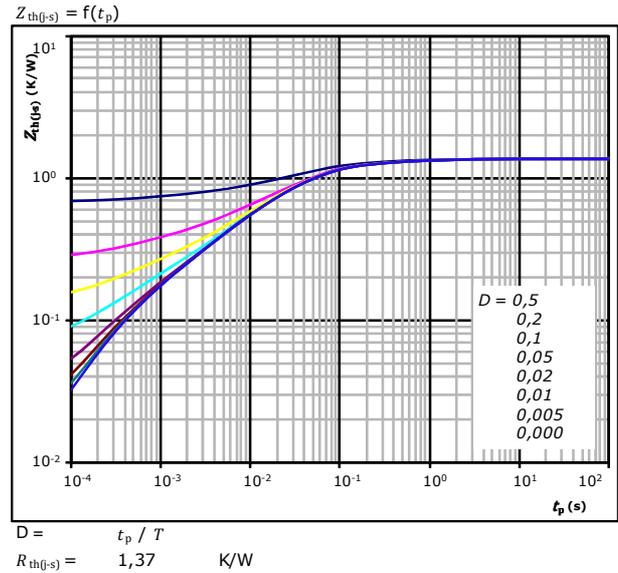


figure 2. FWD
Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width



Diode thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,75E-02	1,56E+00
1,34E-01	2,41E-01
6,34E-01	4,40E-02
3,25E-01	9,85E-03
1,24E-01	2,12E-03
8,72E-02	3,56E-04
8,72E-02	3,56E-04

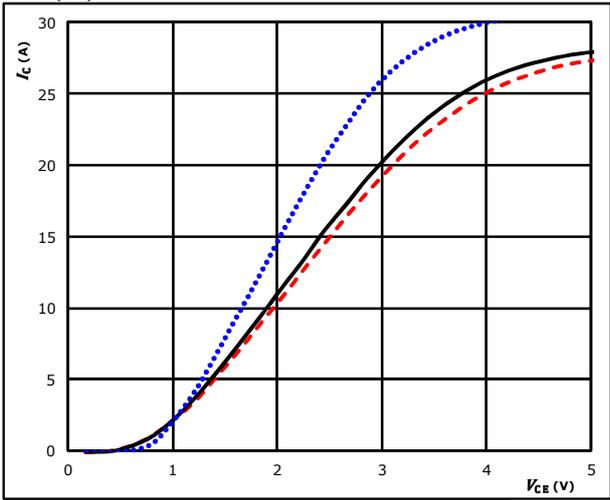


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

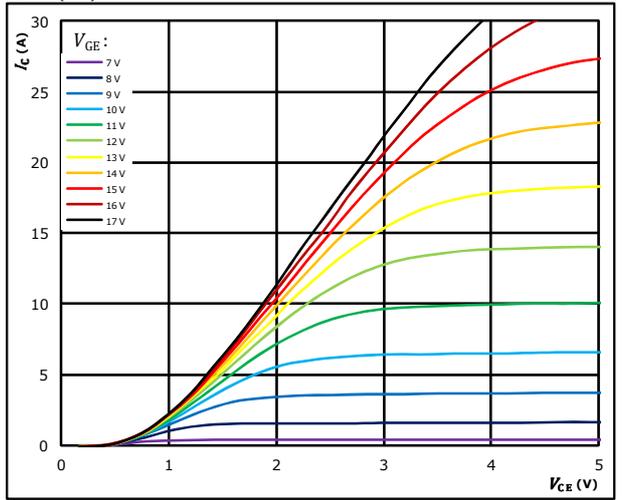


$t_p = 250 \mu s$ $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$ (dotted blue)
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$ $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$ (solid black)
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$ (dashed red)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

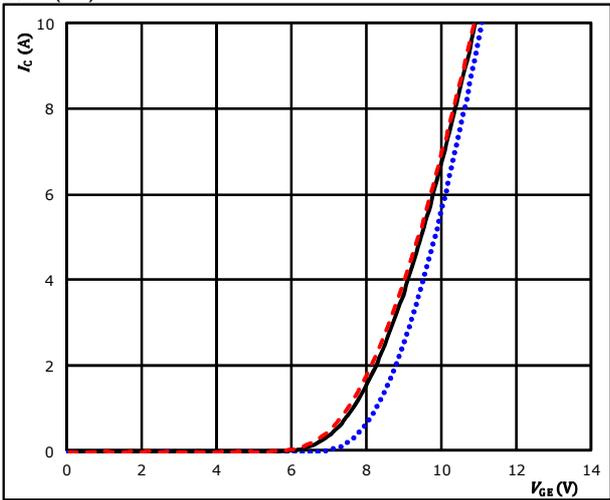


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

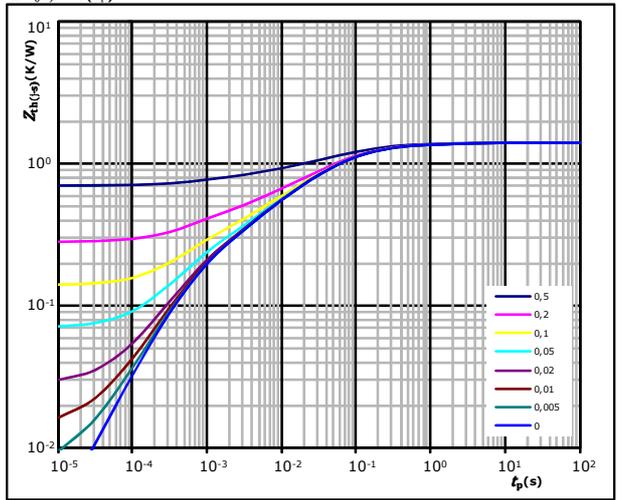


$t_p = 100 \mu s$ $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$ (dotted blue)
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$ $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$ (solid black)
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$ (dashed red)

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,41 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,61E-02	1,89E+00
1,81E-01	2,00E-01
5,32E-01	4,93E-02
3,21E-01	1,08E-02
1,59E-01	2,58E-03
1,49E-01	4,46E-04

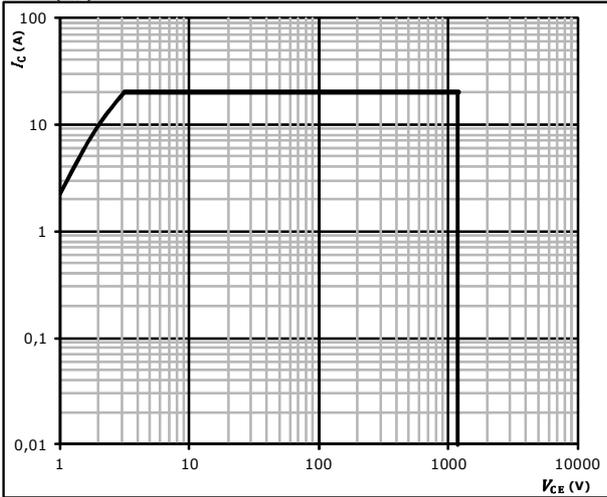


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



- $D =$ single pulse
- $T_s =$ 80 °C
- $V_{GE} =$ ±15 V
- $T_j =$ T_{jmax}

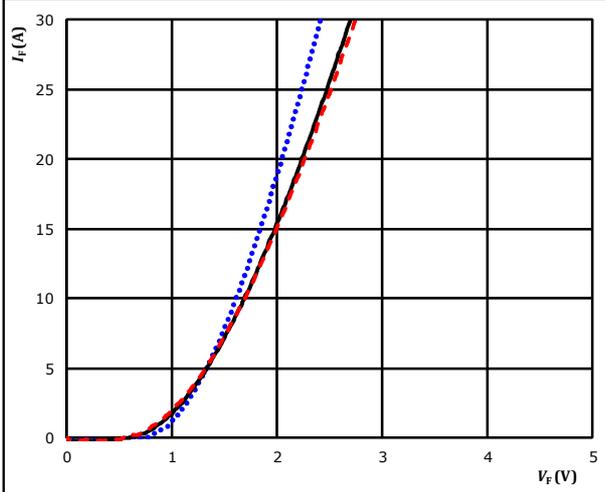


Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

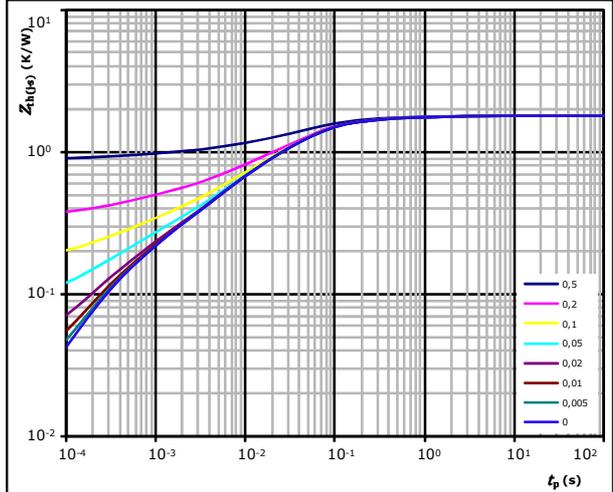


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C ———
 150 °C - - - -

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,80$ K/W
 FWD thermal model values

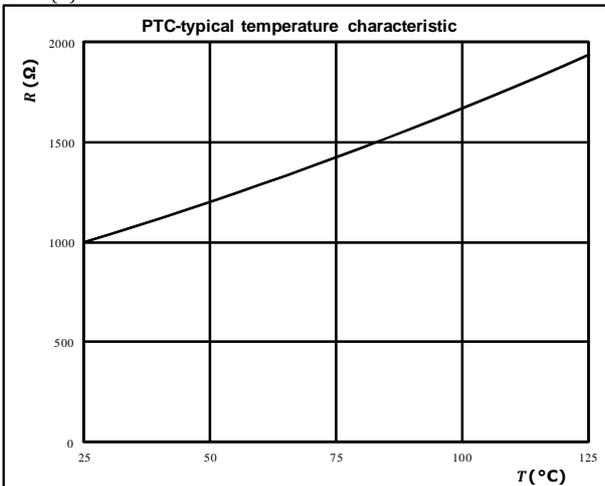
R (K/W)	τ (s)
9,72E-02	1,16E+00
2,38E-01	1,67E-01
9,04E-01	4,46E-02
3,13E-01	8,53E-03
1,25E-01	2,30E-03
1,19E-01	3,66E-04

Thermistor Characteristics

figure 1. Thermistor

Typical PTC characteristic
as a function of temperature

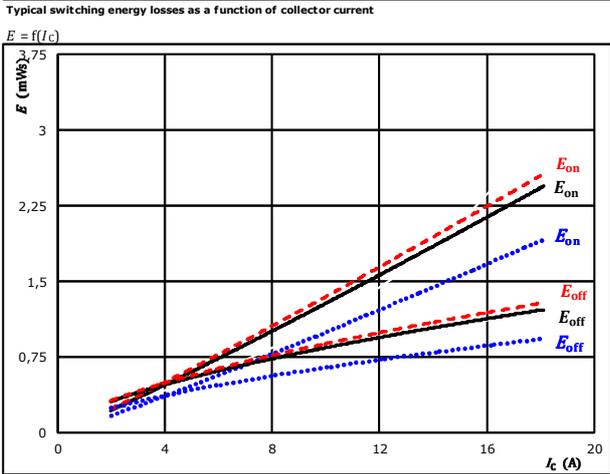
$$R = f(T)$$





Inverter Switching Characteristics

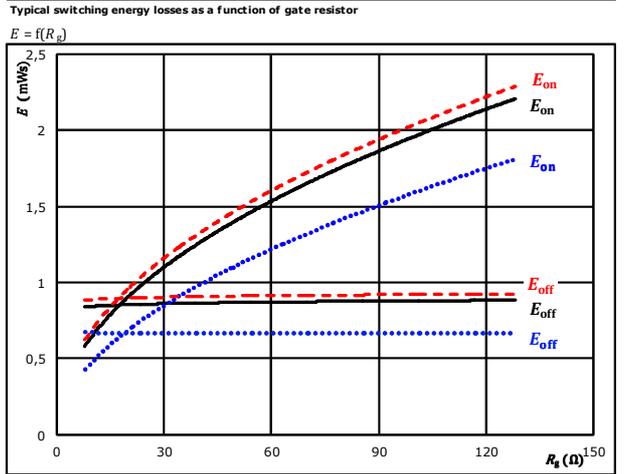
figure 1. IGBT



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j: 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	125 °C	————
$R_{g\text{on}} = 32$ Ω	150 °C	-----
$R_{g\text{off}} = 32$ Ω		

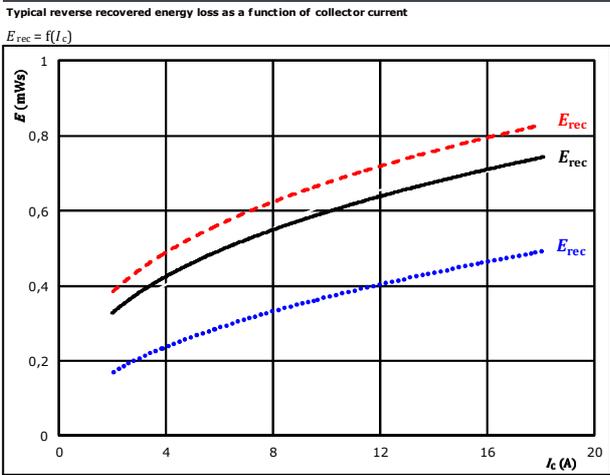
figure 2. IGBT



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j: 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	125 °C	————
$I_c = 10$ A	150 °C	-----

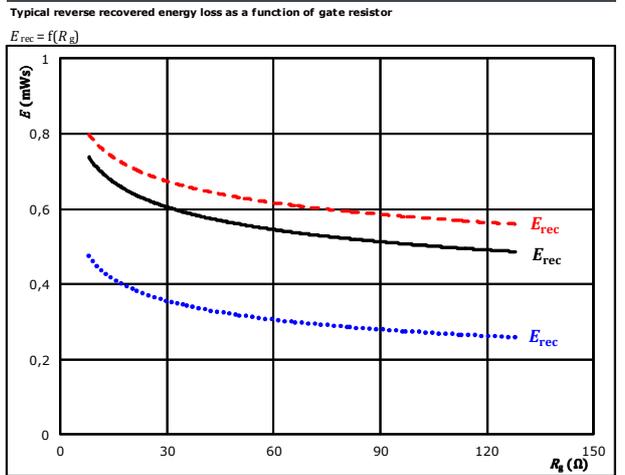
figure 3. FWD



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j: 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	125 °C	————
$R_{g\text{on}} = 32$ Ω	150 °C	-----

figure 4. FWD



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j: 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	125 °C	————
$I_c = 10$ A	150 °C	-----

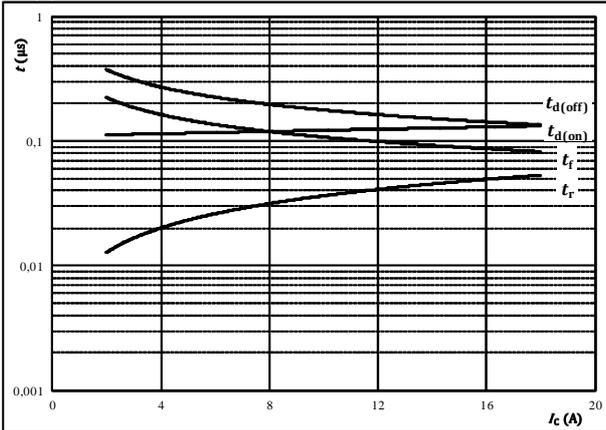


Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



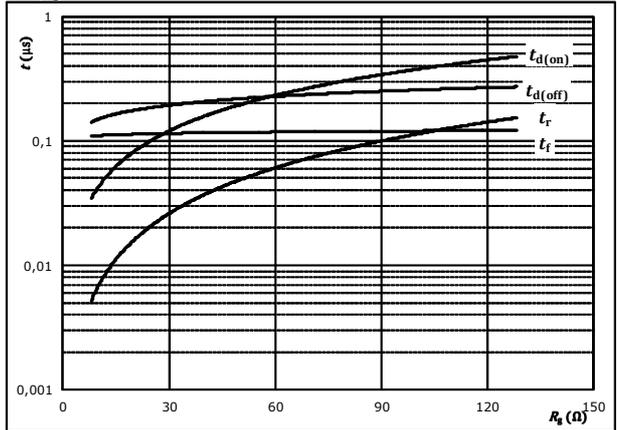
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{g(on)} =$	32	Ω
$R_{g(off)} =$	32	Ω

figure 6. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



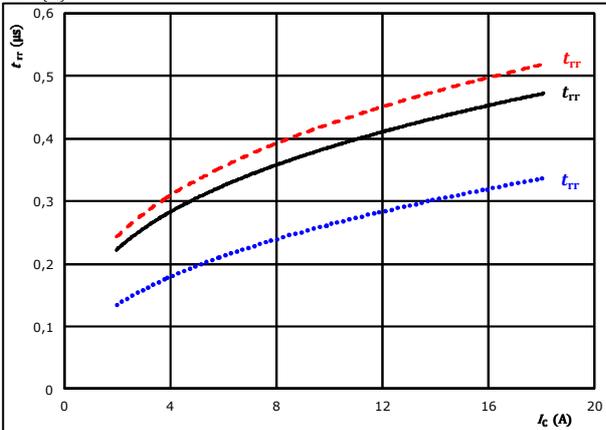
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	10	A

figure 7. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

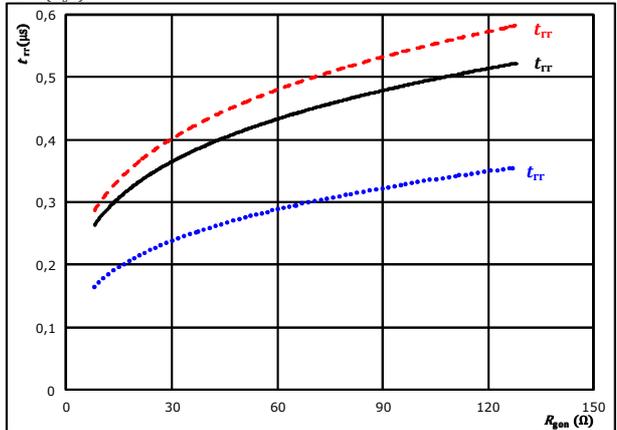


At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$R_{g(on)} =$	32	Ω		150 °C	-----

figure 8. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$$



At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$I_C =$	10	A		150 °C	-----

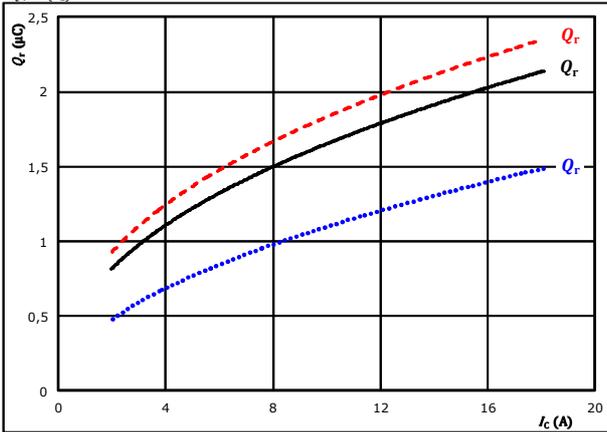


Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

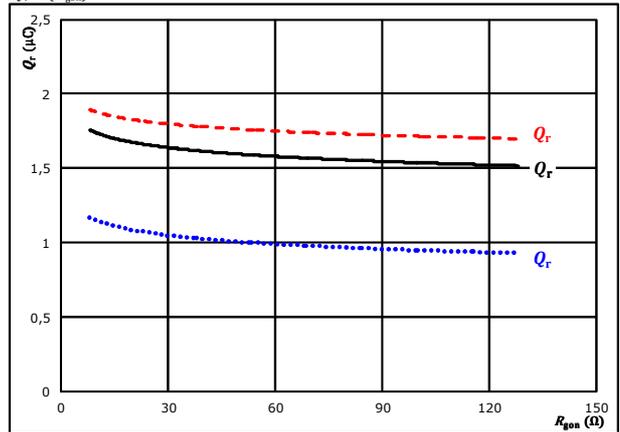


At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C ———
 $R_{gpn} = 32$ Ω $T_j = 150$ °C - - - - -

figure 10. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gpn})$$

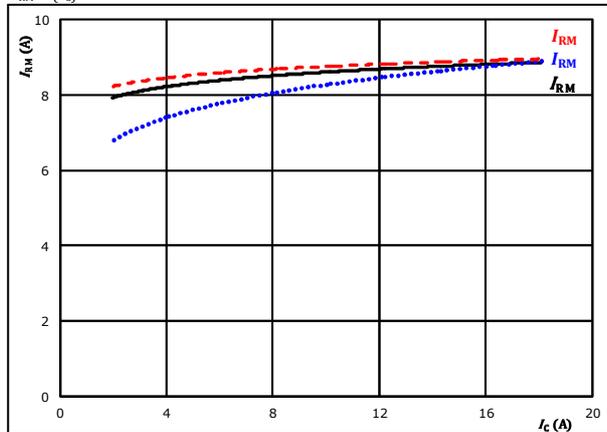


At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C ———
 $I_c = 10$ A $T_j = 150$ °C - - - - -

figure 11. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

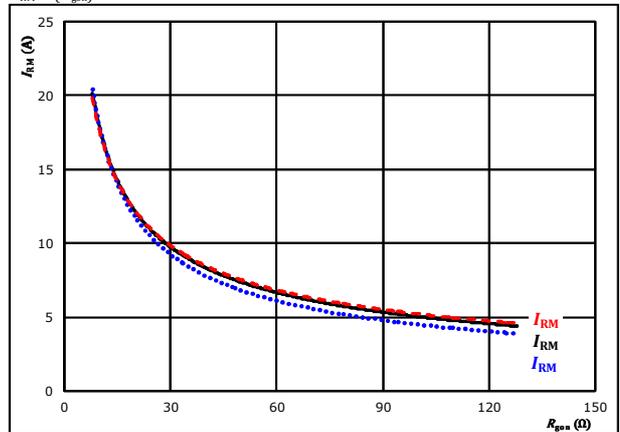


At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C ———
 $R_{gpn} = 32$ Ω $T_j = 150$ °C - - - - -

figure 12. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gpn})$$



At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C ———
 $I_c = 10$ A $T_j = 150$ °C - - - - -

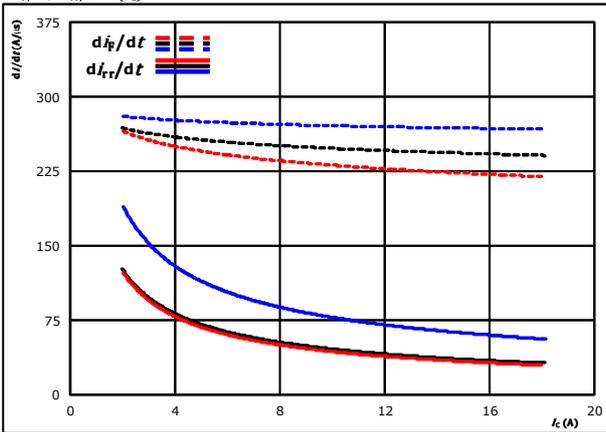


Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$$



At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C $R_{g(on)} = 32$ Ω

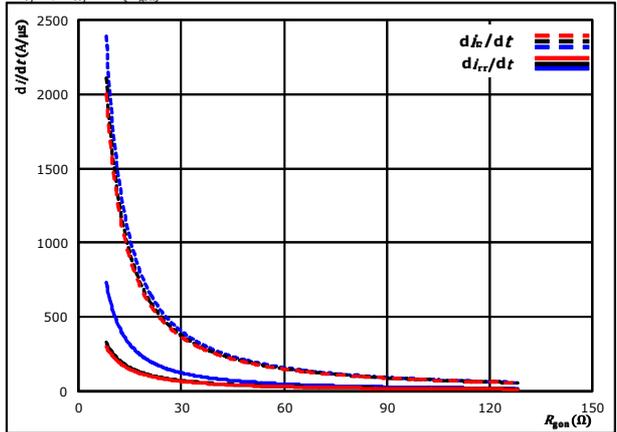
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C

$R_{g(on)} = 32$ Ω $T_j = 150$ °C

figure 14. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{g(on)})$$



At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C $I_c = 10$ A

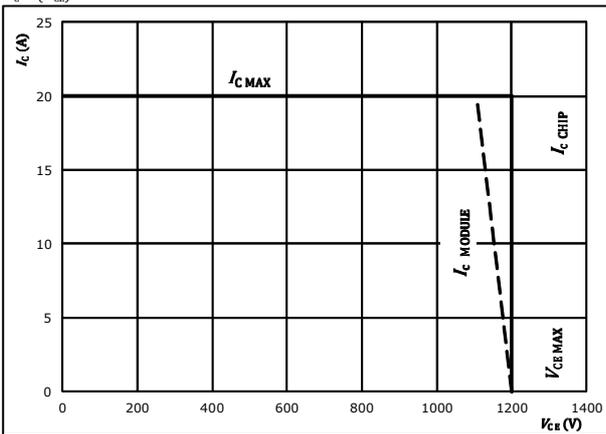
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C

$I_c = 10$ A $T_j = 150$ °C

figure 15. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$$I_c = f(V_{CE})$$



At $T_j = 175$ °C

$R_{g(on)} = 32$ Ω

$R_{g(off)} = 32$ Ω



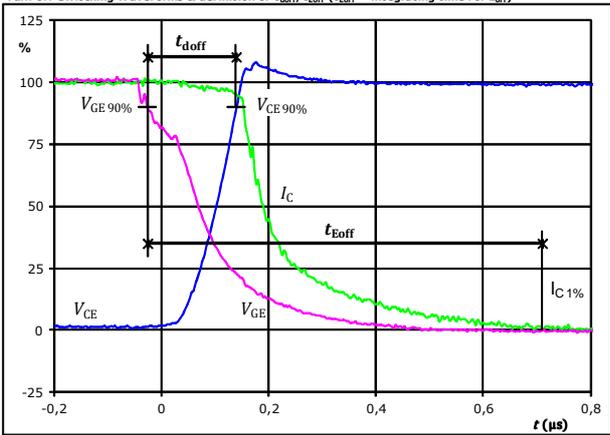
Inverter Switching Definitions

General conditions

T_j	=	125 °C
R_{gon}	=	32 Ω
R_{goff}	=	32 Ω

figure 1. IGBT

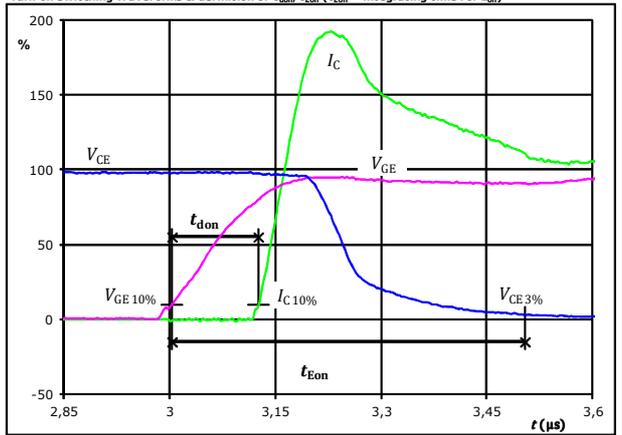
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	10	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,179	μs
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,736	μs

figure 2. IGBT

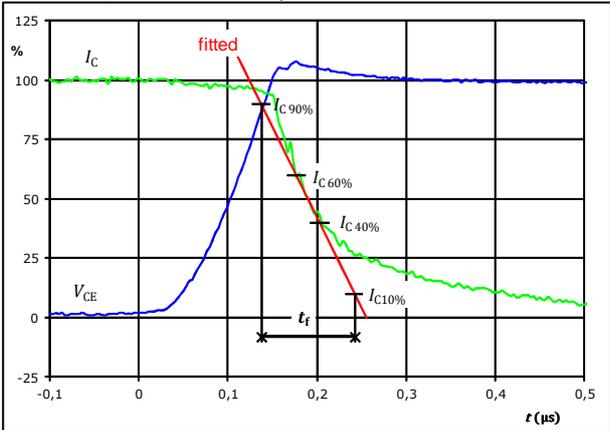
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	10	A
$t_{don} =$	0,126	μs
$t_{Eon} =$	0,501	μs

figure 3. IGBT

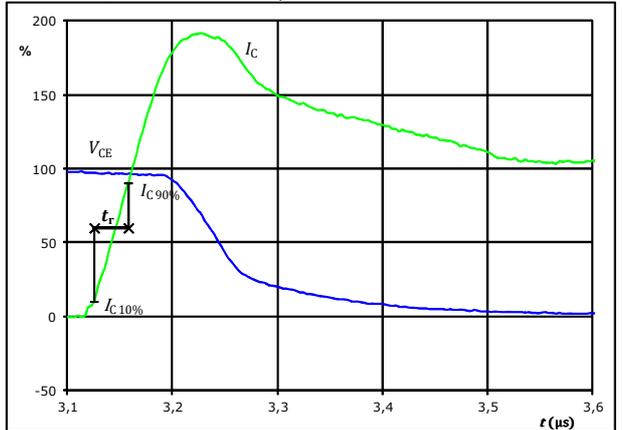
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f



$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	10	A
$t_f =$	0,108	μs

figure 4. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r



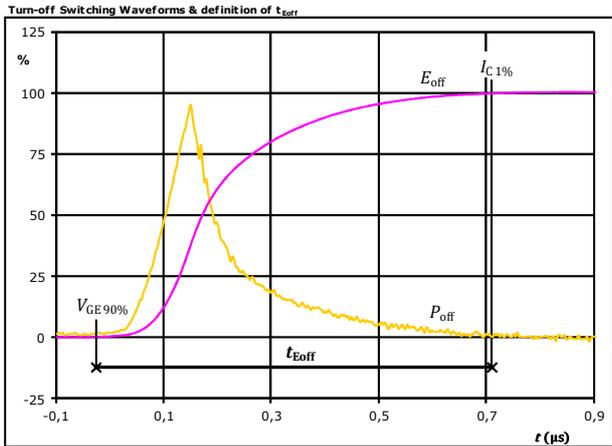
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	10	A
$t_r =$	0,032	μs



Vincotech

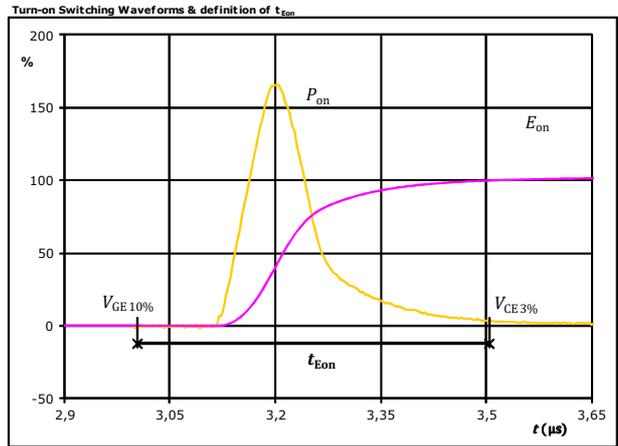
Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT



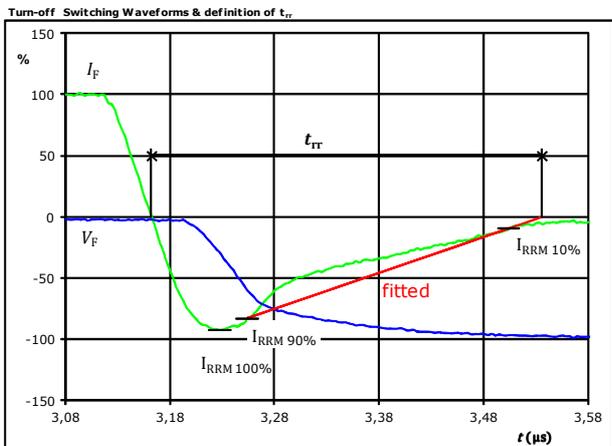
$P_{\text{off}}(100\%) = 6,02 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{\text{off}}(100\%) = 0,86 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{\text{Eoff}} = 0,74 \text{ μs}$

figure 6. IGBT



$P_{\text{on}}(100\%) = 6,02 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{\text{on}}(100\%) = 1,13 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{\text{Eon}} = 0,50 \text{ μs}$

figure 7. FWD



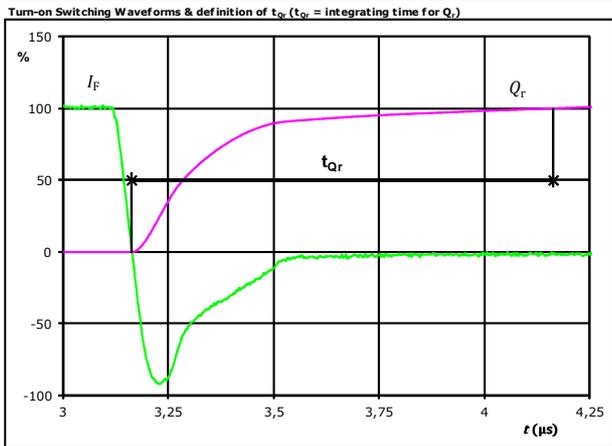
$V_F(100\%) = 600 \text{ V}$
 $I_F(100\%) = 10 \text{ A}$
 $I_{\text{RRM}}(100\%) = -9 \text{ A}$
 $t_{\text{rr}} = 0,373 \text{ μs}$



Vincotech

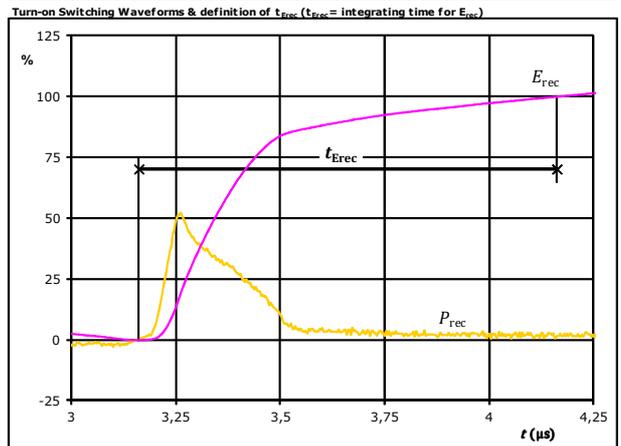
Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 8. FWD



I_F (100%) =	10	A
Q_r (100%) =	1,66	μC
t_{Qr} =	1,00	μs

figure 9. FWD



P_{rec} (100%) =	6,02	kW
E_{rec} (100%) =	0,62	mJ
t_{Erec} =	1,00	μs



Vincotech

Ordering Code & Marking								
Version			Ordering Code					
With std lid (6.5mm height) + no thermal grease			80-M012PNA010M7-K619C71-/0A/					
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + no thermal grease			80-M012PNA010M7-K619C71-/0B/					
With std lid (6.5mm height) + thermal grease (0,8 W/mK, P12, silicone-based)			80-M012PNA010M7-K619C71-/1A/					
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + thermal grease (0,8 W/mK, P12, silicone-based)			80-M012PNA010M7-K619C71-/1B/					
With std lid (6.5mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, TG20032, silicone-free)			80-M012PNA010M7-K619C71-/4A/					
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, TG20032, silicone-free)			80-M012PNA010M7-K619C71-/4B/					
With std lid (6.5mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, HPTP, silicone-based)			80-M012PNA010M7-K619C71-/5A/					
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, HPTP, silicone-based)			80-M012PNA010M7-K619C71-/5B/					
NN-NNNNNNNN NNNN-TTTTTT VIN LLLLL WWYY SSSS UL			Text	Name	Type&Ver	Date code	VIN & Lot	Serial&UL
				NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN	TTTTTTVV	WWYY	VIN LLLLL	SSSS UL
			Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code	
			TTTTTTW	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

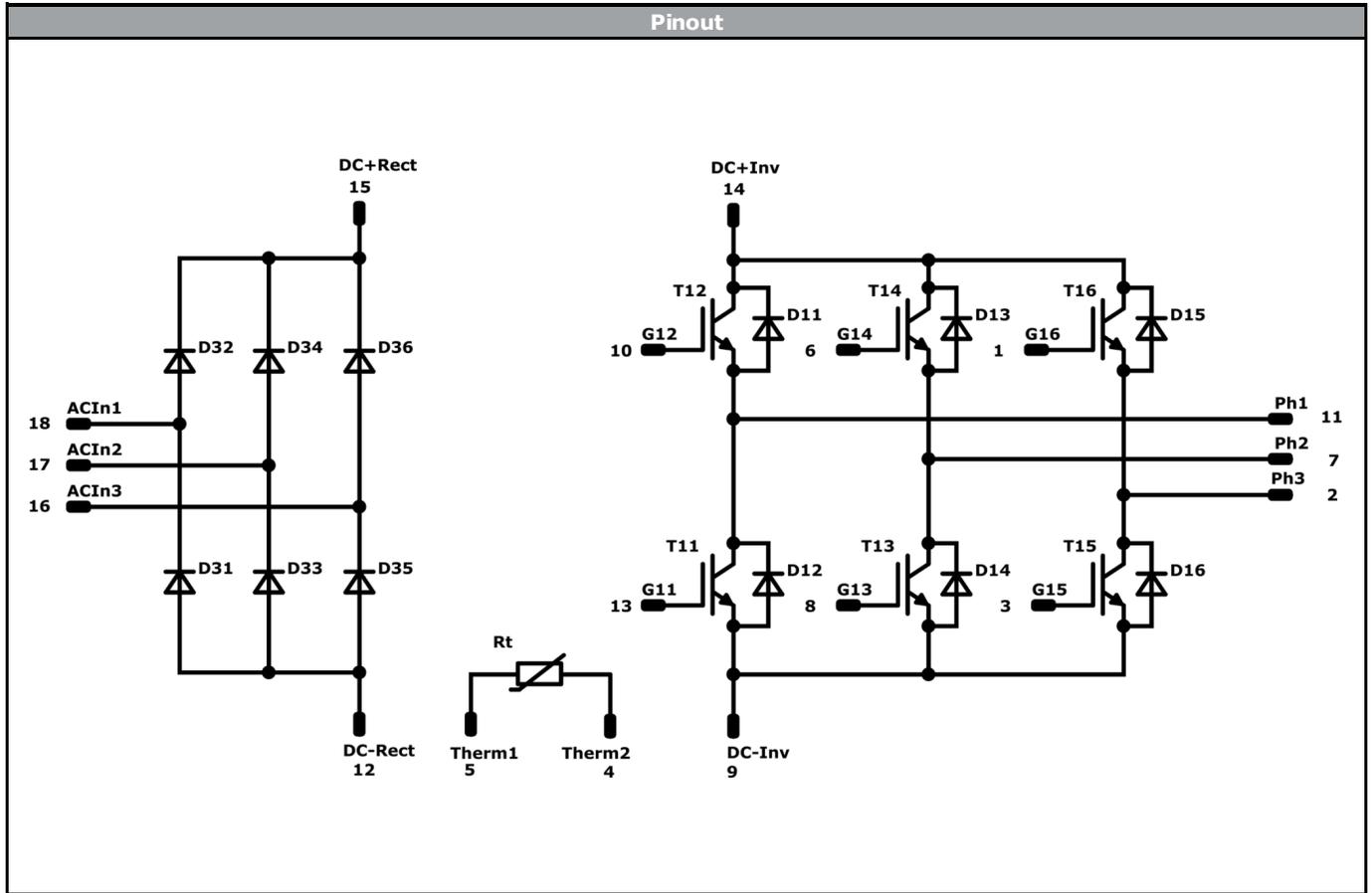
PCB pad table			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	11,93	-11,5	G16
2	11,93	-6,9	Ph3
3	11,93	4,71	G15
4	11,93	8,3	Therm2
5	11,93	11,5	Therm1
6	4,33	-11,5	G14
7	4,33	-5,8	Ph2
8	4,33	6,95	G13
9	4,33	10,15	DC-Inv
10	-3,27	-11,5	G12
11	-3,27	-5,8	Ph1
12	-3,27	5,5	DC-Rect
13	-3,27	11,5	G11
14	-11,07	-11,5	DC+Inv
15	-11,07	-8,3	DC+Rect
16	-11,07	-1,68	ACIn3
17	-11,07	4,93	ACIn2
18	-11,07	11,5	ACIn1

Outline

Pad positions refers to center point. For more informations on pad design please see package data



Vincotech



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
D31-D36	Rectifier	1600 V	25 A	Rectifier Diode	
T11-T16	IGBT	1200 V	10 A	Inverter Switch	
D11-D16	FWD	1200 V	10 A	Inverter Diode	
Rt	NTC			Thermistor	



Vincotech

Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 198	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for MiniSkiiP® 0 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for MiniSkiiP® 0 packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
80-M012PNA010M7-K619C71-D1-14	06 Nov. 2017		

DISCLAIMER

The information, specifications, procedures, methods and recommendations herein (together "information") are presented by Vincotech to reader in good faith, are believed to be accurate and reliable, but may well be incomplete and/or not applicable to all conditions or situations that may exist or occur. Vincotech reserves the right to make any changes without further notice to any products to improve reliability, function or design. No representation, guarantee or warranty is made to reader as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of said information or that the application or use of any of the same will avoid hazards, accidents, losses, damages or injury of any kind to persons or property or that the same will not infringe third parties rights or give desired results. It is reader's sole responsibility to test and determine the suitability of the information and the product for reader's intended use.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

Vincotech products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of Vincotech.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.